

Comparison of ESCC parts qualification system and JAXA parts qualification system

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Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency

Naomi IKEDA



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- 2. Items to be compared
- 3. Overall JAXA qualification system
- 4. EEE components qualification requirements of JAXA system
- 5. JAXA generic specification Comparison of JAXA-QTS-2010 / ESCC9000 (ICs)
- 6. Summary and Future work

1. Motivation



Mutual usage of Japanese parts in Europe / European parts in Japan has been promoted by JAXA and ESA:

- to avoid duplicated developent of similar parts in Europe / Japan
- to ensure the availability of second source

So far, not many European parts are used in Japan and vice versa.

To lower the hurdle of adopting new European parts in Japan / Japanese parts in Europe, and to increase the number of those parts, it is useful to know the difference of ESCC qualification system and JAXA qualification system.

For this purpose, JAXA and ESA has started a joint work to compare JAXA specifications and ESCC specifications for part qualification and evaluate their overall equivalence



Overall difference in both qualification systems
 Detail comparison of generic specifications
 Comparison chart is prepared to show the comparison result of generic specifications

Based on the comparison above, the equivalence of both qualification systems is evaluated

Generic specification for microcircuits was selected for the first comparison (JAXA-QTS-2010 vs ESCC9000) and joint work is currently ongoing The first meeting was held between JAXA and ESA for this comparison

Today, introduction of JAXA part qualification system is presented with rough comparison result of JAXA-QTS-2010 and ESCC9000



ESCC qualification system JAXA qualification system

- Capability Approval <total>

35-40 manuf., 120 certificates

- Technology Flow Qual. -> QML (25 manuf. 148 parts)

<as of Mar.11, 2013>

JAXA is considering maintaining only QML system in the future

3. Overall JAXA qualification system (2/3) -- QPL vs QML (vs ESCC)

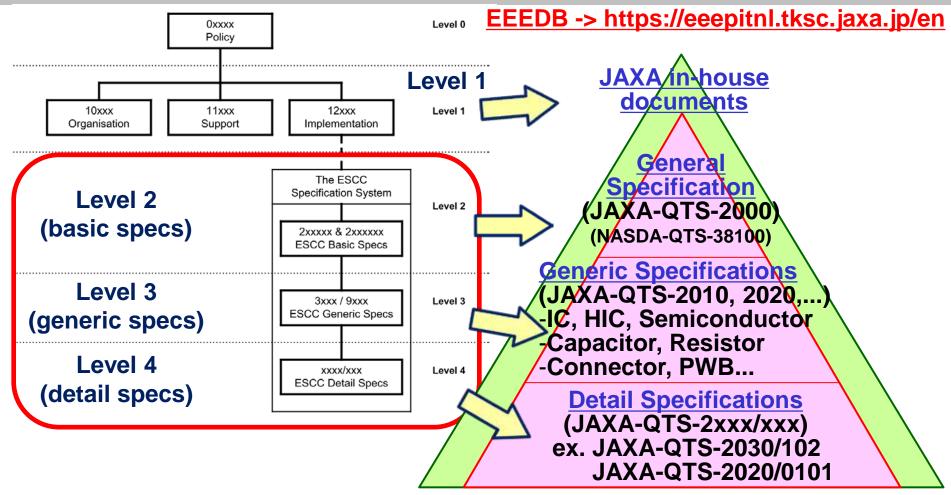


	JAXA/QPL (NASDA-QTS-38100)	JAXA/QML (JAXA-QTS-2000)
	<escc comp.="" qual.=""></escc>	<escc flow="" qual.="" tech.=""></escc>
	ESCC20100	ESCC25400
	L30020100	L3CC2J400
Subject	Parts	Manufacturing line
	<same as="" jaxa="" system=""></same>	<manufacturing technology=""></manufacturing>
Duration	1 year	3 years
	<2 years>	<2 years>
		- y = 0 = y
Manufacturing	Dedicated lines for space	Commercial lines may be used
line	parts	
	<commercial be<="" lines="" may="" th=""><th><same as="" jaxa="" system=""></same></th></commercial>	<same as="" jaxa="" system=""></same>
		Same as oran system
	used>	
Change control	Review and approval by JAXA	Decision can be made by TRB
of QA program		(shall be reported to JAXA)
or wA program		
	< <u>same as JAXA system</u> >	< <u>same as JAXA system</u> >
Test	-Restricted	-Decision can be made by TRB
	-Review and approval by	
optimisation	JAXA	(shall be reported to JAXA)
		-Change must be described with
		rationale in the detail spec.
	<same as="" jaxa="" system=""></same>	<same as="" jaxa="" system=""> 5</same>
		<same 5<="" as="" jaaa="" systems="" th=""></same>

