



## The advanced microfluidics and integrated optics technology forming the micro system analysis core to be integrated in the ExoMars Life Marker Chip instrument

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# Life Marker Chip

- Goal

- Search for molecular evidence of past or present life

- How

- In situ analysis using biosensing / bio-analytical technologies and micro/nano systems technology

- Introduction LioniX
- Life Marker Chip on ExoMars rover
- LMC instrument
- LMC microfluidics
- LMC integrated optics
- Spin-off and commercialisation
- Future developments
- Concluding remarks

# Mission Statement

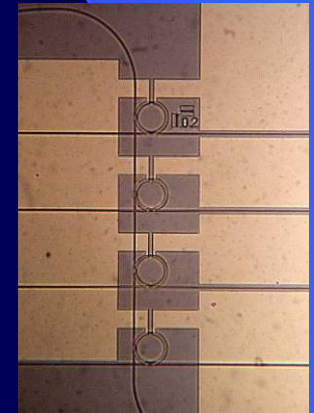
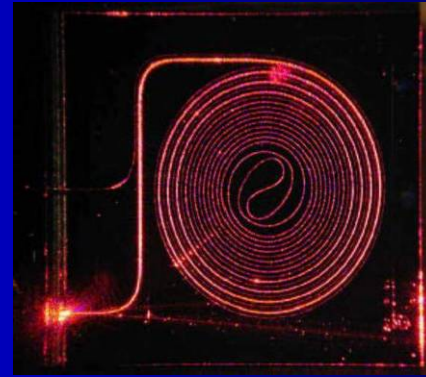
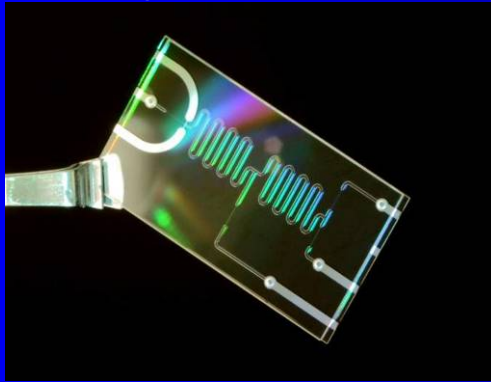
LioniX is a leading provider in development and production of leveraging products based on micro/nano technology for its (OEM) customers in Telecom, Industrial Process Control, Life Sciences and Space.

The core technologies are integrated optics and microfluidics, including surface functionalization.

LioniX offers 'design for manufacturing' and 'horizontal integration' by partnering with foundries and suppliers of complementary technologies

# Overview LioniX

- Located at the Science Park University of Twente
- Sister company iX-factory at MST.factory Dortmund
- 25 people, mainly highly educated
- Private company (BV), profitable
- Shareholder Panthera Group BV (70 people)
  - Product spin-outs / sister companies
- Core technologies/activities
  - Lab-on-a-Chip / (bio)chemical sensor systems
  - Micro-photonic signal/data processing (communications, spectrometry)



# In-house facilities

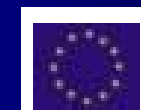
## Low-volume production at:

- State-of-the-art micro/nano facilities of the MESA+ NanoLab (facility sharing)
- Private facilities for core technologies
- iX-factory GmbH (Dortmund, Germany)
- High volume production at contracted foundries



# Customers

- Established national and worldwide customer network
- Representatives in UK, Scandinavia, Israel, USA, Asia
- Telecom:
  - Fiber-to-the Home, satellites, mobile communication
- Process Control:
  - chemistry/pharma, bioprocessing, water
- Life sciences:
  - food, biotech, medical
- Space:
  - bioanalytical systems, optical data/signal processing
- OEM's, VC start-up companies
- Innovative end-users
  - multinationals, research institutions



