

# Policy & Standards Working Group

## Development of new standards for space components

- ESCC versus ECSS
- ECSS
- ESCC
- Achievements
- Coming soon

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ESCCON 2013, ESA/ESTEC



## Difference between ECSS & ESCC



- ECSS : <http://www.ecss.nl/>
- European Cooperation for Space Standardization
- **Requirements (what to do) at Project / Equipment level**
- Membership : ESA, National Space Agencies, Industry

*e.g. : ECSS-Q-ST-60: Requirements for selection, control, procurement and usage of EEE components at equipment level*

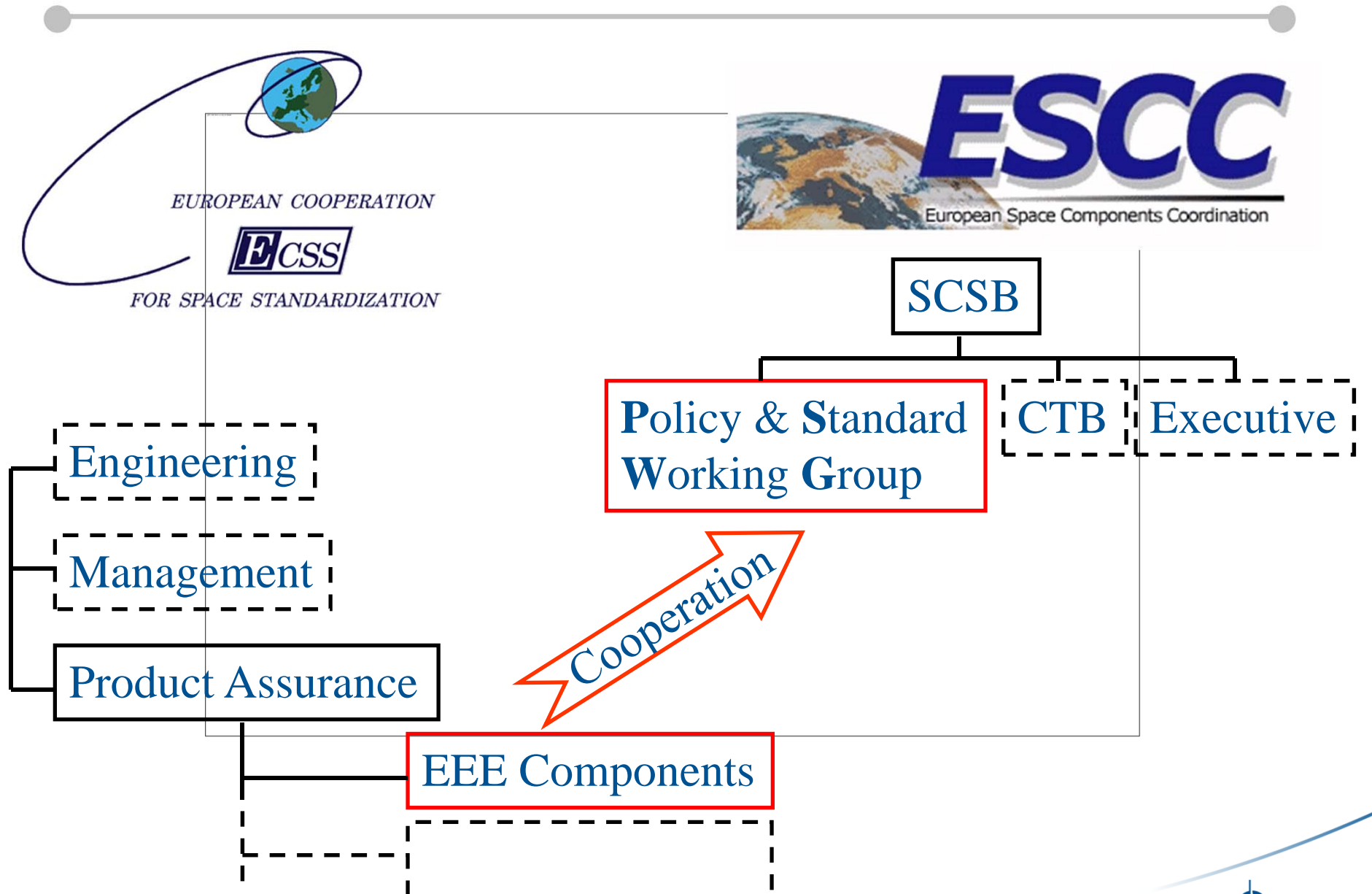


- ESCC : <https://spacecomponents.org/>
- European Space Components Coordination
- **Components Qualification** system for space applications
- Membership : Agencies, Industry, **manufacturers**

*Requirements for the **manufacture and qualification** of EEE components*



# Links between ECSS & ESCC





# ECSS : Principles

## 3 categories of ECSS documents Standard, Handbook, Technical Memorandum :

### ❑ Standard

Normative document written specifically for direct use in invitation to tender and business agreements or implementing space related activities having its content strictly limited to the statement of verifiable customer **requirements**, supported by the minimum descriptive text necessary for understanding their context.

