

Fiber-Optic Sensor System Demonstrator for Proba-2

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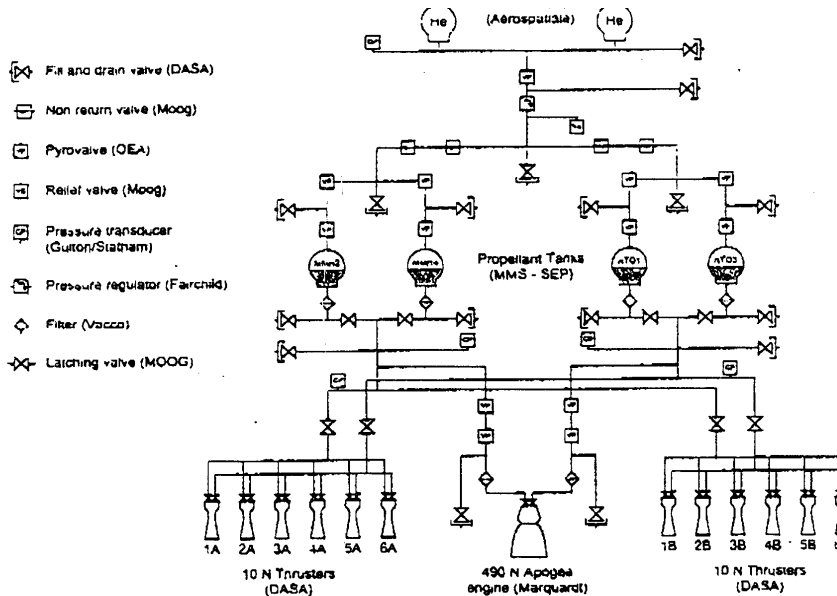
Presentation Outline

- **Introduction**
- **FSD Central Interrogation System**
- **FSD Fiber-optic Harness**
- **FSD FBG Sensors**
 1. **Distributed Temperature**
 2. **Propellant P/T**
 3. **Thruster high-T**
- **Ground Qualification**
- **Conclusions**

Spacecraft Propulsion Systems

Large number of sensors required:

- Propellant Volume/Pressure
- Propellant Flow
- Propellant leakage detection
- Pipeline temperature distribution
- Thruster temperature
- Valve position status
- Valve temperature
- Propellant tank integrity



The Problem: Current Electronic Sensors

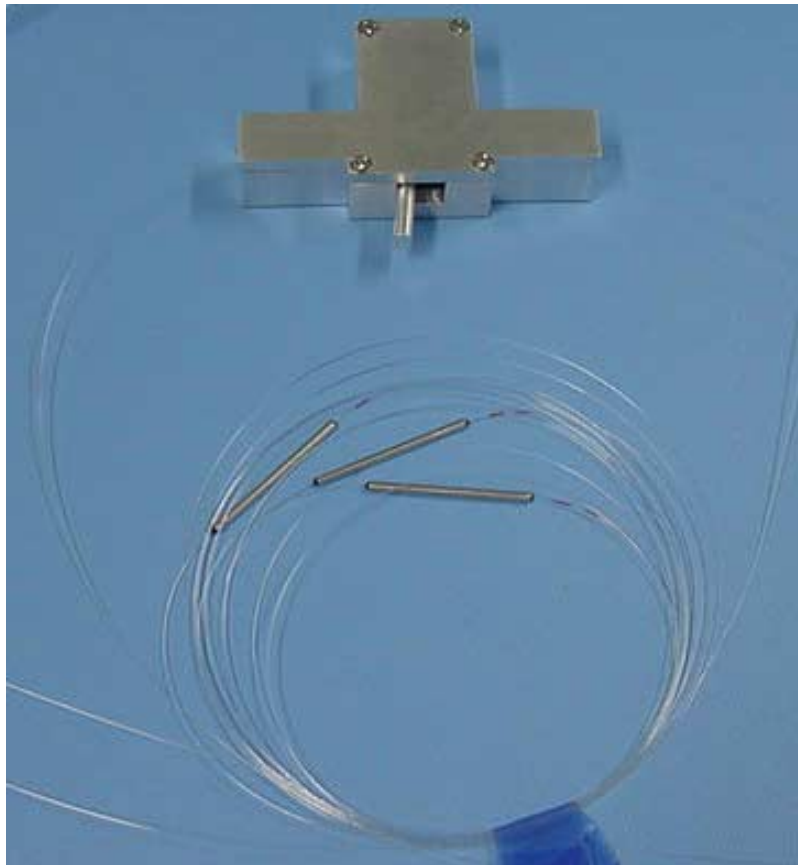
- **Sensitive to EMI, ESD and sparking -requires heavy shielding for sensors and signal lines**
- **Poor signal integrity - requires close proximity between sensor and the processing electronics**
- **Low sensor capacity: typically one sensor per twisted wire pair**
- **Bulky signal harness (kg/m)**
- **Complex signal routing and ground-loop problems - expensive system integration**

MPB Multi-Channel Fiber-Laser Interrogation System



- 1 to 2 pm spectral resolution
- parallel multi-channel output
- interrogate FBG or F-P sensors
- high sensor capacity per low-power unit (> 250 fiber-optic sensors)

MPB Fiber Sensor Technology



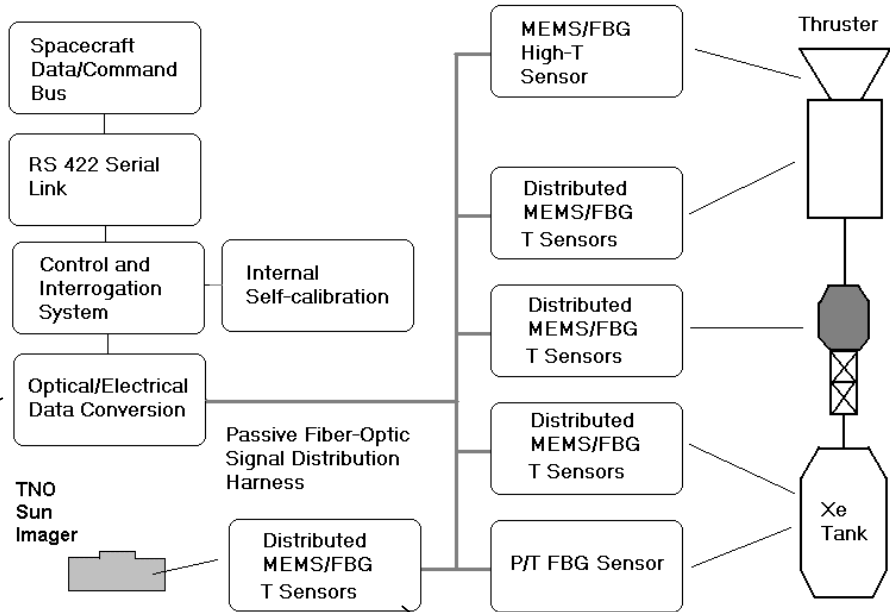
- **Single, central tunable Fiber-laser Interrogation System for various sensor types**
- **Parallel, bidirectional signal distribution to multiple sensor lines**
- **Serial wavelength-division multiplexing of sensors on single fiber strand**
- **Preliminary Sensor Types:**
 - ▶ **FBG Temperature**
 - ▶ **P/T sensor**
 - ▶ **Valve Position Status**
 - ▶ **Hydrazine Gas Leakage**
 - ▶ **High T sensor**