3. Overall JAXA qualification system (3/3)



-- Document tree



Same document tree from Level 2 to Level 4

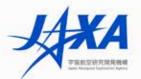
Only 2 documents on Level 2 in JAXA system (each for QML and QPL)

4. EEE components qualification requirements -- JAXA-QTS-2000 vs ESCC documents (1/2)



JAXA-QTS-2000 Common Parts/Materials, Space Use, General Specification for	ESCC (No. 20000, 20100/25400)
1. General	
2. Applicable Documents	
3. Requirements 3.1 General Requirements 3.2 Detail Requirements 2.2 Requirements for a Quality Assurance Program	20200 22600
3.3 Requirements for a Quality Assurance Program (QA program plan, QA manager, Registered Inspector, and TRB) 3.4 QML Certification Requirements	20200, 22600, 22700
(Initial qual., retention of qual., requalification, certification and de- certification) 3.5 Part Number and Marking	20100/25400
3.6 Nonconformance	21700 22800
 4. Quality Assurance Provisions 4.1 Implementation of Quality Assurance Program 4.2 Change Control for the Quality Assurance Program 4.3 Requirements for Tests and Inspections (QT, in-process inspection, QCI, products stored for long term) 4.4 Changes to Tests and Inspections 	20100/25400

4. EEE components qualification requirements -- JAXA-QTS-2000 vs ESCC documents (2/2)



5. Preparation for Delivery	20600
6. Control of Applicable Specifications	20800
6.1 Establishment and Revision of Detail Specifications	
6.2 Changes	
6.3 Cancellation of Applicable Specification	
6.4 Registration	
Publication	
7. Terminology	21300
Appendix	
Appx A Preparation of Applicable Specifications	20800, 21700
Appx C Requirements for Quality Assurance Program	21500, 22700,
	24600, 24900
Appx D Quality Assurance Manager and Registered Inspector	
Appx E Certification Procedure	20100/25400
Appx F Application Form and Procedures	ESCIES
Appx G Preparation of Application Data Sheet	
Appx H Supplementary Requirements for Tests and Inspections	
Appx K TRB Guidelines	25400
(Appendix B and J are cancelled)	

Both systems are based on ISO9001 Overall requiments are the same in both qualification systems

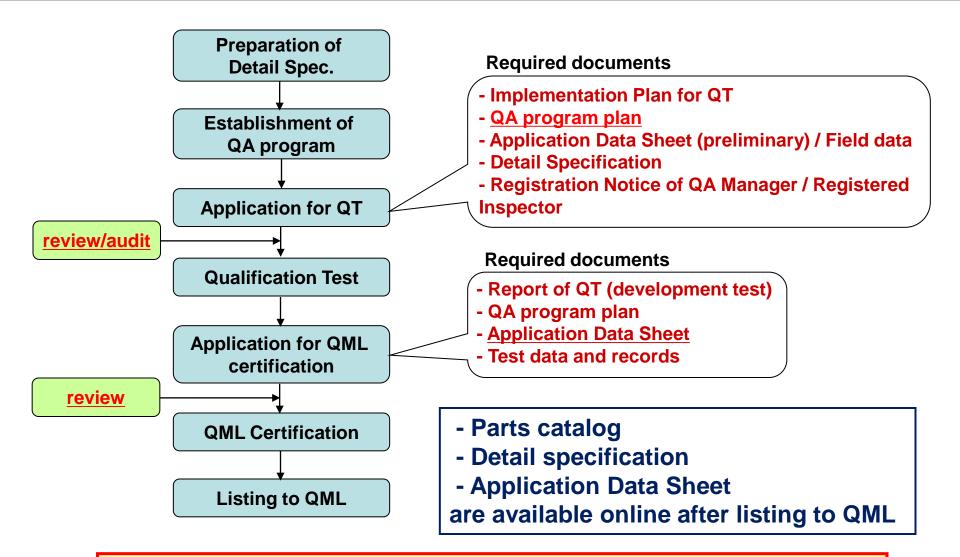
4. EEE components qualification requirements -- Requirement of JAXA-QTS-2000