### ❑ Handbook

non-normative document providing background information, e.g. orientation, guidelines, technical data, advice or recommendations, which contains information about how to implement space related activities.

Note: Handbook contains data recognized as valid for use by the ECSS community.

### ❑ Technical Memorandum

non-normative document providing useful information to the space community on a specific subject, prepared to record and present non-normative data which are not relevant for a Standard or for a handbook or not yet mature to be published as handbook or standard.





## ECSS : Organisation

- Membership : ESA, National Space Agencies, Industry

European Space Agency



European Industry,  
represented by Eurospace



Some organization have an  
Observer role on ECSS  
e.g. EUMETSAT, European  
Committee for Standardization,  
European Defence Agency

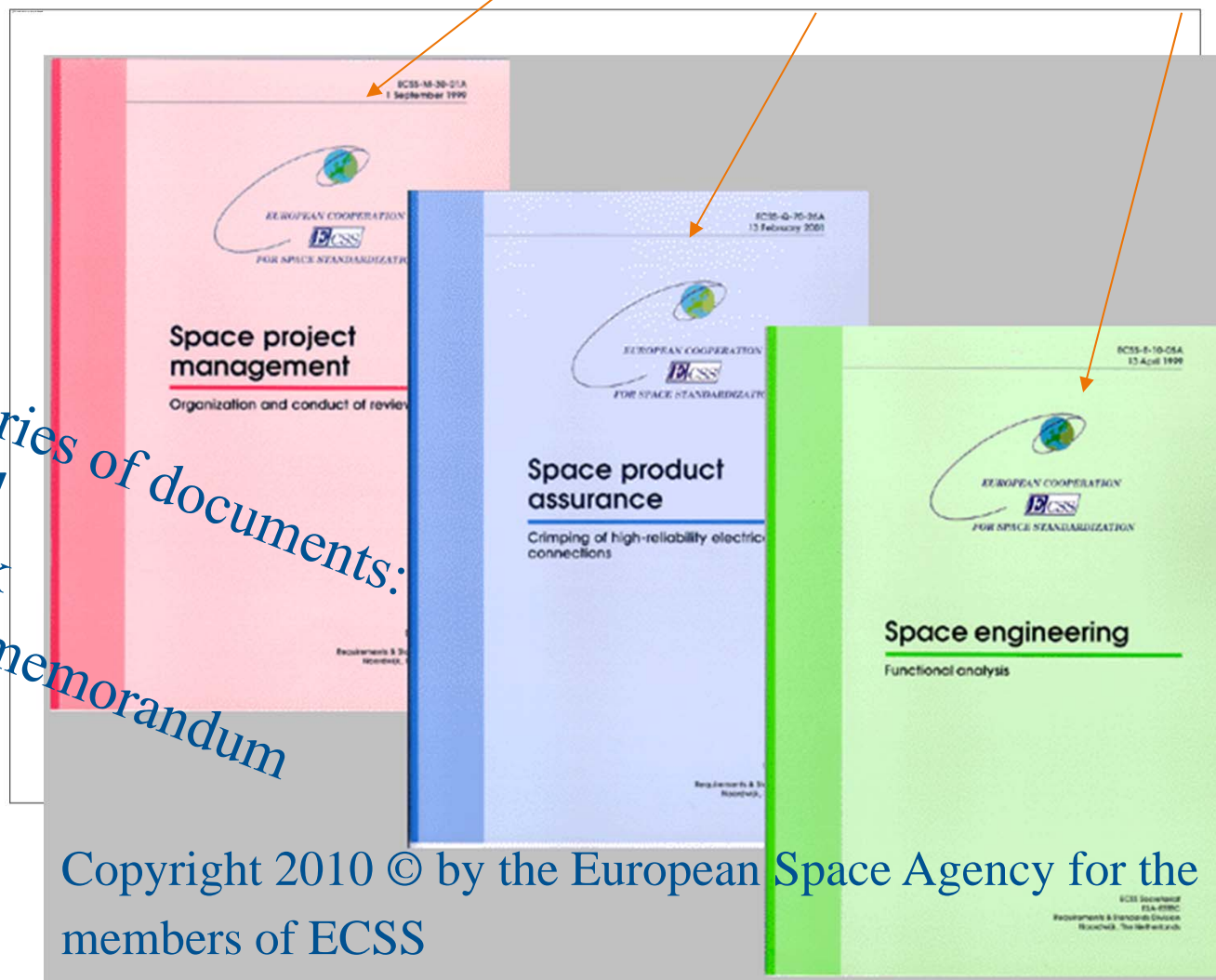
European National Space Agencies





## ECSS : Documentation architecture (1/2)

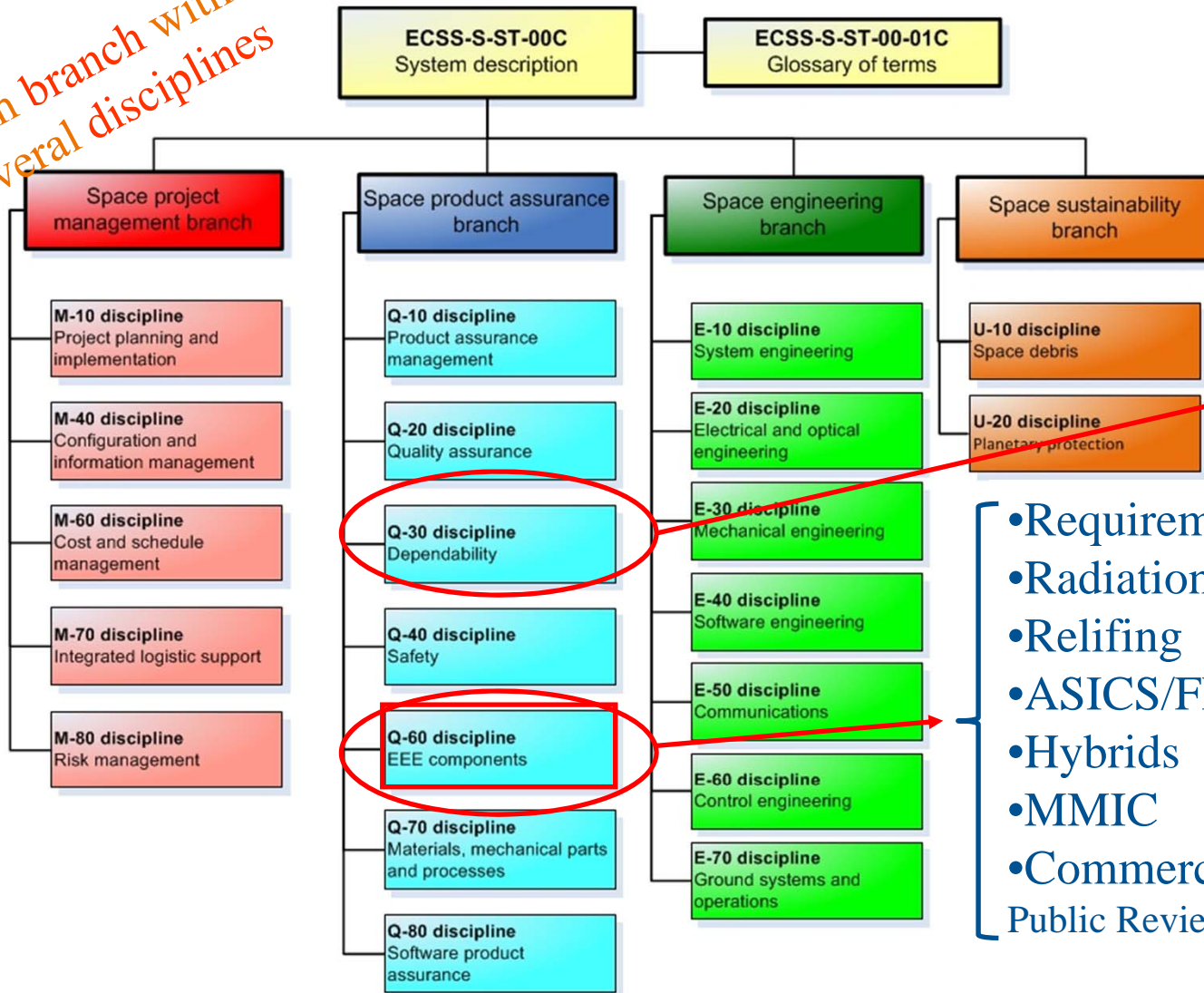
ECSS Architecture : **3 branches** : Management, **Product Assurance**, Engineering





## ECSS : Architecture (2/2)

Each branch with several disciplines



•Derating

- Requirements
- Radiation Hardness Assurance
- Relifing
- ASICS/FPGA
- Hybrids
- MMIC
- Commercial components (In Public Review)



# ECSS-Q-ST-60

## ☞ 3 classes of requirements (assurance/risk trade-off)

### • Typical requirements (non exhaustive)

- Declared Components List
- Parts/material restriction
- Preferred sources
- Parts Approval
- Evaluation
- Screening / Quality levels
- Lot test
- Final Customer Source Inspection
- Incoming Inspection
- Radiation
- Destructive Physical Analysis
- Relifing
- Handling/ storage
- Traceability
- Alerts
- Hybrids
- Microwave monolithic integrated circuits
- One time programmable devices

Edition C rev 2  
under Public Review





# ECSS-Q-ST-60-13 (commercial components)

•Based on and complementary to ECSS-Q-ST-60C

•Applicable to commercial encapsulated active monolithic parts (integrated circuits and discrete)