FSD for Proba 2

- **Demonstrate the advantages of a low-power multi-channel network of lightweight fiber-optic sensors for the “in situ” monitoring of space subsystems.**
- **Selection and adaptation of terrestrial fiber-optic technologies to facilitate operation in space**
- **Provide new sensors that meet specific requirements for space:**
 - **P/T sensor for propellant tank**
 - **High-T sensor for thruster measurements**
- **Employ a central, remotely positioned interrogation system for the sensor network.**
- **Incorporate critical redundancy into the FSD system for reliability in space**

Fiber Sensor Demonstrator (FSD) for ESA's Proba-2:

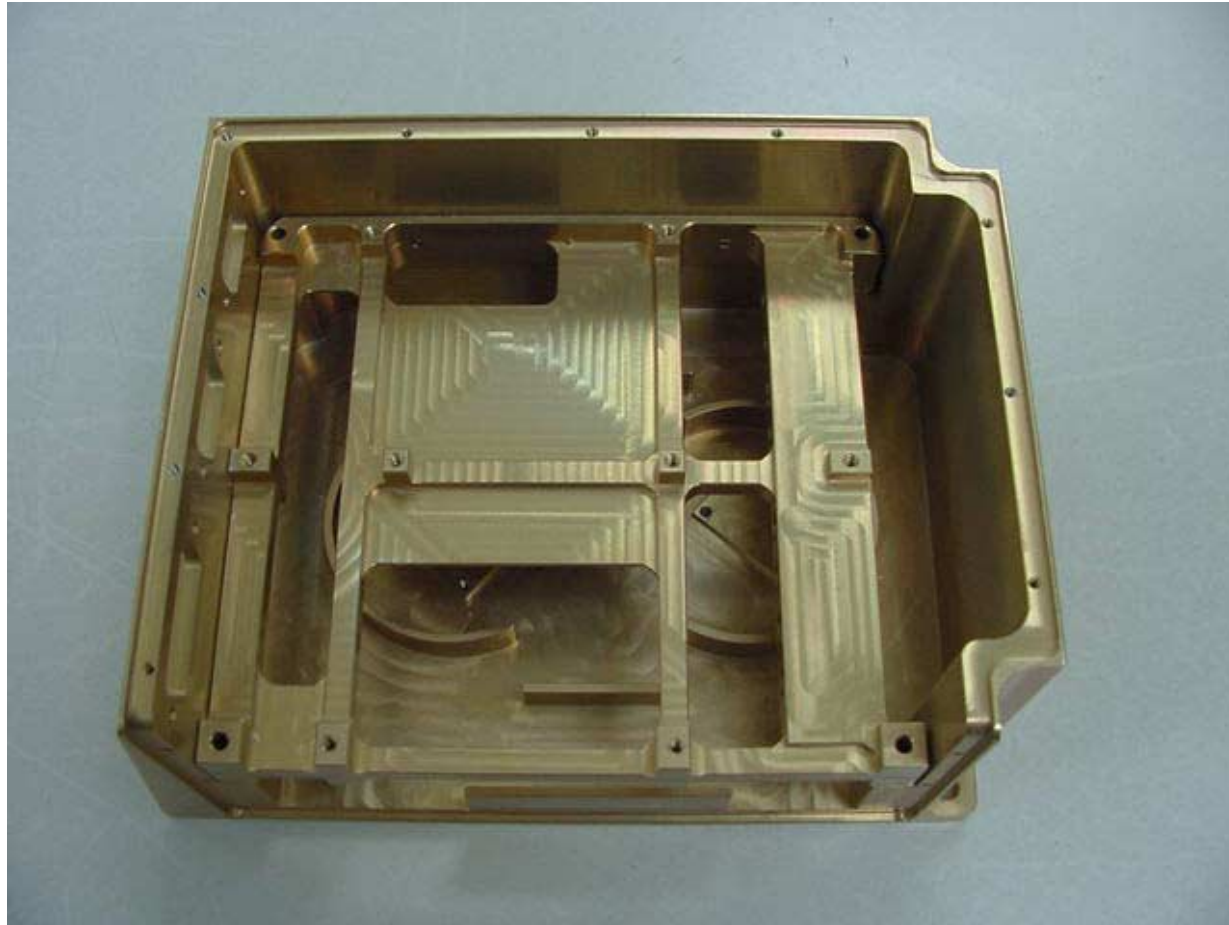
1. Central Interrogation System
2. Distributed FBG sensors