- Establishment and maintenance of a Quality Assurance Program
- Establishment and operation of TRB
- Requirement for qualification Initial qualification/ Retention of qualification / Requalification
- Requirement for tests and inspections In-process inspections / Screening tests / Qualification tests / Quality conformance tests
- Test items
 - Screening / Electrical performance / Mechanical performance / Environmental performance / Durability
- Disposition of nonconformance

4. EEE components qualification requirements -- JAXA-QML initial qualification flow





Evaluation test is performed before QT, however it is out of the official procedure of qualification in JAXA system

4. EEE components qualification requirements -- Quality Assurance Program Plan



Quality Assurance Program Plan

Document to ensure that a manufacturer can continuously produce parts / materials with a consistent quality

QAP plan = PID + Quality Management Plan (Technology Flow)

QAP plan	PID (Process	ld. Doc.)	
1. Scope	Section 1		
2. Organizational structure	Section 2, QM	plan	
3. Quality assurance system	Section 3		
4. Applicable documents and standards	Section 5		
constituting the quality assurance program			
5. Education and training	QM plan		
6. Design control	-		
7. Control of production processes	Section 3, QM plan		
8. Management of production facilities	Section 6		
9. Management system of measuring instruments	QM plan		
10. Procurement management of materials	Section 5	Similar	documen
11. Nonconformance disposition system QM plan		is requi	red and
12. Failure analyses and corrective actions	QM plan prepared in bo		
13. Packaging, storage and delivery	systems		
14. Change control of quality assurance program	QM plan	Systems	>
15. Design and construction	Section 4		
16. Formats and examples of completed formats	Section 3		11



- Generic specifications are aimed to be used for qualified parts (rarely used for non-qualified parts in Japan)
- Since evaluation phase is outside of the qualification procedure in JAXA qualification system, more tests are included in QT phase than in ESCC system

5. JAXA generic specification -- List of JAXA Generic Specifications



JAXA-QTS-2010	ICs <9xxx>	JAXA-QTS-2120	Wires & Cables <390x>
JAXA-QTS-2020	HICs <q-60-05></q-60-05>	JAXA-QTS-2130	Solar Cells <e-20-08></e-20-08>
JAXA-QTS-2030	Semiconductor Devices <5xxx>	JAXA-QTS-2140	Printed Wiring Boards <q-70-10></q-70-10>
JAXA-QTS-2040	Capacitors <30xx>	JAXA-QTS-2150	Latching Valves
JAXA-QTS-2050	Resistors <400x>	JAXA-QTS-2160	Thermistors <4006>
JAXA-QTS-2060	Connectors <340x>	-	Heaters <4009>
JAXA-QTS-2070	Crystal Units <350x>	JAXA-QTS-2180	Temp. Sensors, Platinum
JAXA-QTS-2080	Filters <310x>	JAXA-QTS-2190	Thermal Control Materials <q-70></q-70>
-	Relays <360x>	JAXA-QTS-2200	Adhesive Materials
-	Switches <370x>		<q-70></q-70>
JAXA-QTS-2110	Transformers &	JAXA-QTS-2210	Fuses <4008>
	Coils <320x>		

Mechanical parts and materials are also included in JAXA system Including hybrids, they are covered by ECSS system

