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TERMS DEFINITIONS ABBREVIATIONS SYMBOLS AND UNITS FOR ELECTRICAL CONNECTORS

ESCC Basic Specification No. 2133400

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1 SCOPE

This specification forms part of ESCC Basic Specification No. 21300, Terms, Definitions, Abbreviations, Symbols and Units, and covers electrical connectors.

Preferred terms have been given definitions, but non-preferred terms have only a cross reference back to the preferred term.

2 TERMS, DEFINITIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS

2.1 CONNECTOR

Connector A component which terminates conductors for the purpose of providing

connection with and disconnection from a suitable mating component. Connectors may be plugs or receptacles. A plug and a receptacle

connected together form a mating set.

Fixed Connector See Receptacle.

Free Connector See Plug.

Plug A connector for attachment to the end of a cable or daughter board and

featuring the active part of the coupling mechanism (if any).

Receptacle A connector for attachment to a rigid surface or mother board.

2.2 GENERAL TERMS

Circular A connector which is basically cylindrical and has a mating face with a

basically circular periphery.

Coaxial A connector having conductors with a common axis. Their property is to

prevent the radiation of electromagnetic interference to and from the internal conductor. The centre contact defines the "sex" of coaxial

connectors.

Interchangeability This term only applies to mating connector sets. Mating connector sets

are interchangeable when they have the same performance and physical

installation.

Intermateability This term only applies to individual connectors. Connectors are

intermateable when plugs and receptacles qualified to the same or different Detail Specifications are capable of being mated, guaranteeing

the required performance of the mated set.

Rectangular A connector which is basically rectangular and has a basically rectangular

mating face.

Saver A connector presenting one mating end on each side and used for

preventing satellite/spacecraft flight model connectors from too many

couplings and uncouplings during ground testing.

NOTES:

Not to be used in Space.



Style A particular connector within a type, e.g. rectangular, flange-mounting.

Type A connector within a particular subfamily, e.g. edge-socket connector, a

mated set comprising a board-mounted connector and its counterpart.

2.3 SPECIFIC TECHNICAL TERMS

2.3.1 Connector Terms

Adapter Connector A component to permit electrical connection(s) between two or more

connectors where direct connection is mechanically impossible.

Back Mounting A component with its mounting flange behind the mounting surface when

looking at the mating face or front side of the component.

Bayonet Connector A quick disconnect connector having a bayonet coupling mechanism.

Bayonet Coupling A quick, rotary coupling device for mating connectors, utilising projections

(bayonets) riding in ramps and providing jacking and locking features with

limited rotation.

Board Mounting See PCB Connector.

Body A connector less its contacts.

Coupling Ring A cylindrical device used for coupling and uncoupling mating connectors.

Environmental See Environment Resistant.

Environment A connector provided with means for protection against moisture,

Resistant temperature and contaminants.

Filter Connector equipped with filter contacts.

Float Mount A fixed connector with mounting means permitting movement to facilitate

alignment with a mating connector.

Front That end of a connector which is the mating face.

Front Mounting A component with its mounting flange in front of the mounting surface

when looking at the mating face or front end of the component.

Ground Plane A plate which is contained between 2 parts of the insert and which has

tines which make contact with the capacitive elements of filter contacts or the body of grounded contacts, thereby interconnecting these elements to a common ground. It may also present a common ground between filter

contacts and the shell.

Guide Pin A pin or rod extending beyond the mating face of a connector, designed to

guide the coupling or assembly of the connector to ensure proper mating

of the contacts.

Guide Post See Guide Pin.

Hermetic A connector having hermetic seals between contacts and insert and insert

and housing (shell).

Hermetic Seal A seal is hermetic when the specified rate of leakage is several orders of

magnitude smaller than that of a barrier seal.



