Aligned Carbon Nanotubes Implementation in Aerospace Fiber Polymer Composites for Multifunctional Property Enhancement

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Summary: Nano-engineered Hybrid Advanced Composites

- Advanced fiber-matrix composites hybridized with *aligned* carbon nanotubes (CNTs) as the 3rd phase
 - Multi-functional (mechanical, electrical, thermal, etc.) property enhancement
 - Possible weight reduction
- Scaling challenges



Effective use of nano-scale CNTs, but in macro-scale structures

Applications of Nano-engineered Composites



CNT Scaling and Compositing Effects



Limiting Factors of Electrical/Thermal Transport in CNT-Composites

<u>CNT itself</u>



Diffusive vs. Ballistic [Yamamoto, 6th US-Japan Joint Seminar on Nanoscale Transport Phenomena, 2008]

• CNT properties

- CNT composite fabrication
- CNT composite testing
- Transport model of CNT composites

CNT Morphologies



[Hart et al., J. Phys. Chem. B,2006] Sept 14, 2010 5

Multi-Scale Approach





CNT Nano-engineered Composites: Fuzzy Fiber Reinforced Plastic (FFRP)

- Radially aligned CNTs grown on fiber surfaces (as the 3rd phase)
- Mechanical bridging and thermal/electrical conductive pathways made of CNTs throughout the structure
- Good CNT dispersion in matrix





FFRP Fabrication

Capillary-driven epoxy infiltration: retained CNT alignment and dispersion



[Yamamoto et al., ICCM, 2007]

FFRP Electrical Testing

X10⁶-10⁸ conduction enhancement with ~1-3% V_f of CNTs



CNT Volume Fraction [%] Sept 14, 2010 9

FFRP Thermal Testing

x1.9 conduction enhancement with $\sim 3\%$ V_f of CNTs suggests larger inter-CNT resistance effects in thermal conduction



Short beam shear strength



[Garcia et al., Comp.Sci.Tech., 2008]

Tension bearing



FFRP Mechanical Testing

Mode I fracture toughness



[Wicks et al., Comp.Sci.Tech., 2010]

[Wicks et al., Comp.Sci.Tech., 2010]

FFRP System Health Monitoring





In-plane



<u>Through-thickness</u>



- Patterned with Ag paint electrode grids
- Applied on impact damage
- Significant electrical resistance changes to represent the damage locations

[Wicks et al., AIAA, 2010]

Measured Multi-functional Properties of FFRP

Property		Baseline	FFRP	Enhancement by CNT	CNT V _f [%]
Short beam shear strength [MPa]		20.1	33.8	x1.7	~1-3
Mode I fracture toughness [kJ/m ²]	Non-linear initiation	1.21	2.02	x1.7	~1-2
	Steady-state	2.12	3.74	x1.8	
Tension bearing [MPa]	Chord stiffness	226	246	x1.2	~2.5
	Ultimate bearing stress	236	248	x1.1	
DC electrical conductivity [S/mm]	In-plane	~10 ⁻⁷	~ 10 ⁻¹	x10 ⁶	~2.7
	Through-thickness	~10 ⁻¹⁰	~10 ⁻²	x10 ⁸	
Thermal conductivity [W/mK]	In-plane	0.42	0.75	x1.8	~5
	Through-thickness	0.58	0.94	x1.6	

CNT Scaling and Compositing Effects



Scaling Down to A-CNT-PNCs



- Unknowns of transport in FFRPs
 - Limiting factors in scaling: even with good CNT dispersion
 - Difference between electrical and thermal transport behavior
 - Keys to further improvement: alignment, morphology?
- A-CNT-PNCs as RVE
 - Simple: easy to model, fewer parameters/unknowns
 - Controlled morphology: variable aligned CNT V_f and length
 - Anisotropic: amplify inter-CNT effects

Consistent data on samples with morphology control

Fabrication of A-CNT-PNCs



Contributions and Future Work

- Conclusions
 - Aligned CNTs as 3rd phase (2nd fiber) provides concomitant mechanical, thermal, and electrical enhancement
 - Limiting factors in thermal and electrical transport were identified and quantified through characterization of A-CNT-PNCs.
- Future Work
 - Composite processing: CNT growth on carbon fibers, infusion with aero-grade epoxy
 - Further FFRP characterization: mechanical and thermoelectrical properties, focusing on anisotropy due to aligned-CNTs

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