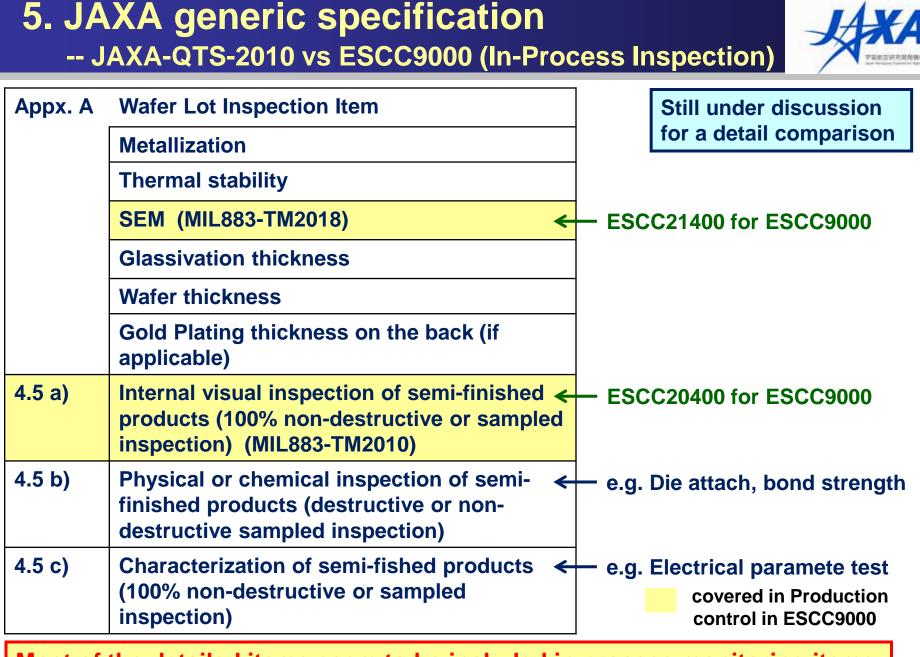


Part type is selected and its generic specifications from ESCC / JAXA are compared:

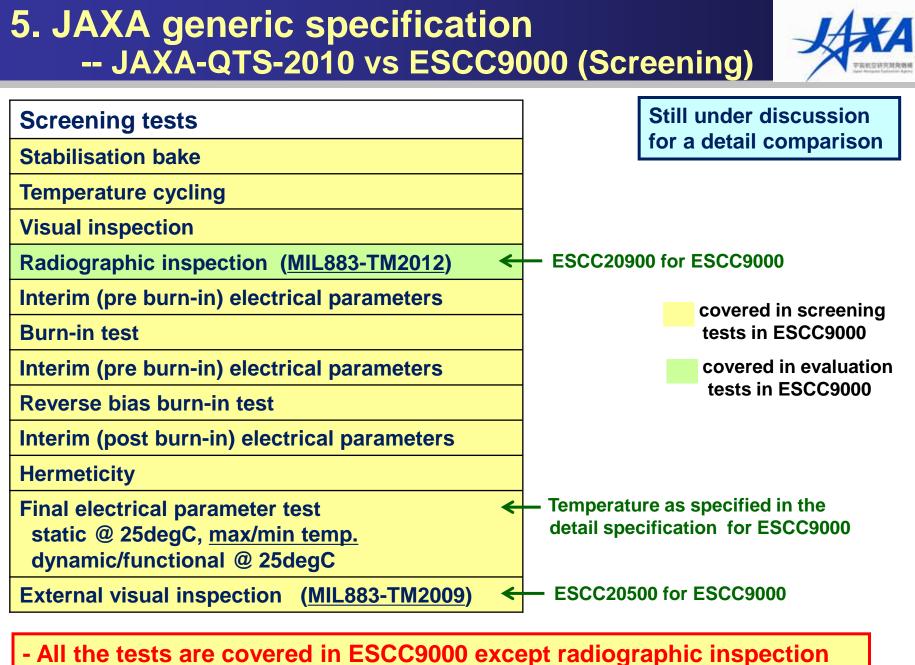
- Test items
- Sample size
- Test method / condition
- Interval of the test

Discussion will be made between ESA and JAXA for each difference with rationale of doing/not doing the test to evaluate the overall equivalence

First example : Microcircuits (JAXA-QTS-2010/ESCC9000)



Most of the detailed items seem to be included in process monitoring items in ESCC 9000 and requirement seems to be similar in both specs



- PIND is not performed at screening test in JAXA-QTS-2010

5. JAXA generic specification -- JAXA-QTS-2010 vs ESCC9000 (QT/ QCI-LVT)



Group A*	Electrical parameter tests	Every inspection lot
Group B		Every inspection lot
Group C	Die related tests	1 year period
Group D	Package related tests	1 year period
Group E	Radiation test	every wafer lot