Presentation Outline

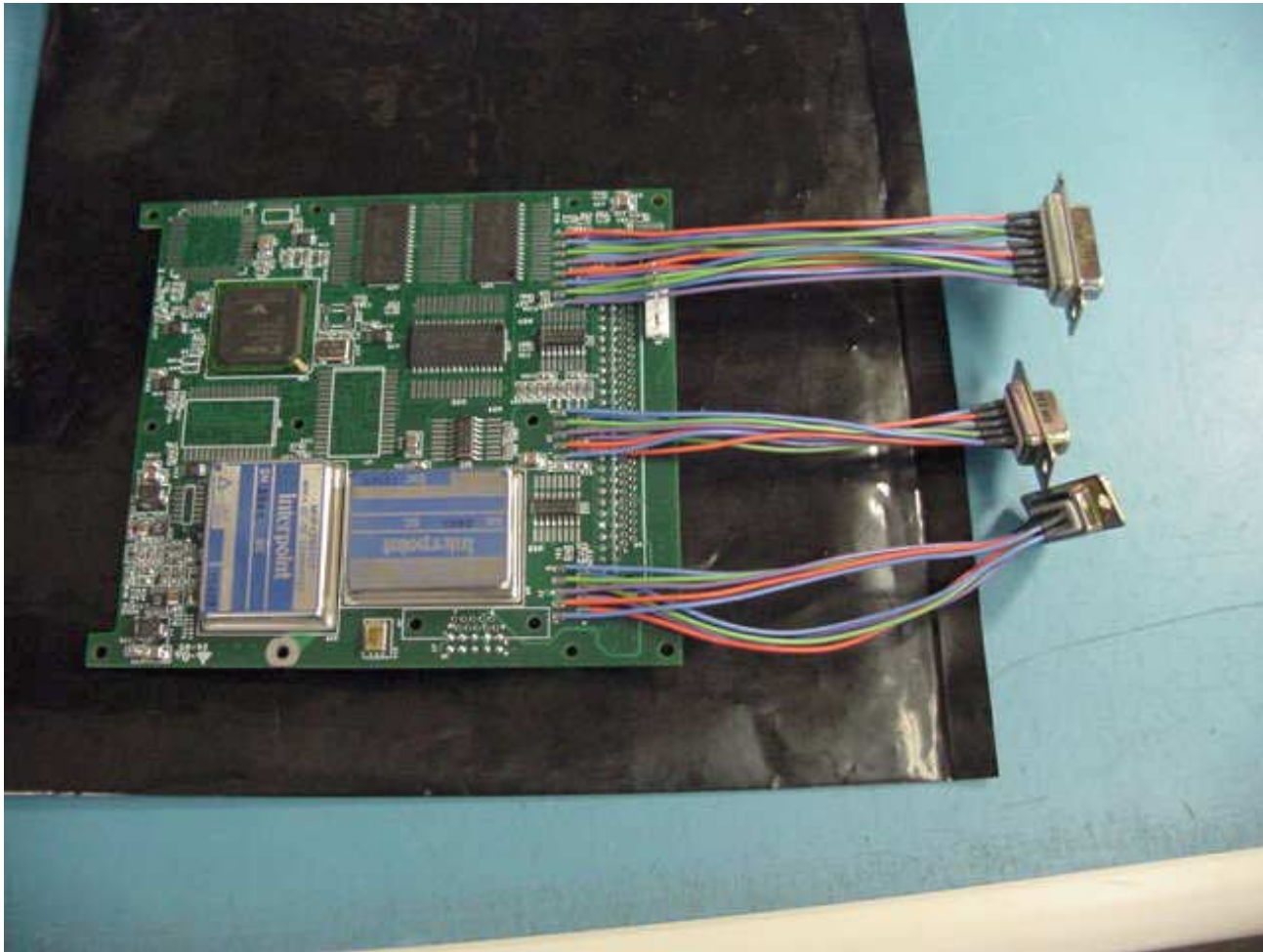
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Monolithic Interrogation System with Al PCB board stiffener Integral Optical Tray



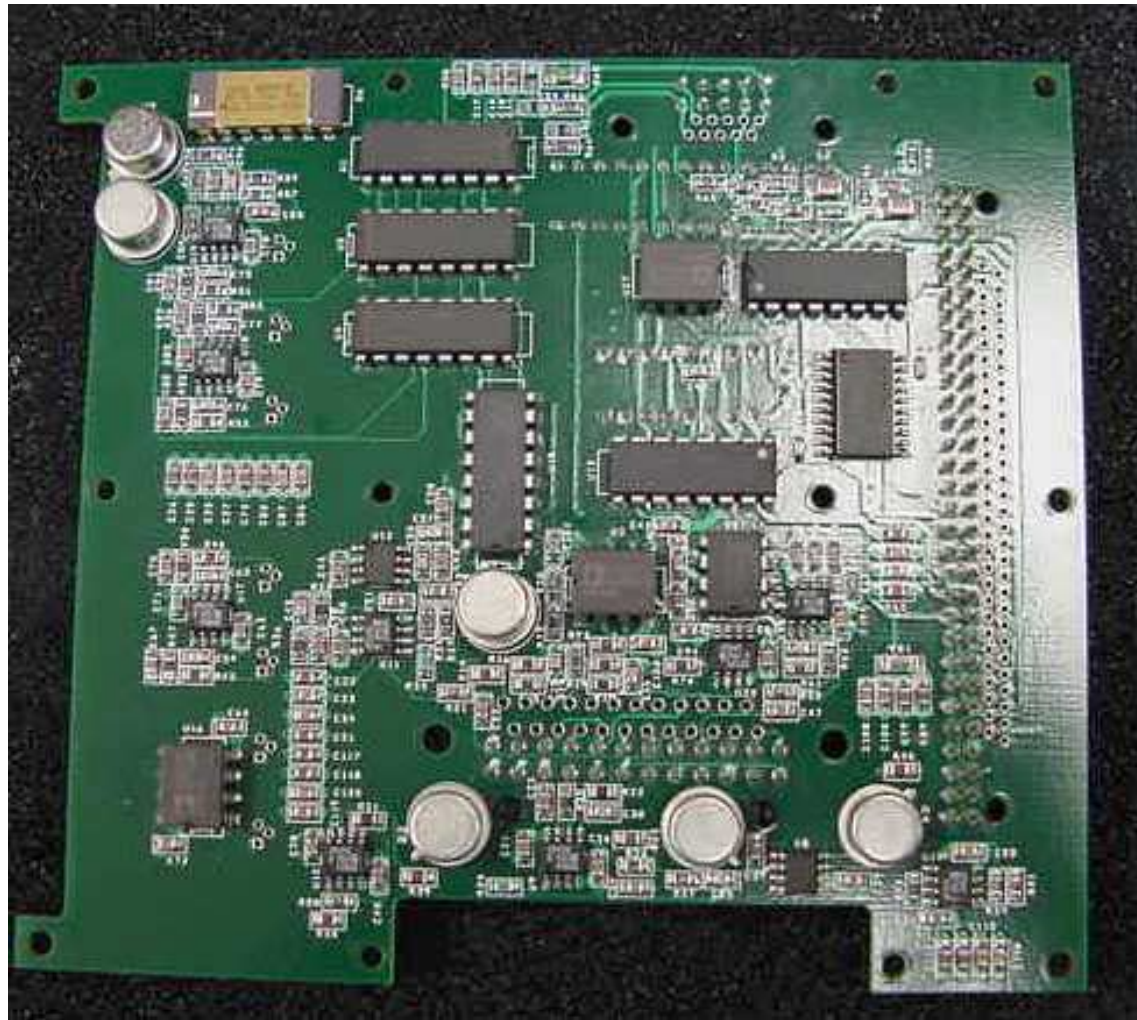
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Representative Unit CPU Board



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Representative Unit DAQ/EO Board