•3 classes

• Public Review open (up to 12 April 2013)

	CLASS 1	CLASS 2	CLASS 3
<b>EVALUATION</b>	<b>COMPLETE</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Construction analysis</li> <li>- Electrical charact. (3T+10°C margin)</li> <li>- Meca shocks + Vib. + Const. Acc. (for cavity package)</li> <li>- Precond + HAST 96h or THB 1000h</li> <li>- Lifetest 2000h-125°C + DPA</li> <li>- Precond + 500T/C -55°C/+125°C</li> <li>- Radiation evaluation (TID, SEE)</li> </ul>	<b>COMPLETE</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Construction analysis</li> <li>- Electrical charact. (3T+10°C margin)</li> <li>- Meca shocks + Vib. + Const. Acc. (for cavity package)</li> <li>- Precond + HAST 96h or THB 1000h</li> <li>- Lifetest 2000h-125°C + DPA</li> <li>- Precond + 500T/C -55°C/+125°C</li> <li>- Radiation evaluation (TID, SEE)</li> </ul>	<b>LIMITED</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Construction analysis</li> <li>- Radiation evaluation (TID, SEE)</li> </ul>
<b>JD (Justification Doc)</b>	<b>DATA COLLECTION</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Component manufacturer data</li> <li>- Approval status</li> <li>- Evaluation tests</li> <li>- Procurement inspection and test</li> <li>- Lot acceptance tests</li> <li>- Radiation hardness data and RVT</li> </ul>	<b>DATA COLLECTION</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Component manufacturer data</li> <li>- Approval status</li> <li>- Evaluation tests</li> <li>- Procurement inspection and test</li> <li>- Lot acceptance tests</li> <li>- Radiation hardness data and RVT</li> </ul> <b>DATA COLLECTED</b> (EFR, lifetest, thermal cycling) used for screening reduction	<b>DATA COLLECTION</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Component manufacturer data</li> <li>- Approval status</li> <li>- Evaluation tests</li> <li>- Procurement inspection and tests</li> <li>- Lot acceptance tests</li> <li>- Radiation hardness data and RVT</li> </ul> <b>DATA COLLECTED</b> (lifetest, HAST, thermal cycling) used for lot test reduction
<b>CUSTOMER PRECAP</b>	no	no	no
<b>SCREENING</b>	<b>COMPLETE</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- X-rays</li> <li>- Serialisation</li> <li>- 10T/C -55°C/+125°C</li> <li>- PIND test (if applicable)</li> <li>- Initial electrical test @ 25°C</li> <li>- Dynamic burn-in 240h-125°C</li> <li>- Final electrical test @ 3T*</li> <li>- PDA (5%)</li> <li>- Hermeticity (if applicable)</li> <li>- External visual inspection</li> </ul>	<b>LIMITED (if data collected)</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- PIND test (if applicable)</li> <li>- Hermeticity (if applicable)</li> </ul> <b>+ if no data collected (see JD)</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Serialisation</li> <li>- 10T/C -55°C/+125°C</li> <li>- Initial electrical test @ 25°C</li> <li>- Dynamic burn-in 160h-125°C</li> <li>- Final electrical test @ 3T*</li> <li>- PDA (5%)</li> <li>- External visual inspection</li> </ul>	<b>LIMITED</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- PIND test (if applicable)</li> <li>- Hermeticity (if applicable)</li> </ul>
<b>LOT TEST (on screened parts) (when applicable)</b>	<b>COMPLETE</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Construction analysis</li> <li>- Meca shocks + Vib. + Const. Acc. (for cavity package)</li> <li>- Precond + HAST 96h or THB 1000h</li> <li>- Lifetest 2000h-125°C</li> <li>- Precond + 100T/C -55°C/+125°C</li> <li>- RVT (Radiation Verification test)</li> </ul>	<b>COMPLETE (but LT 1000h)</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Construction analysis</li> <li>- Meca shocks + Vib. + Const. Acc. (for cavity package)</li> <li>- Precond + HAST 96h or THB 1000h</li> <li>- Lifetest 1000h-125°C</li> <li>- Precond + 100T/C -55°C/+125°C (may be waived i.a.w. application)</li> <li>- RVT (Radiation Verification test)</li> </ul>	<b>LIMITED (if data collected)</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Construction analysis</li> <li>- RVT (Radiation Verification test)</li> </ul> <b>+ if no data collected (see JD)</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Precond + HAST 96h or THB 1000h</li> <li>- Lifetest 1000h-125°C</li> <li>- Precond + 100T/C -55°C/+125°C</li> </ul>
<b>CUSTOMER BUY-OFF</b>	no (replaced by incoming)	no (replaced by incoming)	no (replaced by incoming)
<b>INCOMING</b>	yes	yes	yes