* Non-destructive, can be used for Gr. B-E test

- QCI (Quality Conformance Inspection) = LVT / LAT in ESCC specs

- All the tests that are included as QT / periodic tests in ESCC9000 are included in JAXA-QTS-2010

5. JAXA generic specification -- JAXA-QTS-2010 vs ESCC9000 (Group A)

Gr. A (electrical parameter tests) every inspection lot SG1 Static tests @ T_A=25degC Static tests @ max. T_{op} SG2 SG3 Static tests @ min. T_{op} Dynamic tests @ T_A=25degC SG4 SG5 Dynamic tests @ max. T_{op} Dynamic tests @ min. T_{op} SG6 Functional tests @ T_A=25degC SG7 SG8 Functional tests @ max./min. T_{op} Switching tests @ T_A=25degC SG9 Switching tests @ max. T_{op} **SG10** Switching tests @ min. T_{op} **SG11**

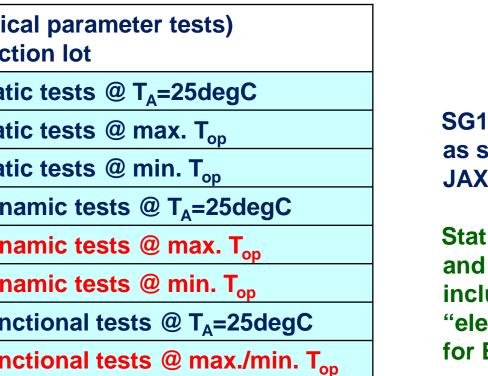
Still under discussion for a detail comparison

SG1-4, 7, 9 are performed as screening test for **JAXA-QTS-2010**

Static, dynamic, functional and swtching test are all included in one group of "electrical measurement" for ESCC9000

covered in screening red letter : difference in sample size tests in ESCC9000

All the tests are covered as screening test in ESCC9000





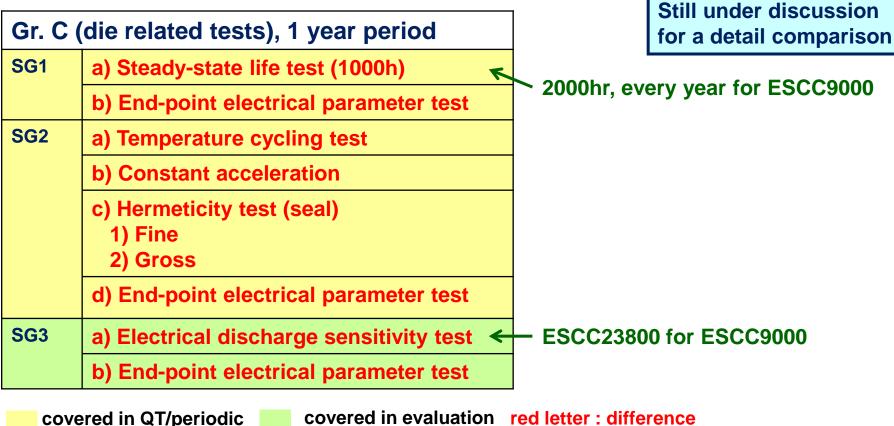
5. JAXA generic specification -- JAXA-QTS-2010 vs ESCC9000 (Group B)



Gr. B, every inspection lot		Still under discussion for a detail comparison
SG1	a) External physical dimensions (<u>MIL883-TM2016</u>)	ESCC20500 for ESCC9000
	b) Internal gas analysis	
SG2	a) Resistance to solvents (<u>MIL883-TM2015</u>)≪	- ESCC24800 for ESCC9000
	b) Internal visual and mechanical (MIL883-TM2013)	— ESCC20400 for ESCC9000
	c) Bond strength 1) Thermo compression 2) Ultrasonic	-Most of the tests are covered in ESCC9000 - Less samples are tested in
	d) Die shear test	JAXA-QTS-2010, however
	e) Verification of glassivation layer integrity	tests are performed in shorter
SG3	Solderability	period than ESCC9000
SG4	a) Lead integrity	
	b) Hermeticity test (seal) 1) Fine leak 2) Gross leak	
	ered in QT/periodic covered in screening	covered in evaluation red letter : difference
tes	ts in ESCC9000 test in ESCC9000	tests in ESCC9000 in sample size