# Life Marker Chip on Mars

ExoMars  
elements  
and  
planning



ESA



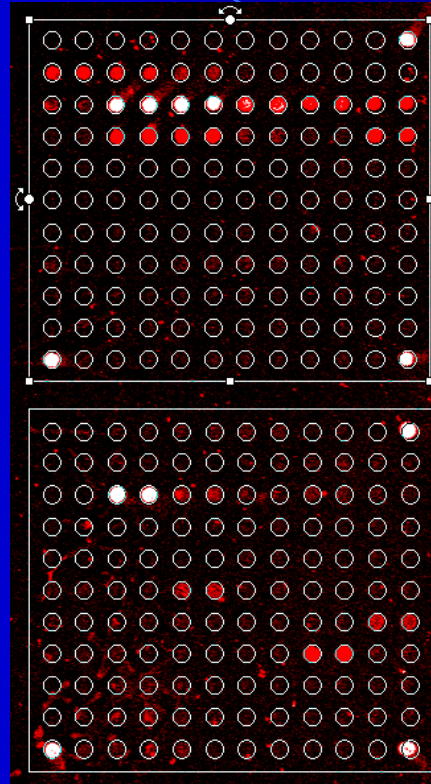
# Life Marker Chip on Mars

## Antibody microarray technology

allows the attachment of thousands of probes in a few square centimetres on a solid support. Smaller reaction volumes and higher reaction kinetics, together to its great potential for miniaturization and robotization, make microarray technology a good system for *in situ* analysis of biomarkers in astrobiology.

## Features

1. Capable to detect extant and extinct life
2. Multiple molecular detection in parallel
3. No special external calibration
4. Allows detection of broad molecular size range
5. Sensitivity: From ppb to ppt
6. Results are very easy to analyze
7. Biotechnology industry supports this technology.



Typical image with one hundred different antibodies as well as positive and negative control