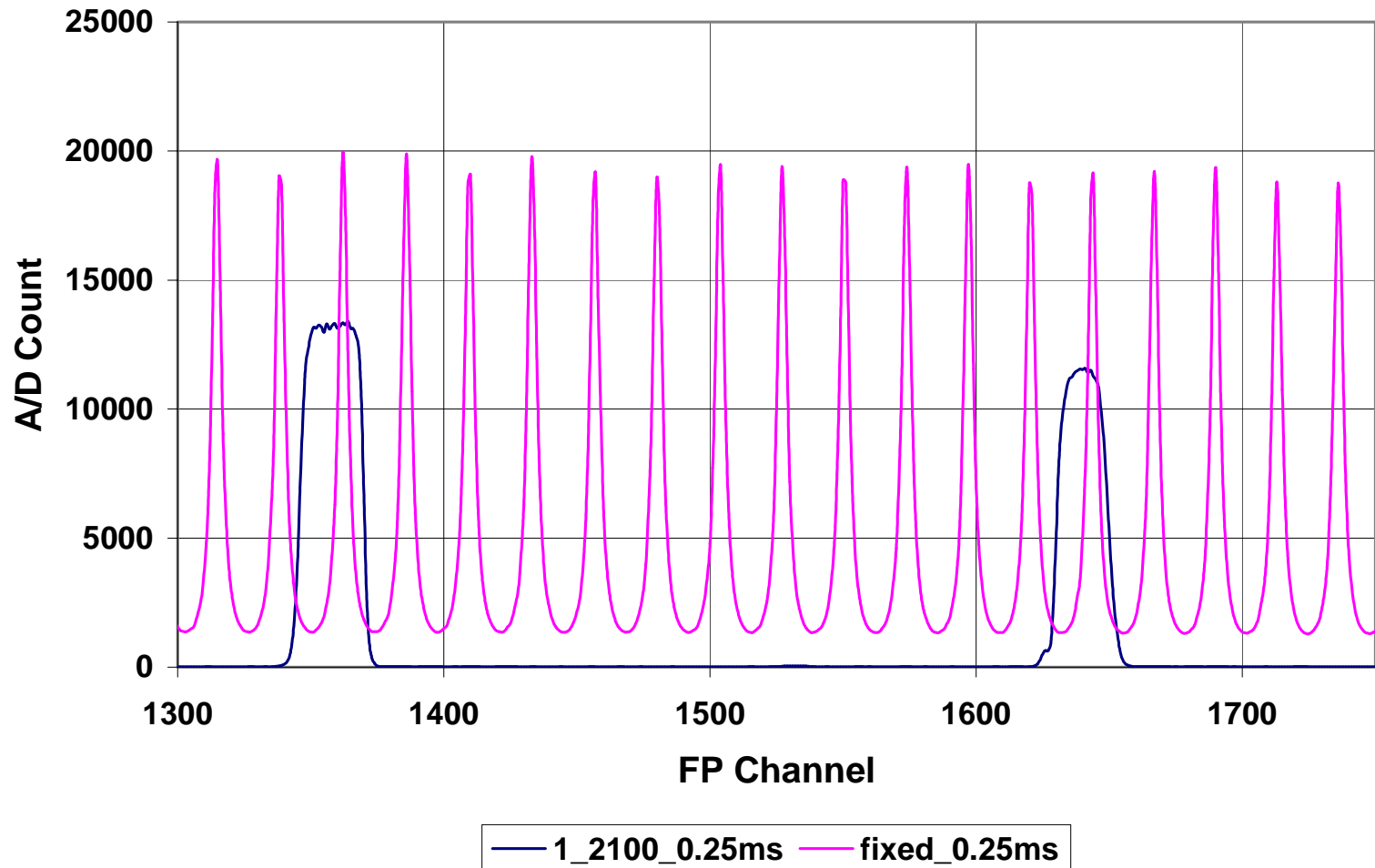


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Interrogation System Optical Tray

- **Unit power-on Mode “0” safe state for electro-optic components**
- **Critical optics and electro-optics positioning for maximum radiation shielding.**
- **Parallel architecture to provide redundant tunable fiber-laser system - can sustain two critical active component failures.**
- **Laser diode (LD) pumps biased at 50% of power ratings to maximize lifetime**
- **Internal monitoring of LD power and temperature with T control.**
- **Internal fiber-optic component mounting with some vibration/shock damping.**
- **Internal reference FBG for each external fiber-optic sensor line for independent operation.**

Rep. Unit spectral scans of 0.4 nm-spaced reference fixed FP and a FBG test line with internal/external sensor.



Interrogation System: Component/PCB Level Testing

Component	Test Purpose	Test Condition	Equipment	Location
FBG-stabilized Laser Diode Pump	Validate optical power output, bias current set-point, thermal control requirements.	-30 C to +40C	Dry, N2-purged Environmental Control Chamber.	MPBC
Tunable FP Filter	Validate Operation with Temperature	-30 C to +40C	Dry, N2-purged Environmental Control Chamber.	MPBC
Micro/DAQ Protoflight PCBs	Check inrush current, power consumption, operation.	-40 C to +60 C	Vacuum thermal chamber, PCB depowered during pump down/vent.	CSA
Optical tray assembly	Validate component mounting using RTV2943 for vibration damping during operation.	Low-level random sine at 20 C.	CSA shaker	CSA

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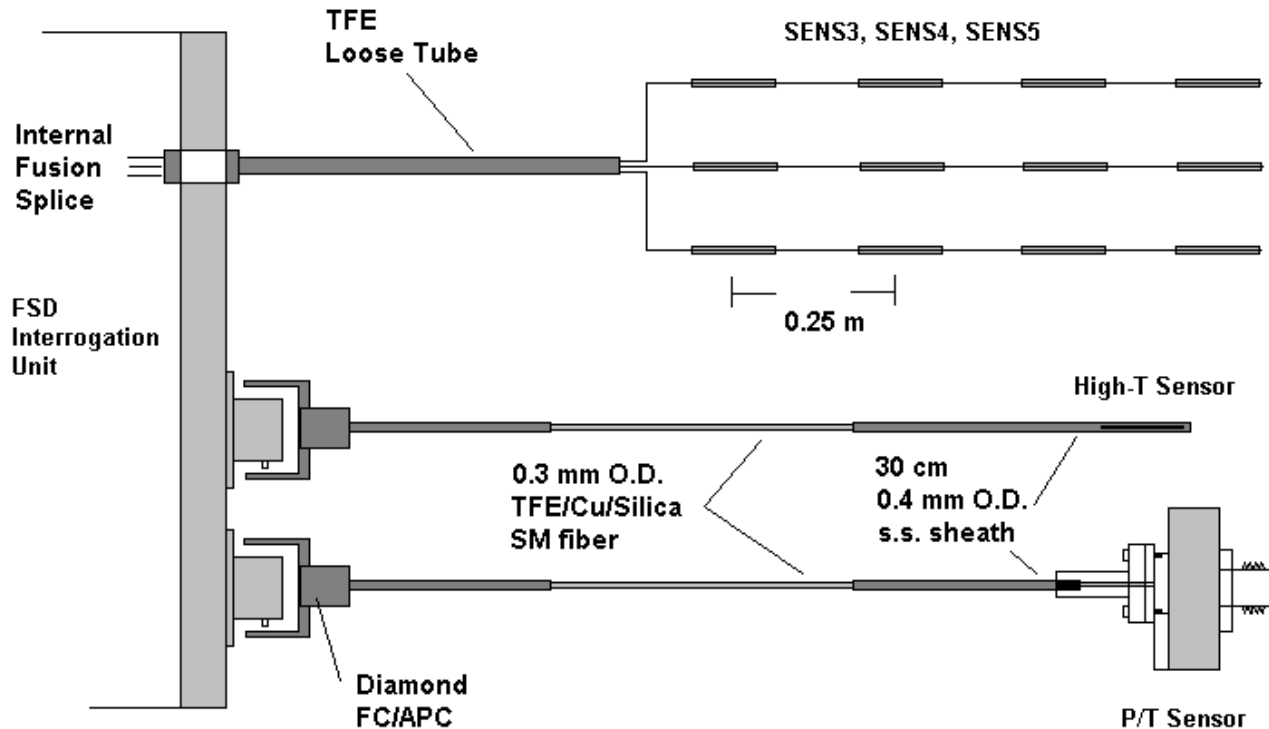
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FSD Optical Fiber