## ECSS-Q-ST-60-14 (relifing)

**Relifing = storing, controlling during storage and de-storing**

The Relifing tests are performed to check the absence of degradation during the storage (e.g. pollution, corrosion, ageing)

The relifing is a lot quality control and not an up screening or up grading test sequences

Typical tests are: Visual inspection, solderability, hermeticity, electrical tests, Destructive Physical Analysis

Eligibility criteria are:

- Adequate storage conditions: 22° C +/- 5° C, Relative Humidity 55% +/- 10%
- Quality level in accordance with the Project requirements
- Lot homogeneity, traceability and data documentation (e.g. CoC, data package)
- No open alert or Non Conformity
- Parts not older than 10 years ( $t_0 = \text{Date-code}$ )

➤ **After a maximum storage period of 7 years, the relifing tests extend it to 3 years**

Only the period before mounting is considered, the long term storage of a satellite is not considered and must be specifically addressed

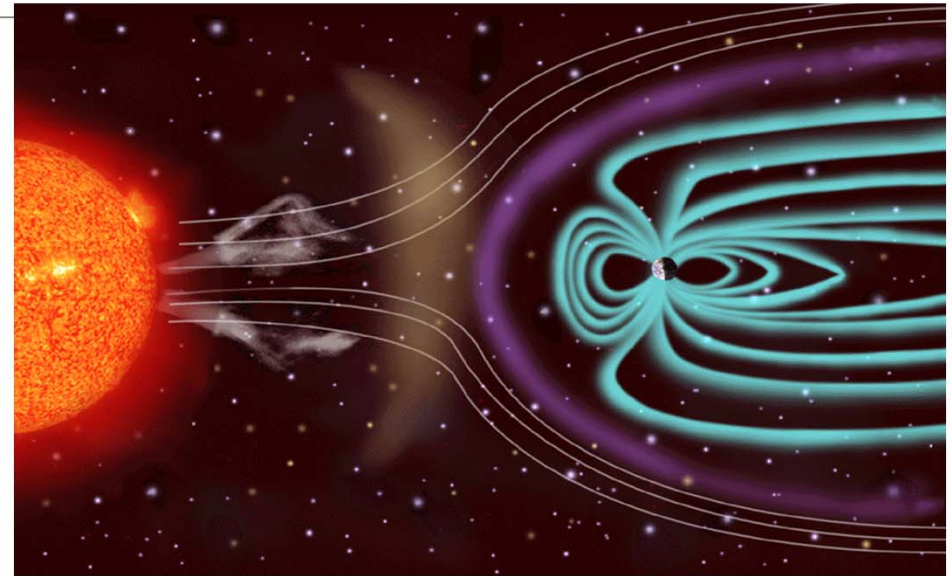




# ECSS-Q-ST-60-15 (Radiation Hardness Assurance)

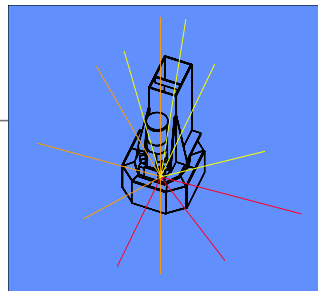
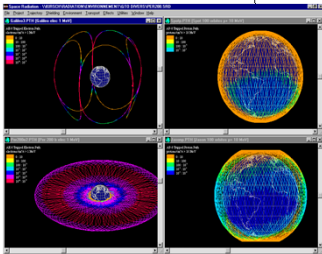
Total Ionizing Dose, Total Non Ionizing Dose, Single Event Effects (SEU, SET, SEL, SEB, SEGR)

- Test methods, sampling, data
- Criteria (functional, parametric),
- Worst case/statistical
- Margin policy
- Radiation Verification Test



ECSS-E-10-04  
Space environment

ECSS-E-10-12  
Radiation calculation





# ESCC : principles

•ESCC = **E**uropean **S**pace **C**omponents **C**oordination

•The ESCC System is applicable to **E**lectrical **E**lectronic **E**lectromechanical (EEE) Components

- Electronic : ICs ( LSI, VLSI), transistors, diodes ...
- Electrical : resistors, capacitors, connectors, cables, crystals, thermistors, fuses ...
- Electromechanical : relays, switches ...

•ESCC = set of requirements to **evaluate**, **qualify**, **procure** (screening, lot test) European EEE components

➤ QPL = **Q**ualified **P**arts **L**ist , QML = **Q**ualified **M**anufacturers **L**ist