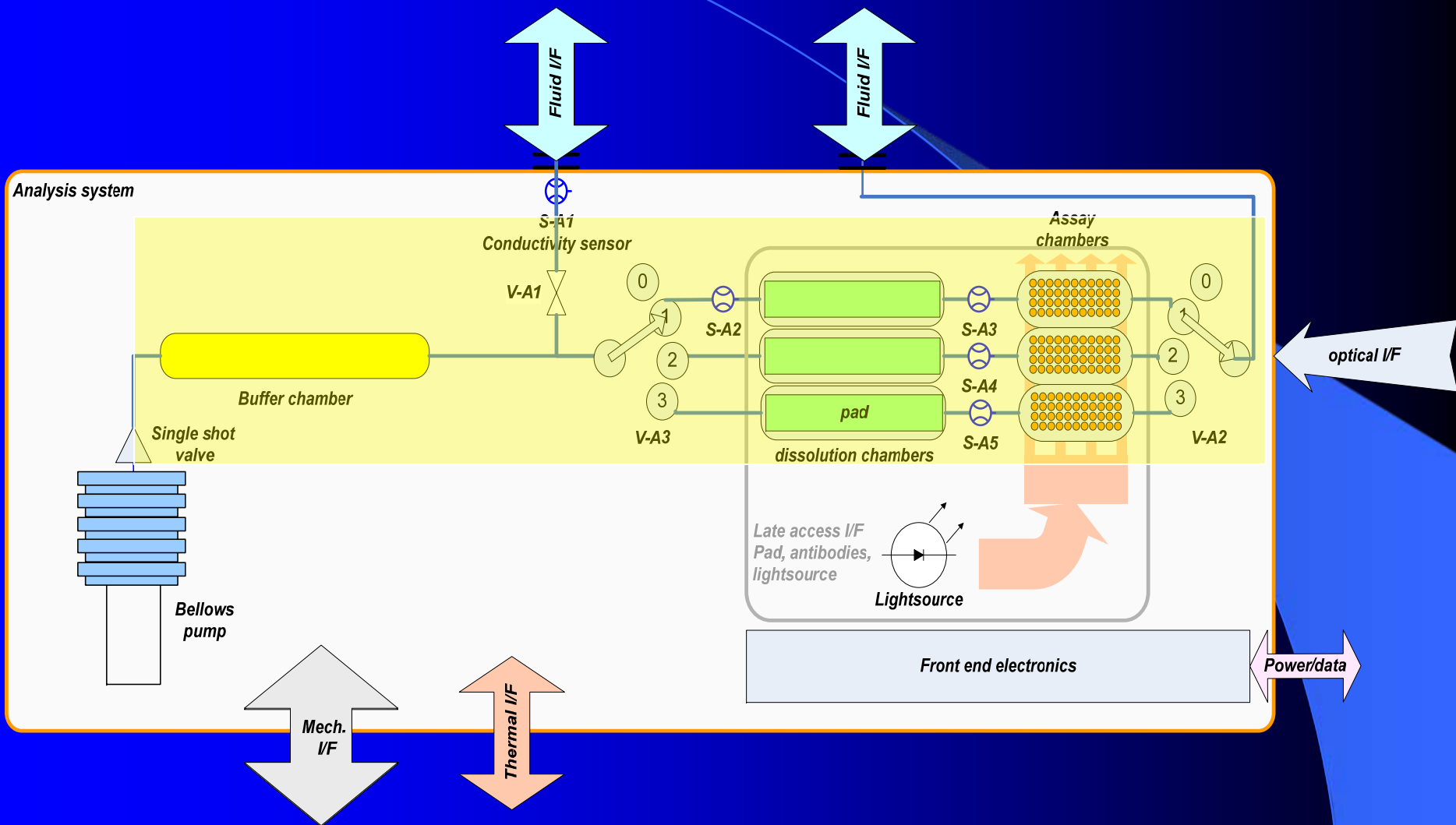
## Present life biomarkers

1. Whole cells,
2. Cellular debris, biofilms
3. Biopolymers

## Past life biomarkers

1. Aliphatic Hydrocarbons.
2. Monocyclic hydrocarbons.
3. Tricyclic hydrocarbons.
4. Aromatic carotenoids.
5. Hopanoids and other pentacyclic triterpanes.
6. PAHs.
7. Lipids – Steroids.
8. Porphyrins and maleimides.
9. Aminoacids (aa) and nucleotides.
10. Nucleotides and other metabolites
11. Polymers

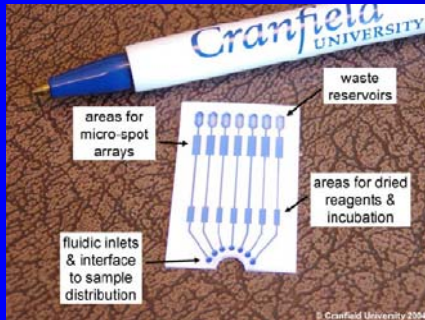