5. JAXA generic specification -- JAXA-QTS-2010 vs ESCC9000 (Group C)





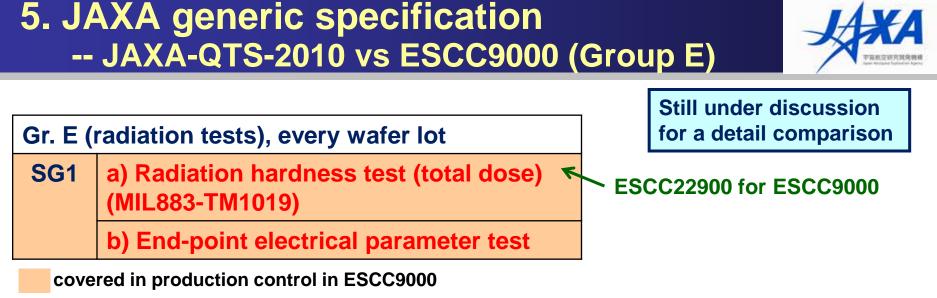
covered in QT/periodi tests in ESCC9000 covered in evaluationred letter : differencetests in ESCC9000in sample size

- All the tests are covered in ESCC9000 except ESDS
 * ESDS test is not performed in the parts that are currently qualified
- Less samples are tested in JAXA-QTS-2010 for most of the tests, however tests are performed in shorter period than ESCC9000

5.	5. JAXA generic specification JAXA-QTS-2010 vs ESCC9000 (Group D)					
Gr. D	a) Thermal shock (MIL883-TM1011 cond. B)			Still under d for a detail c		
301	 a) Thermal shock (MiLoos-TWTOTT <u>cond. B</u>) b) Temperature cycling test c) Moisture resistance d) Hermeticity test (seal) 1) Fine 	MIL883-TM1011 cond.C for ESCC9000 ESCC20500 for ESCC9000			d.C for	
	2) Gross e) Visual Inspection (<u>MIL883-TM1004/1010/10111</u>) f) End-point electrical parameter test		ESC	ne tests are co C9000 except osphere		
SG2	a) Mechanical shock b) Vibration test c) Hermeticity test (seal) 1) Fine 2) Gross		the t how the t	ple size is the tests in both s ever period o tests is shorte -2010	specifications, f performing	
	d) Visual inspection (MIL883-TM2002/2007)e) End-point electrical parameter test					
SG3	a) Salt atmosphere test b) Visual inspection					
co	overed in QT/periodic red letter : difference	I				

in sample size

tests in ESCC9000



red letter : difference in sample size

Both specifications require to perform TID test for every wafer lot



- Basically most of the test requirements are the same in both specifications
- There are some differences in the test requirement. Further / detailed discussion is needed to evaluate the overall equivalence of both specifications

6. Summary and future work



- Overall comparison of JAXA part qualification system and ESCC qualification system was made to promote the mutual usage of JAXA qualified parts and ESCC qualified parts
- Detailed comparison of generic specification has begun, starting from JAXA-QTS-2010 / ESCC 9000 (Microcircuits). Discussion between JAXA and ESA is ongoing based on the first draft of comparison chart to evalute their overall equivalence
- Most of the test are covered in both specifications. Some differences were identified and detail comparison is necessary to show the overall equivalence of both specifications

Next step / Future work

JAXA and ESA will continue this work for other part types, aiming for the better mutual understanding and increasing the number of JAXA / ESCC qualified parts to be used in Europe and Japan.

Candidates:

Discrete semiconductors, hybrids, Tantalum capacitors ceramic capacitors, chip film resistors....



ESCC	JAXA		
<component> part</component>	<component> subsystem / equipment</component>		
basic specification	general specification		
<periodical test=""> LAT (lot acceptance test) / LVT (lot validation test)</periodical>	<pre><periodical test=""> QCI (quality conformance inspection)</periodical></pre>		
extension of qualification	retention of qualification		
lapse of qualification	de-certification		
chief inspector	registered inspector		