- **Vacuum-compatible, high-temperature Cu-coated silica fiber (Cu melting point of 1080°C).**
- **Additional Teflon FEP (to 260°C) or polyimide (to 400°C) protective protective coating/sleeve.**
- **Protected, fusion-spliced internal joints to minimize mechanical optical interconnections.**

FSD Fiber-Optic Harness

1. **Cu-clad, Ge-doped optical fiber with additional TFE coating.**
2. **Additional s.s. flexible sheathing at interface points for mechanical protection - based on preliminary mechanical vibration test results.**



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MPB Computer-Controlled FBG Fabrication Facility



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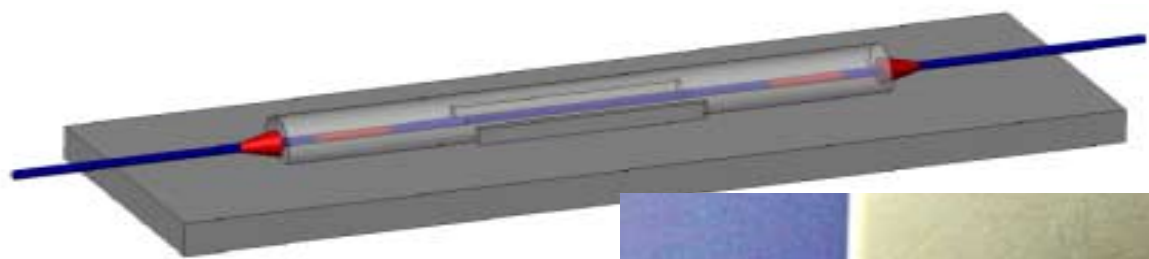
Development of methodology to integrate FBG T-sensors with spacecraft:

Maintain Temperature Calibration

Selection of Adhesive

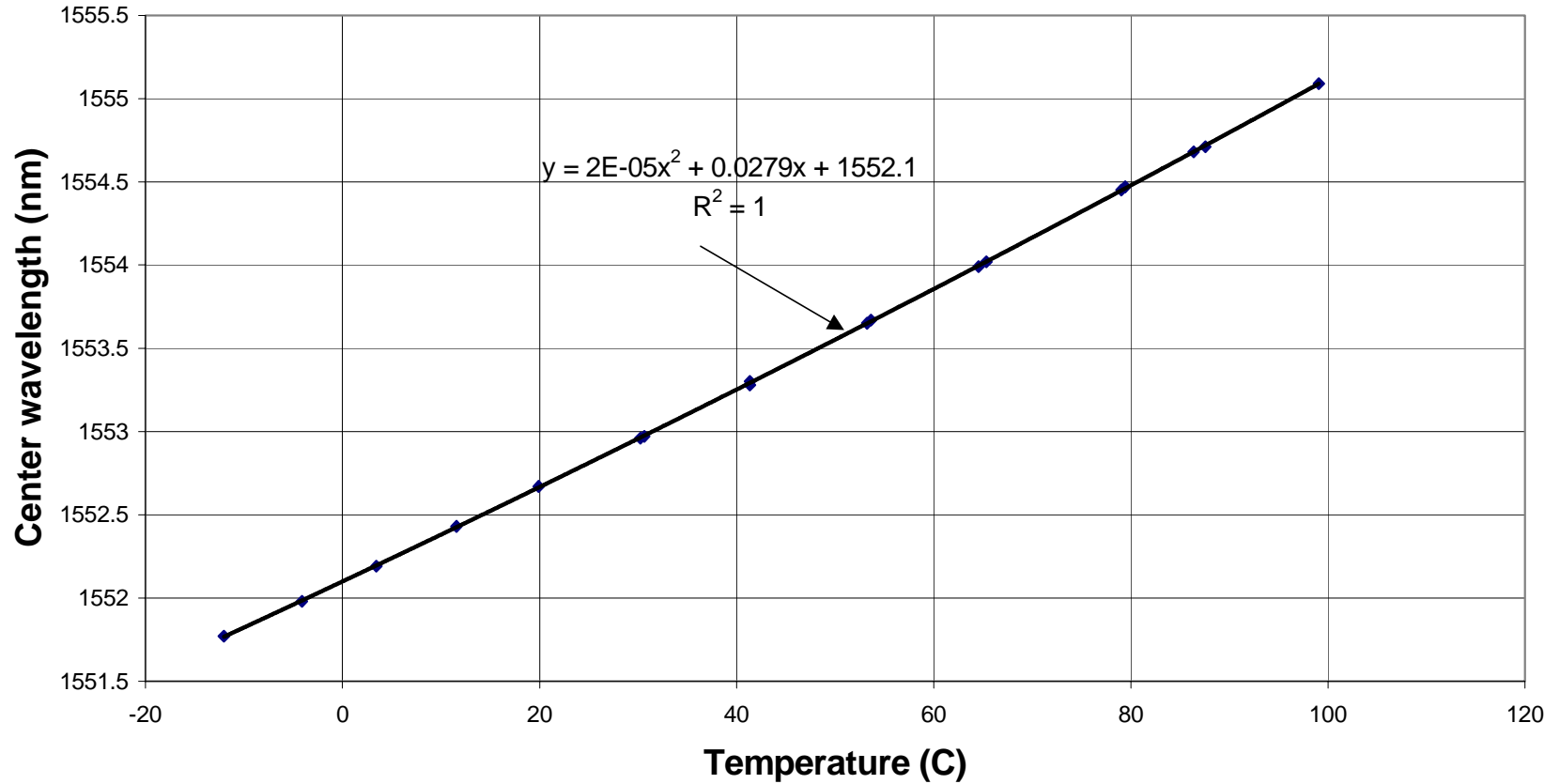
Repeated Thermal Cycling (-40 to +75 C)