# Analysis subsystem fluidics



# Micro/Nano/Bio Tech in LMC

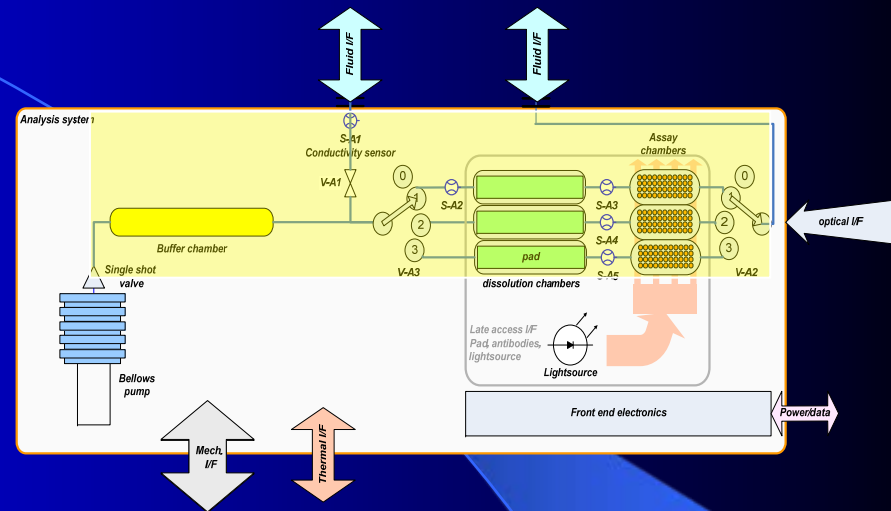
- **Antibody microarray**

- competition assay format (3 chemistries)
- predosed dried chemicals
- single-use
- 4 arrays of 10x10 spots



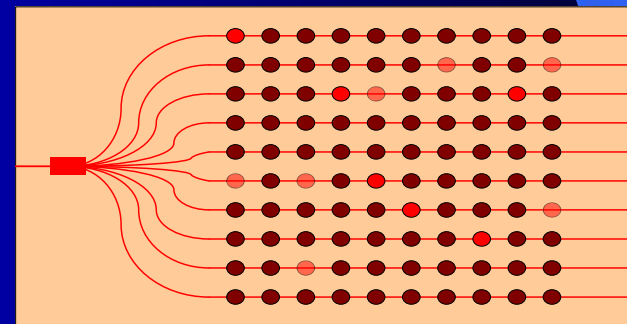
- **Microfluidics based core system**

- based on micro/nano technologies
- micro channels: fluidic connections
- micro chambers: reagents, array, buffer
- micro sensors: electrical conductivity
- planar optical waveguides: excitation of dyes
- micro system integration: compact subsystem
- hybrid selector valve