Push-Pull Coupling

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Housing That part of a connector into which the insert and contacts are assembled. **Hybrid Connector** A connector having provision for alternative contact types in discrete positions. Insert An insulating element designed to support and position contacts in a connector housing. **Insert Arrangement** See Contact Arrangement (within the Contact and Termination Terms Para.). Interface The insert surfaces of a pair of connectors that face each other when mated. By extension, interface dimensions means dimensions of all elements (3D) that face each other on mating connectors. Interfacial Seal A seal provided at the interface of connectors to prevent the ingress of moisture or contaminants when they are mated. Jack Screw System A device comprising a set of captive screws and nuts used to couple and uncouple mating components. It may also provide a polarisation facility. A projection which engages with a keyway to guide, align and possibly Key polarise a component during mating. Keyway A slot or groove in which a key engages. Mating End See Front. Mating & Unmating The force required to fully engage or separate a pair of mating **Forces** components, including the effect of a coupling, locking or similar device. Moulding Body A connector that does not have an external shell. Mounting Flange A projection from a component for the purpose of attaching the component to a rigid surface. Orientation The angular position of an insert within a circular shell constituting the whole or part of a connector polarising system; identification of the orientation is from a specific datum point on the interface to a specific datum on the shell, such as a major key or keyway. Panel Seal A seal provided between a component and a panel. **PCB** Connector A connector suitable for permanent attachment to a Printed Circuit Board (PCB). Peripheral Seal A seal at the periphery of an insert. Polarisation The provision of features to ensure the correct alignment of connectors during mating and to prevent accidental mating of similar connectors. The sealing of the cable end of a connector with a fluid compound that Potting sets to exclude air, moisture and contaminants. Push-Pull Connector A quick disconnect connector having a push-pull coupling mechanism or where mate and unmate is performed by a push-pull action.

A quick, axial coupling device with self-locking and unlocking features. Unlocking is achieved by an axial pull on the coupling ring. Locking is

achieved by an axial push on the coupling ring.



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unmating.

Rack and Panel 1 of 2 mating fixed connectors intended to provide a connection between

a unit and its mounting rack and having an alignment device to ensure correct mating; it normally has no coupling device and is mated by the

movement between the unit and the rack.

Rear The wiring end of a connector.

Retention Clip A device used to retain elements of a connector other than the contacts.

Scoop-Proof A connector incorporating features preventing its contacts, either male or

female, from being touched by the front of the mating connector.

Sealing The ability of a component to resist the ingress of contaminants.

Sealing Barrier A seal provided between shell and insert, insert and contacts, and insert

and cable insulation.

Shell See Housing.

Shielded (coaxial in the case of conductor)

A connector designed to prevent the radiation of electromagnetic

interference to and from the internal conductor(s).

Single Hole Mounting A method of mounting a component which has a shoulder and a retaining

device, through a single hole in a panel.

Solder Mount A method of mounting an hermetic receptacle to a bulkhead.

Threaded Coupling A means of coupling and uncoupling mating connectors by threads in a

coupling ring engaged with threads on a receptacle.

Torque Force at a defined radius necessary to mate and unmate bayonet or

thread coupling connectors, or accessory screws.

Twist Pull Coupling A quick coupling device with locking and unlocking features for securing

mating connectors by rotation of the coupling ring, and releasing by axial

operation of the coupling ring.

Umbilical Connector A connector, used to connect a cable to a vehicle, that is separated

automatically before or during the initial movement of the vehicle.

2.3.2 <u>Contact and Termination Terms</u>

Barrel The section of the contact that accommodates the conductor (normally

applies to crimp contacts).

Bucket See Solder Bucket.

Contact The conductive element in a component which mates with a

corresponding element to provide an electrical path.

Contact Arrangement The number, spacing and configuration of contacts in a connector.

Contact Resistance The electrical resistance of a mating set of contacts under specified

conditions.

Contact Retainer A device, either on the contact or in the connector insert, to retain the

contact in the insert.



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Crimp Contact A contact having a barrel designed to be crimped.

Crimping A method of permanently attaching a termination to a conductor by

pressure deformation or by reshaping the barrel around the conductor to

establish good electrical and mechanical connection.

Engagement End That end of a contact which mates with a contact in another connector.

Engagement Force See Force, Engagement and Separation.