Vibration/Shock Dampening

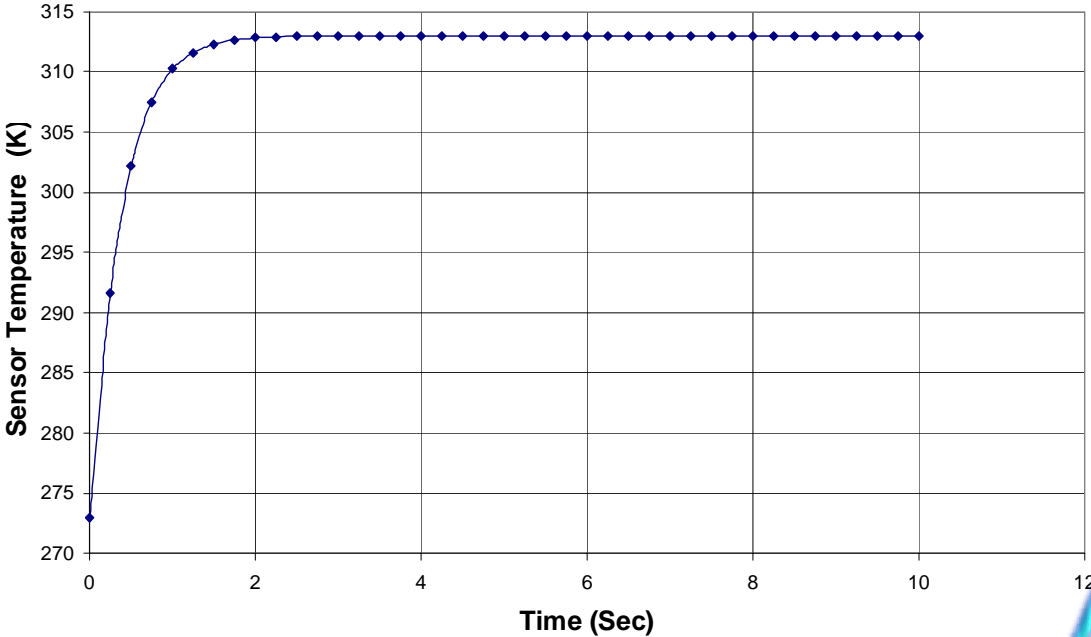
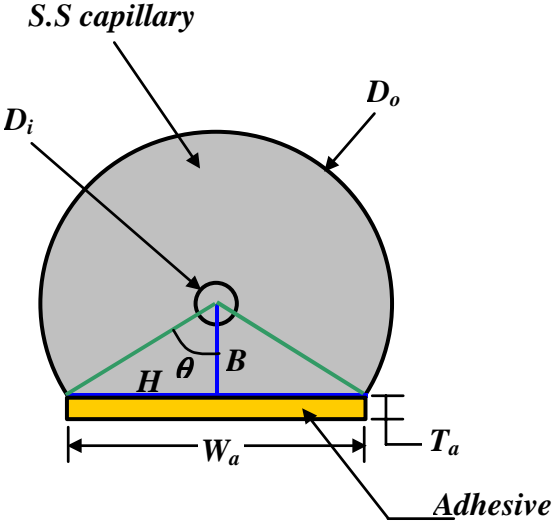


Testing of FSD FBG Temperature Sensors

After 15 hrs of thermal cycling (-40 to 75 C)



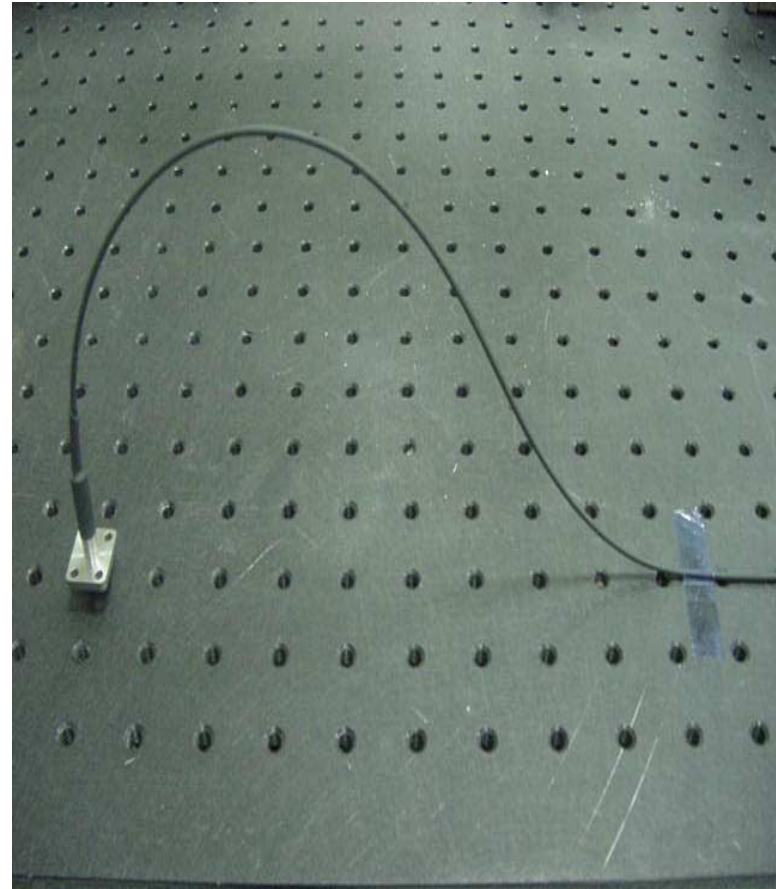
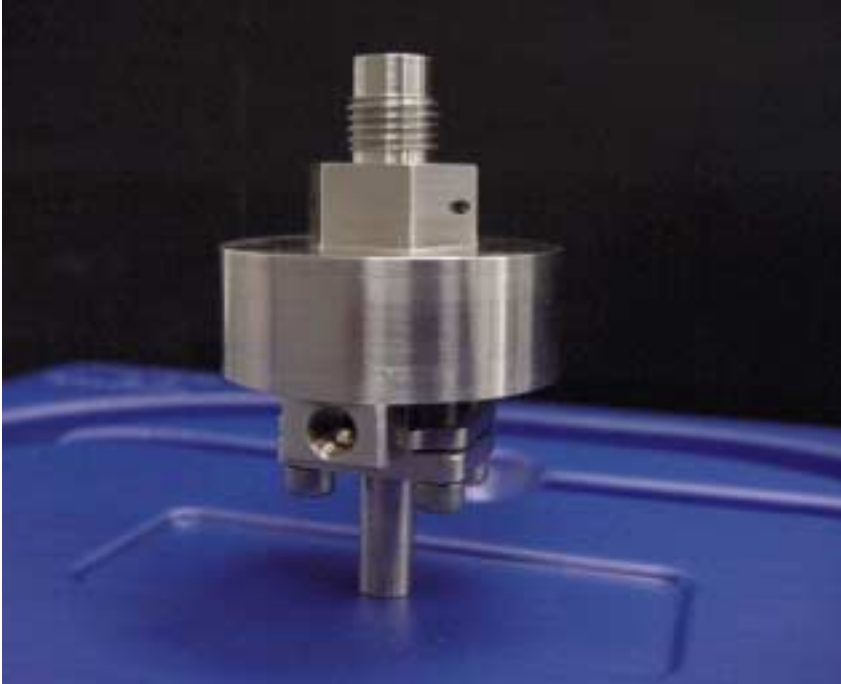
Anslys simulations of FBG T-sensor Transient Response of 1.6 mm O.D. packaged sensor using Selected Adhesive (Rated to 1400°C) for sensor attachment.