- **Integrated planar waveguides**

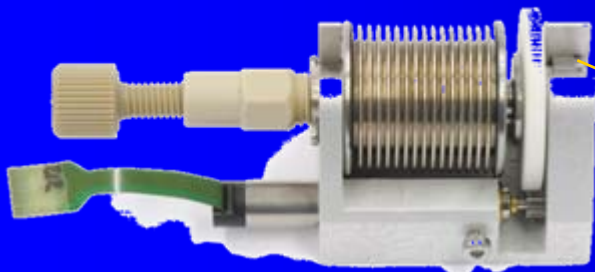
- Laser Induced Fluorescence (LIF)
- excitation by 'manifold' substrate



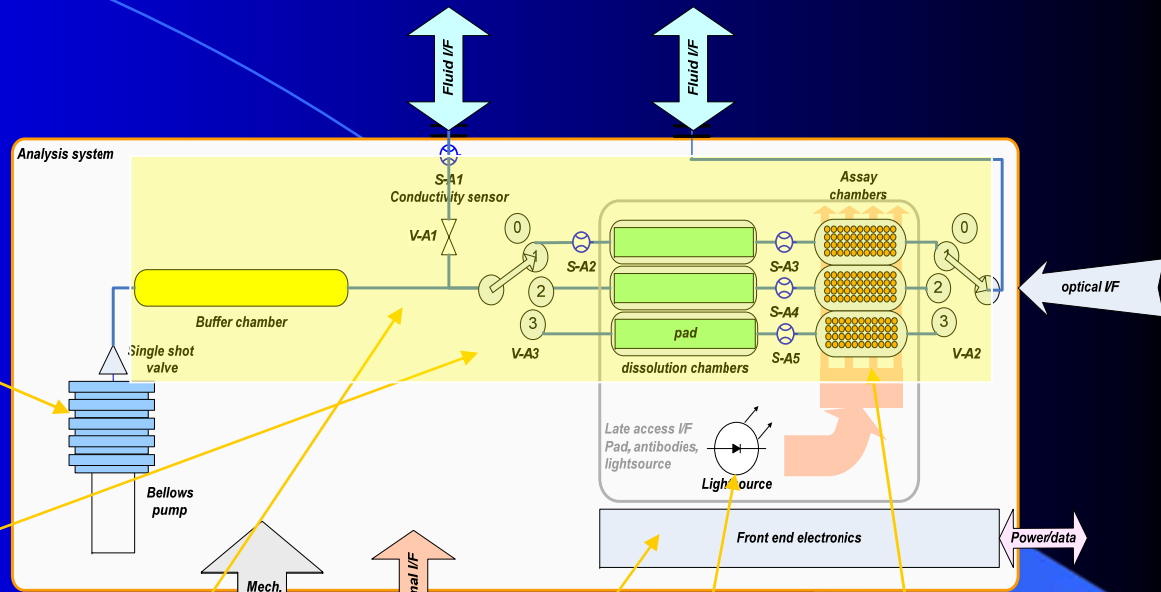
# Chips system integration

Courtesy of Guus Borst  
Dutch Space

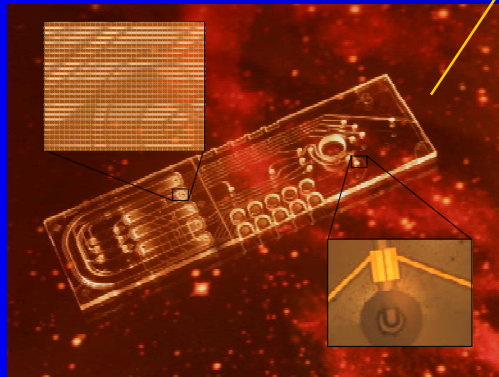
## LMC Analysis Subsystem Elements



Fluid storage, valve and pump



Rotary valve to control the fluid over the chip



Glass chip with integrated fluid channels, chambers and sensors



Electronics to read out the sensors



Laser



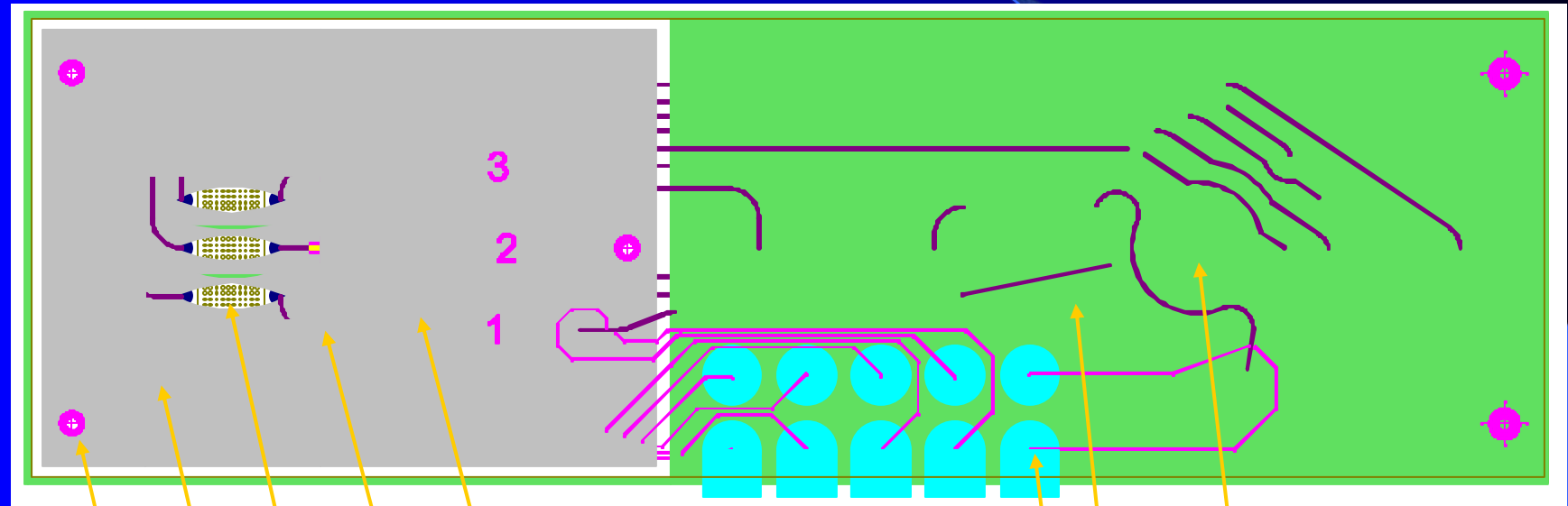
Waveguides to excite the attached antibodies