Female A contact intended to make electrical engagement on its inner surface and

which will accept entry of a male contact.

Filter Contact A contact containing a filter to discriminate against certain frequencies.

Force, Engagement and Separation

Force necessary to introduce a male contact into, or remove it from, a

female contact.

Force, Insertion and Withdrawal

The force required to fully insert or withdraw a contact into its insert cavity and lock it in place or unlock it.

NOTES:

Applicable to removable contacts only.

Front Release A removable contact in which release is effected from the mating face.

Inspection Hole A hole provided in the crimp barrel to permit visual inspection to ensure

that the conductor has been inserted to the proper depth before and after

crimping.

Male A contact having an engagement end that makes contact by insertion into

the female contact.

Pin See Male.

Rear Release A removable contact in which release is effected from the rear.

Removable Contacts
Contacts that can be installed into or removed from an insert by means of

a special tooling.

Retaining Clip See Contact Retainer.

Retention Force The maximum permissible force which, if exerted axially on the contact,

does not displace the contact permanently from its intended position in the

insert or destroy the ability of the contact retainer to function.

Separation Force See Force, Engagement and Separation.

Size The designation used to differentiate between contacts. It may be denoted

by one of the following systems:

(a) Numbering System:

Assigned numbers used to denote the size of the contact and its

related conductor (Wire Gauge) accommodation.

(b) Current Rating System:

The related current-carrying capacity is used to denote the size of

the contact.

(c) Cross-Sectional Area System:

Reference is made to the cross-sectional area of the maximum conductor accommodation to denote the size of the contact.



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Sleeve A protective cylindrical element, which is an integral part of a female

contact, to prevent damage.

Socket See Female.

Solder Bucket Section of a contact that accommodates the conductor for soldering.

Solder Contact A contact designed for accepting the soldering of a conductor.

Solderless A joint between conductors achieved by mechanical pressure without the Connection use of solder or any method requiring heat, e.g. crimp joint, wrap joint.

Solderless Wrap Joint A joint achieved solely by wrapping a wire conductor around a post having

sharp edges.

Wire Range The sizes of conductors accommodated by a particular contact barrel.

Wire Wrap Contact A contact designed to accept a solderless wrap joint.

2.3.3 <u>Connector Accessory Terms</u>

Accessory Any additional item that does not form part of the basic connector and

contact.

Boot A flexible and resilient housing forming an extension to the connector

body to protect and support the cable termination; it may be heat

shrinkable, and may also be used as a potting form.

Cable Clamp A device or accessory attached to the connector body or to a cable outlet

to support the cable or wire, provide strain relief, and absorb mechanical stress that would otherwise be transmitted by the cable to the connector

terminations.

Cable Outlet An accessory consisting of a rigid housing for attachment to the connector

body; it may incorporate provision for a cable clamp or seal, or for terminating screens, and may provide shielding against electrical

interference.

Connector Cover An accessory to cover the mating end of a connector for mechanical and

environmental protection.

Dust Cap A plastic cover which may be placed on the front end of a connector to

prevent the ingress of dust or moisture during assembly and/or storage.

NOTES:

Not to be used in Space.

Ferrule An accessory in the form of a short tube to provide cable support or

termination to a cable screen.

Filler Plug An accessory used to fill grommet cavities in a connector when contacts

are not in place.

NOTES:

Not to be used in Space.

Grommet A part of a component or an accessory used to support and protect the

wires or cable at the point of entry. It may also prevent the ingress of

moisture or contaminants.

Grommet Follower An accessory used to contain the grommet.



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Grommet Nut An accessory used to retain the grommet and follower.

Hood See Cable Outlet.

Outlet Nut An accessory that secures the cable outlet to the body of a connector.

Potting Mould An accessory used as a mould into which potting compound is injected.

Screw Lock Assembly A device used on mated connectors to ensure that they remain mated

under flight conditions.

Sealing Plug See Filler Plug.

Shield See Cable Outlet.

Shroud An accessory that provides physical protection to otherwise exposed

contacts.

Strain Relief Clamp See Cable Clamp.