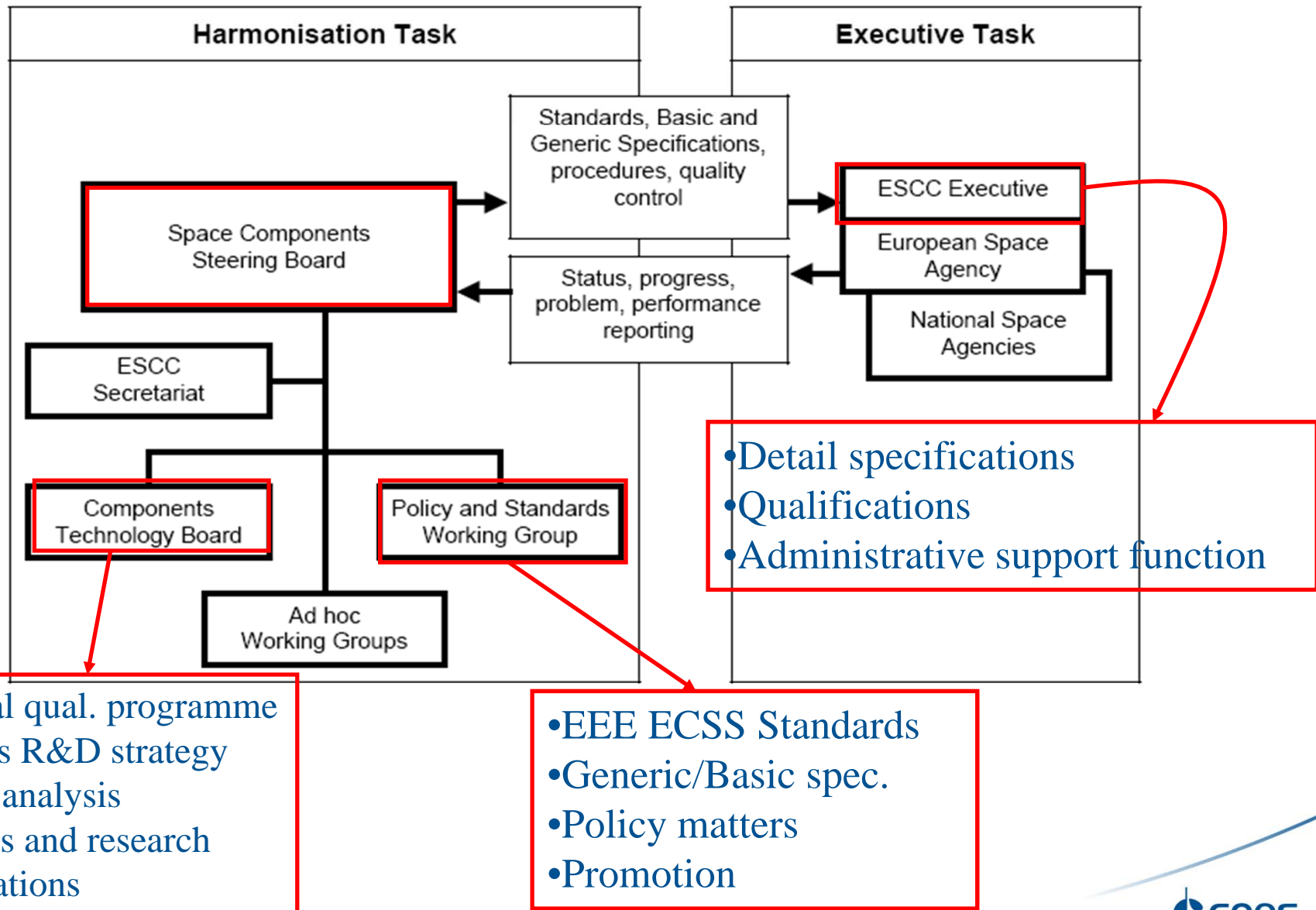
➤ EPPL = **E**uropean **P**referred **P**arts **L**ist includes European & non European parts, not only qualified ones

•3 ways to qualify : component qualification, capability approval, technology flow qualification.