# Microfluidic chip (view from above)

1G-prototype

52 mm

16 mm



Dry reagent chambers

Fluid front (EC) sensor

Assay (reaction) chambers

Buffer chamber

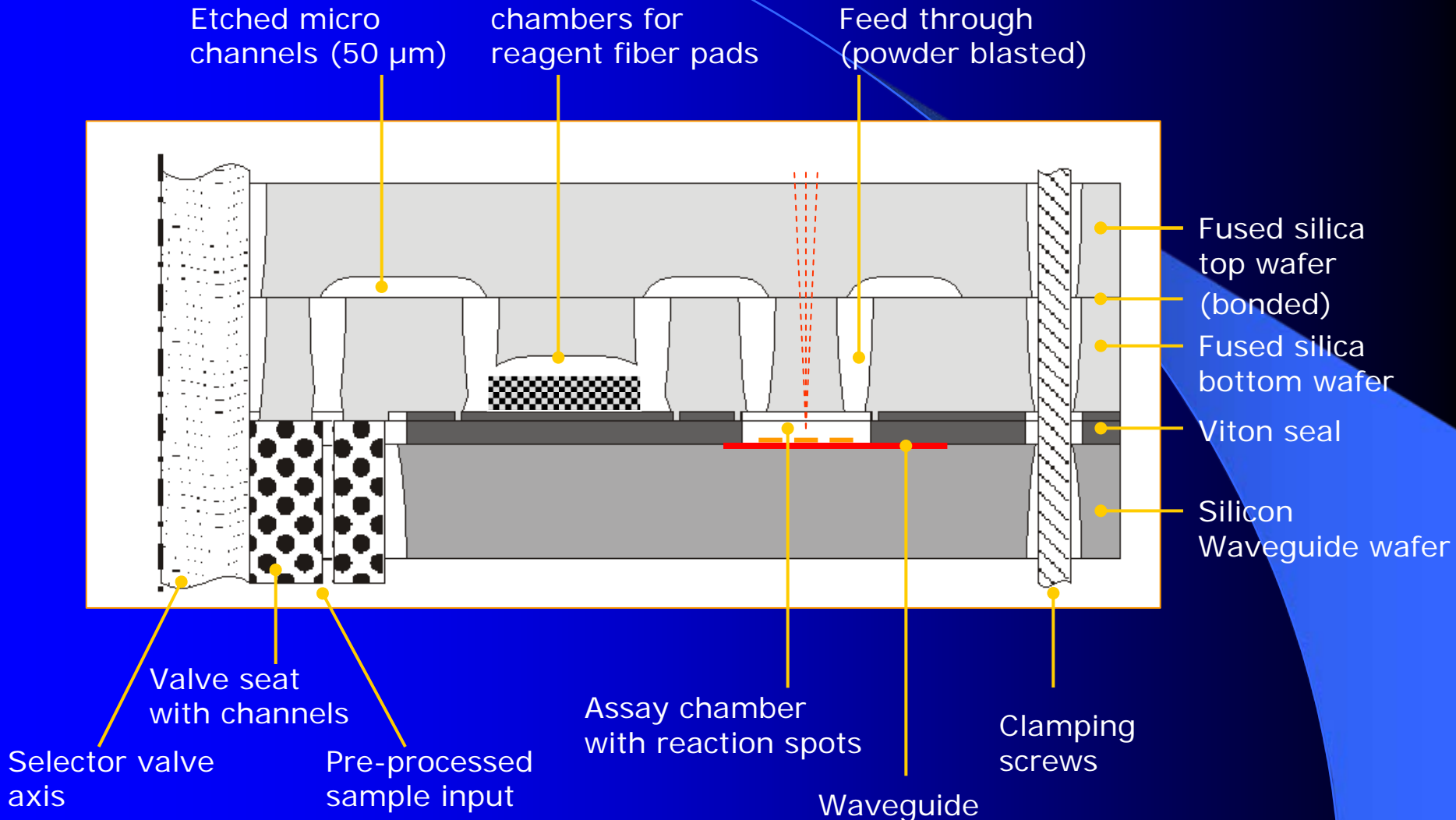
Assembly alignment mark

Selection valve axis

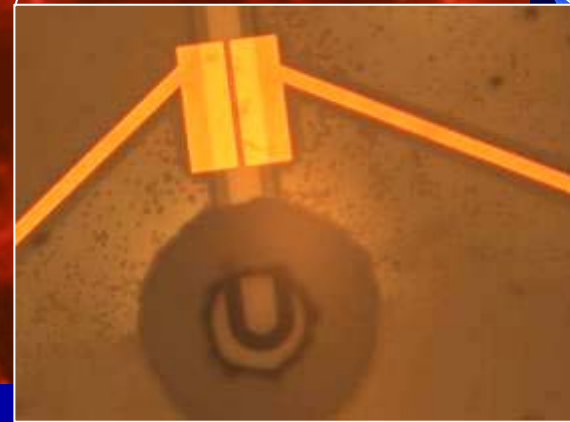