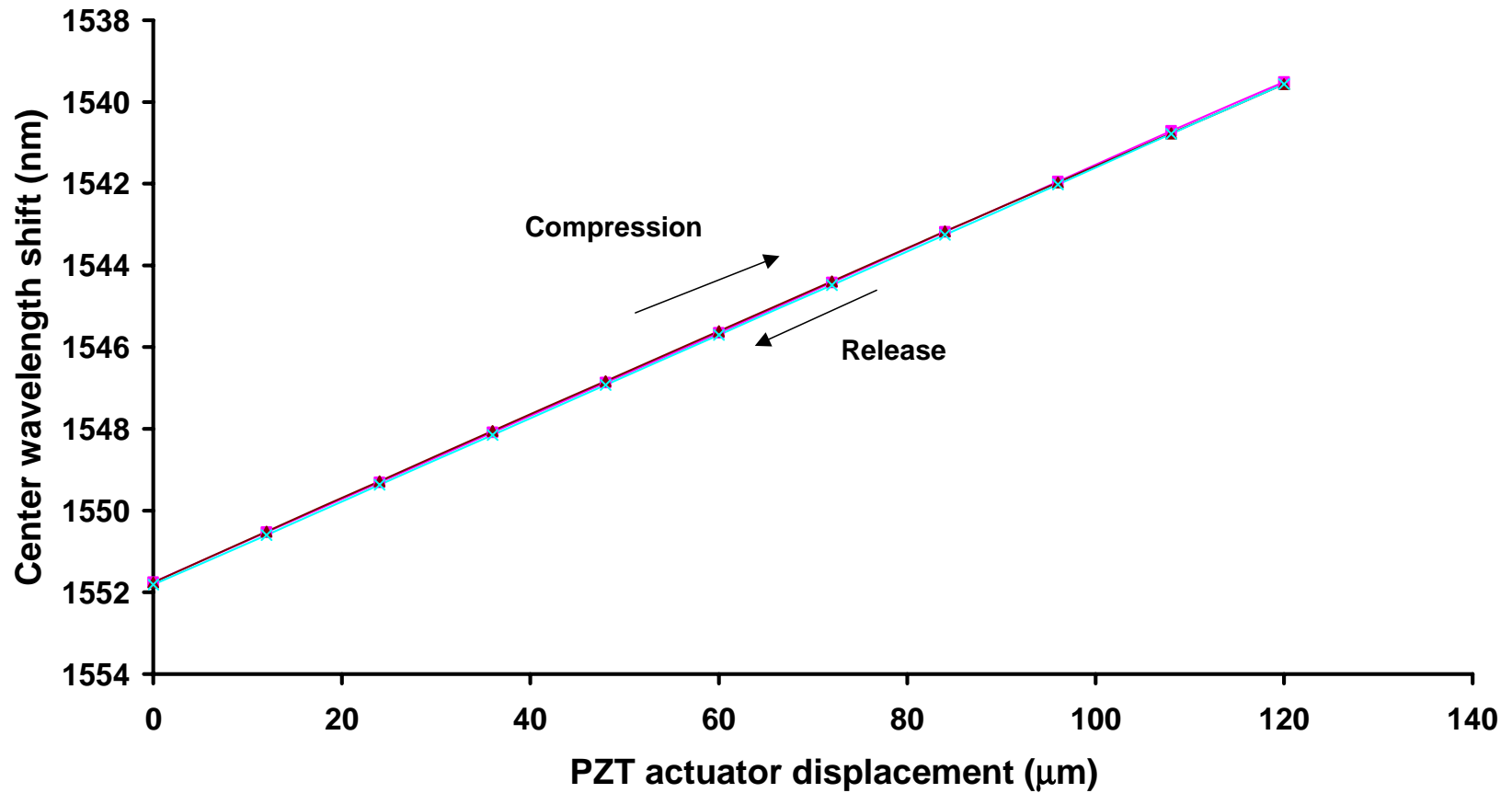
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Advanced P/T Sensor and Protective Cabling



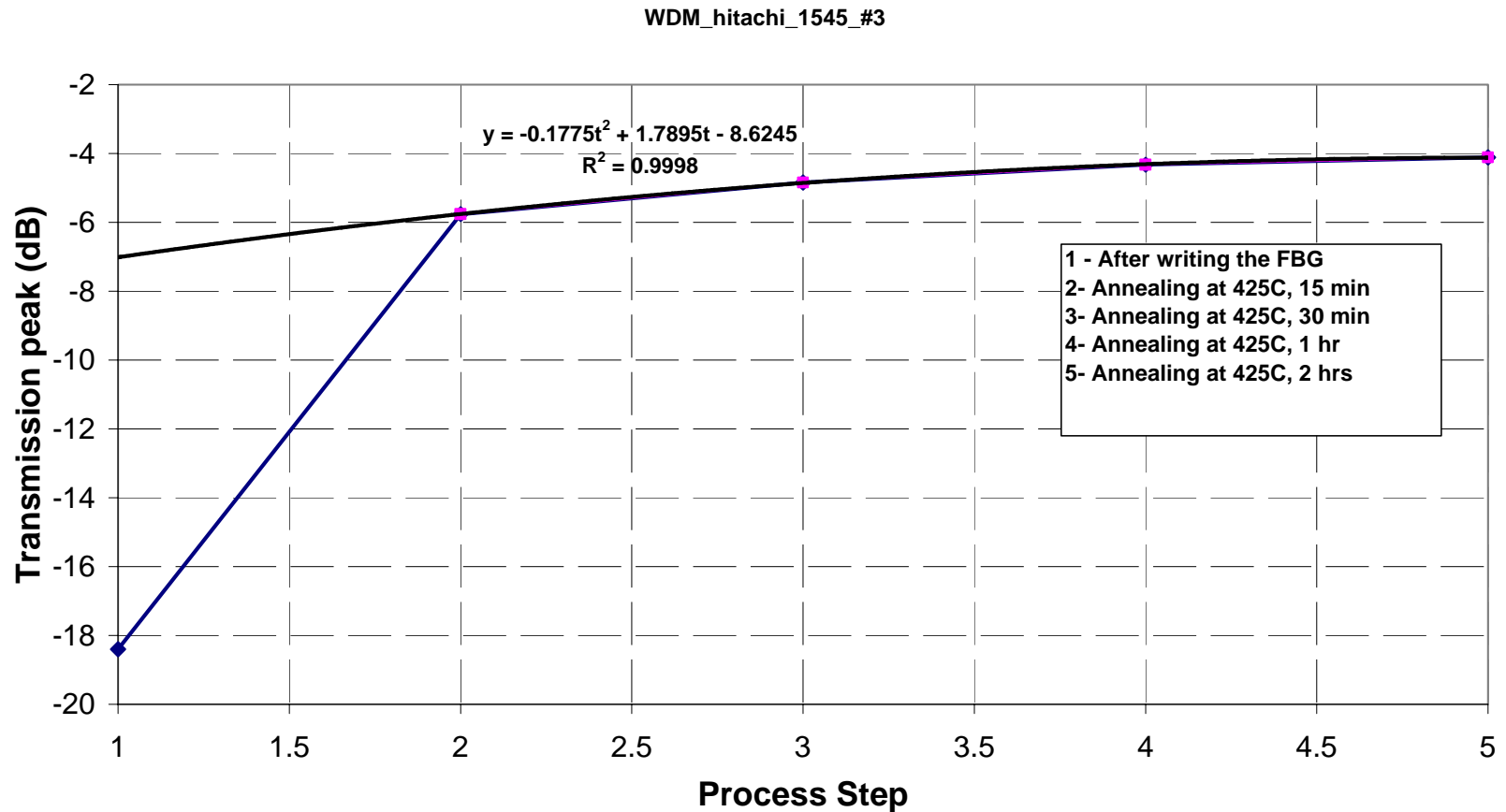
P/T FBG Hysteresis obtained for Compression/Release of Sensor Membrane