# ESCC : Organisation

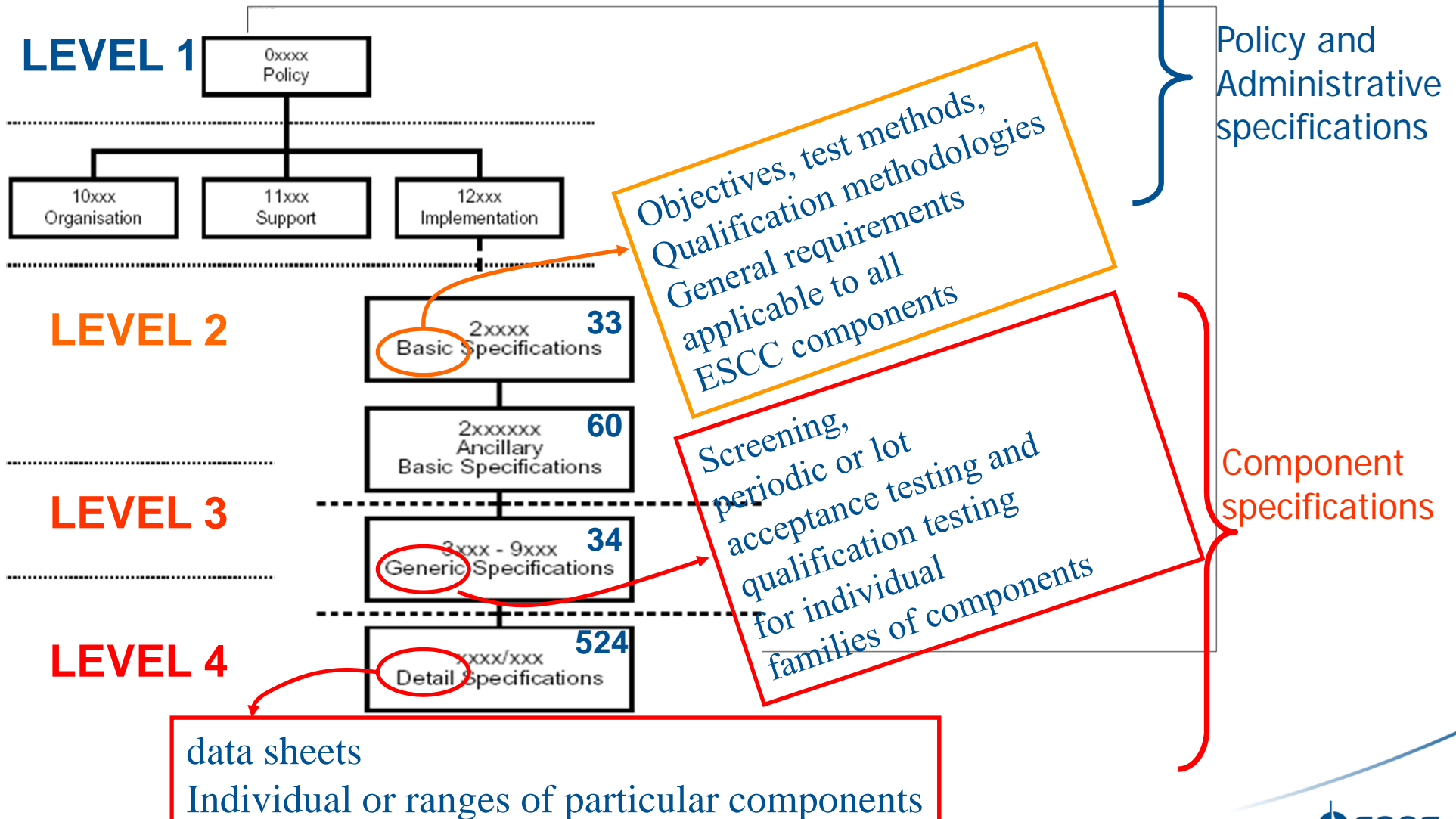




# ESCC : Documentation architecture

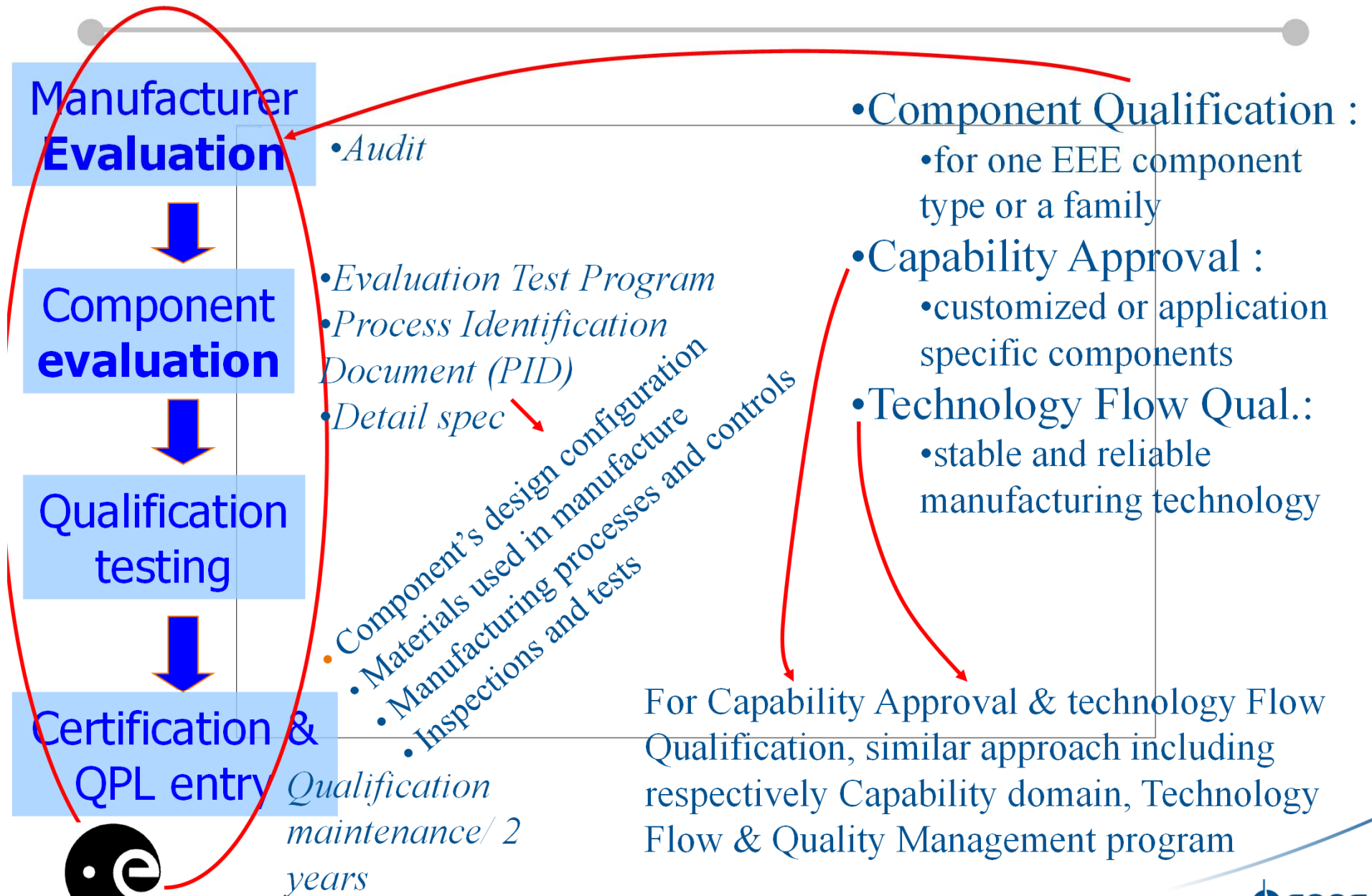
## LEVEL 0

## LEVEL 1





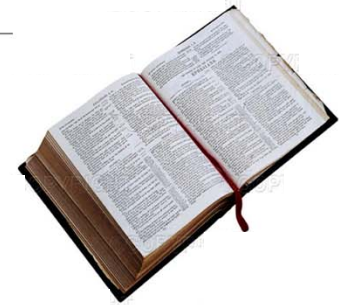
# ESCC : Qualification





## ESCC : some specific requirements (non exhaustive)

- Change control program
- Chief Inspector : Manufacturer's point of contact
- Non Conformance system
- Traceability
- Customer requirements
- Control/inspection procedures
- Management of sub-contractors and suppliers
- Incoming inspection and storage of raw material/piece parts
- Training & certification
- Failure analysis capability
- Calibration

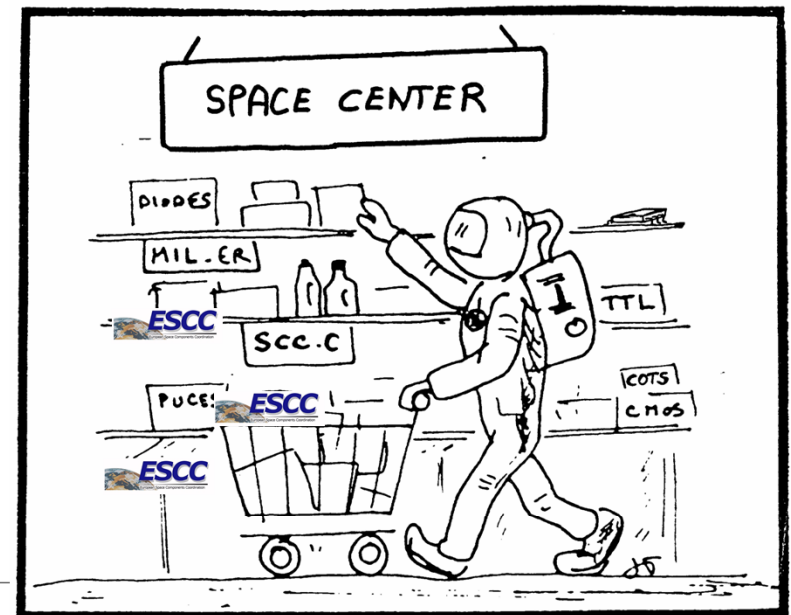




# ESCC : some achievements

List of published ESCC specifications: refer to REP001.

- QPL/QML 1 edition/month, (36 manufacturers)
- EPPL (41 manufacturers) 2 editions/year
- Training course (1-2 sessions /year)
- ESCC specifications referenced (Google®)





# ESCC, ECSS : Coming soon (extract)

- QPL management (update)
- Pure tin inspection (in finalisation)
- Process Capability Approval (under construction)
- Hybrid capability Approval (under construction)
- Opto (Laser diodes, optical fibers) (under construction)
- EPPL Management (update) (under construction)
- Cable assemblies (under construction)
- Test methods : Total Dose ; Single events (under construction)
- ECSS :
  - ECSS-Q-ST-60C rev 2 (In Public Review)
  - ECSS-Q-ST-60-13C (In Public Review)