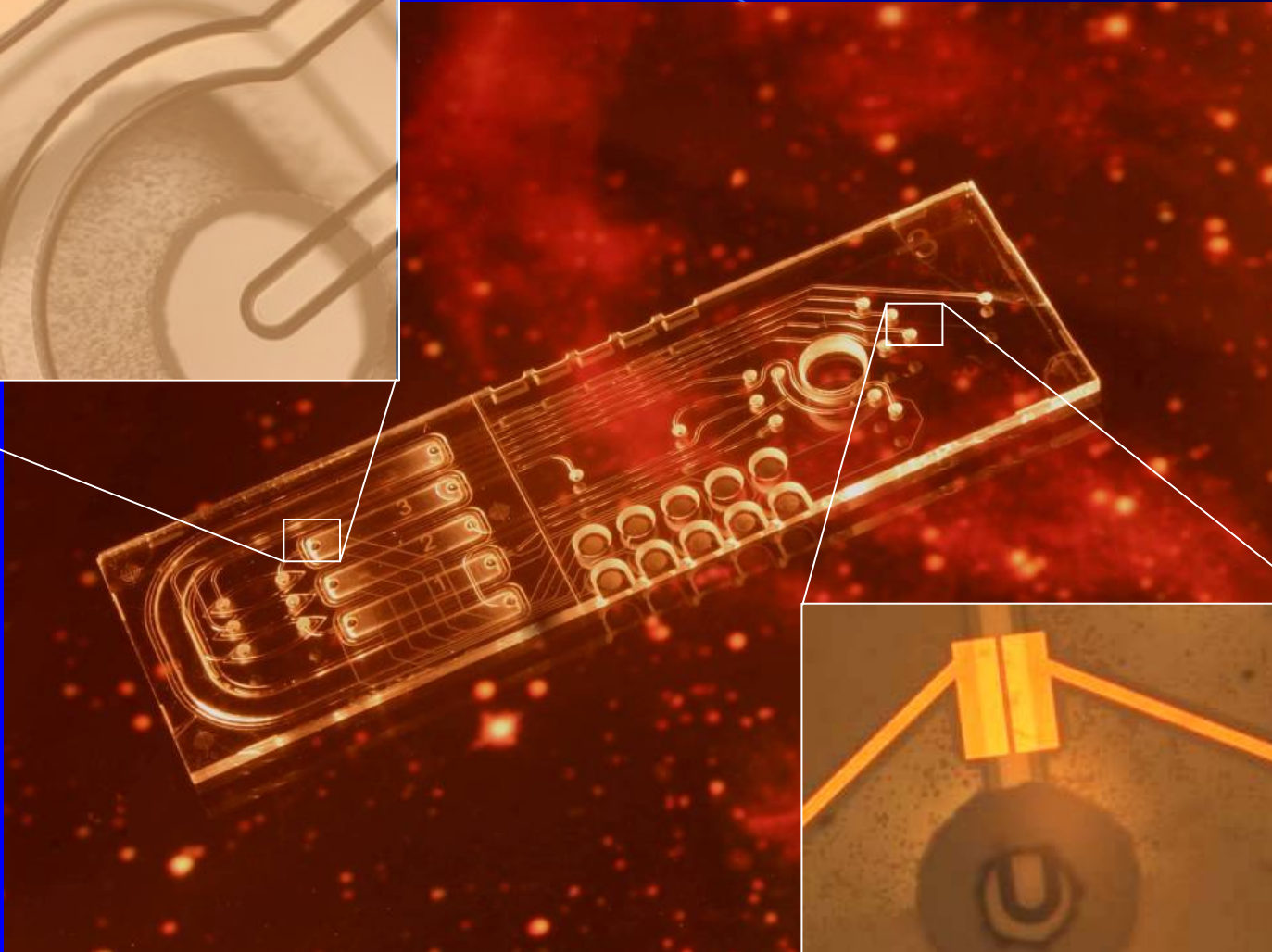
Fluid ports

Contact pads  
EC sensors

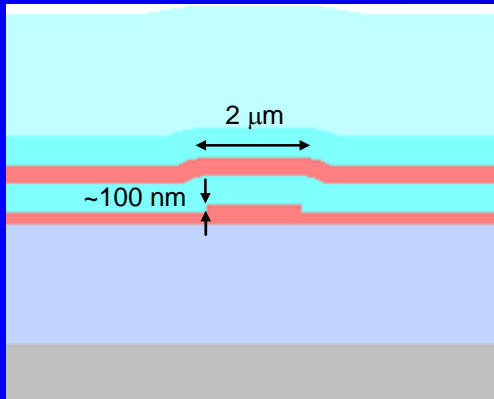
# Microfluidics chip (cross-section)



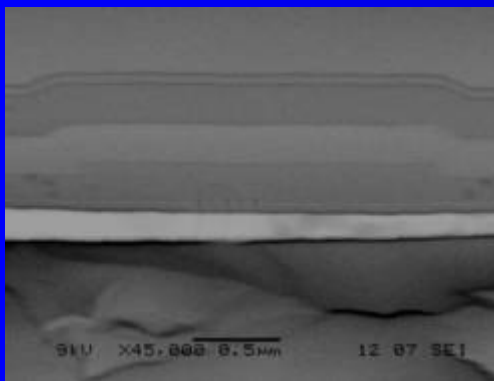
# Fluidic chip with conductivity electrodes