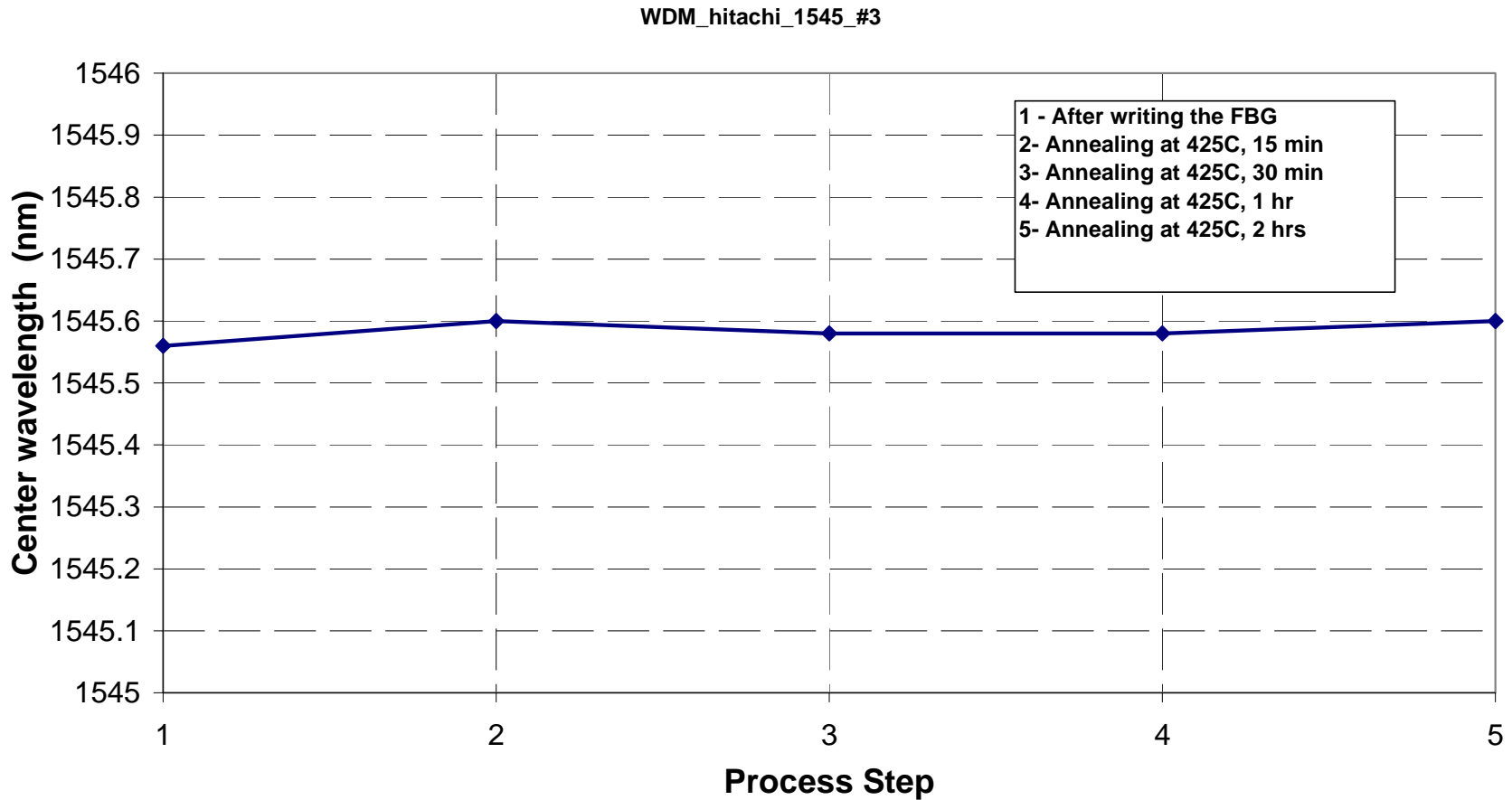
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FBG Peak Transmission Variation with High Temperature Annealing



Change in FBG Center Wavelength with High Temperature Annealing.



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FSD Benefits

Space demonstration of key MPB fiber-optic technologies:

- Tunable Fiber Laser
- Fiber-optic signal harness
- FBG temperature sensor
- High-T sensor
- Fiber-optic pressure sensor
- WDM signal multiplexing

Additional development:

- Compact, low-power (2.0 W) microprocessor and data acquisition system for microsat applications

Preliminary Specifications

Sensor	Description	Range	Wavelength Span	Resolution
MEMS/FBG Temperature	Pipeline temperature of propulsion system	-40 to 70 °C	5 nm per sensor, 4 to 5 per fiber line	0.05 °C
Combined pressure/temperature dual FBG/MEMS sensor	Xe tank pressure	0 to 40 Bar	15 nm	2 mbar
		-40 to 70 °C	5 nm	0.05 °C
High T FBG/MEMS	Thruster Temperature	-40 to 400 °C	20 nm	0.1 to 0.2 °C