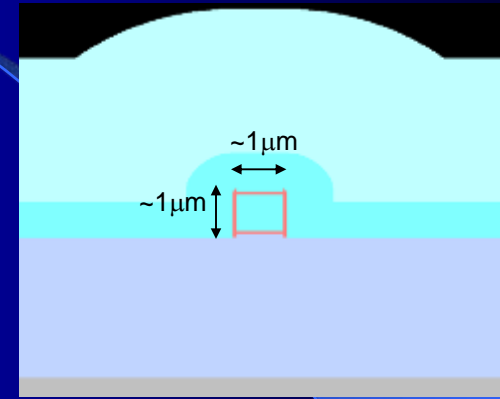
# Planar waveguide technology TriPleX™



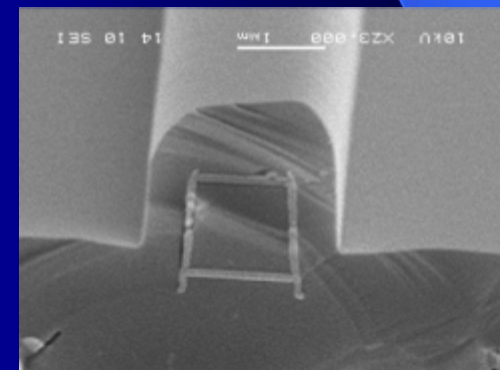
'sensing' geometry  
for Lab-on-a-Chip



$\text{Si}_3\text{N}_4$ : red layer  
 $\text{SiO}_2$ : red layer



'fiber-like' geometry for  
data/telecom



Core of TriPleX™:  
 $\text{Si}_3\text{N}_4$  /  $\text{SiO}_2$  /  $\text{Si}_3\text{N}_4$

'Design by geometry'

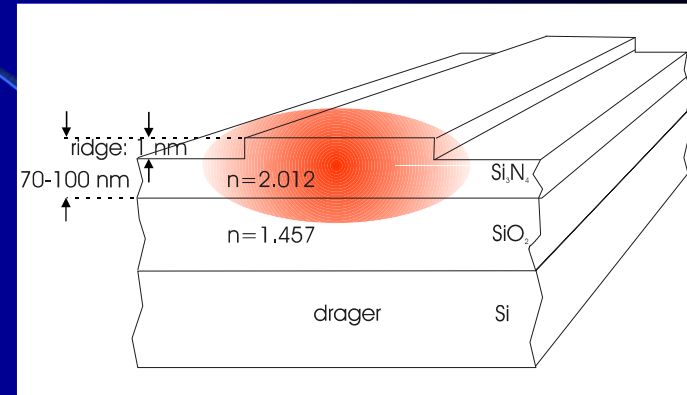


# Features of TriPleX™

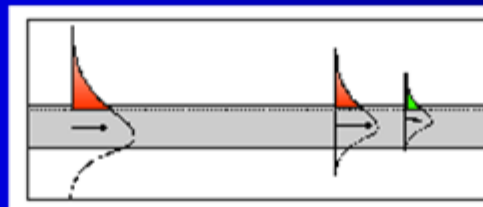
- based on standard, reproducible and stable thin films
  - SiO<sub>2</sub> and Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub>
  - compatible with CMOS
  - transparent 400nm – 2500nm (VIS-(N)IR)
- high index contrast
  - small bending radius
  - large scale integration (LSI)
- low propagation loss and birefringance
- monolithical integration in Lab-on-a-Chip
  - compatible with fused silica
  - compatible with fused silica bonding
- unique platform for optical data/signal processing
  - design by geometry (not constrained by material properties)
  - RF photonics: filtering, routing, beamforming
  - spectrometry: Earth Observation

# Features of TriPleX™

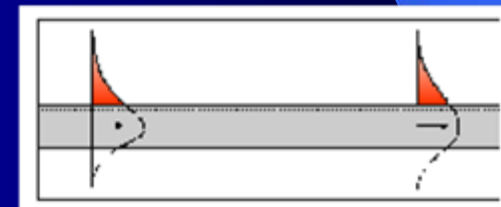
- unique platform for optical detection
  - excitation and sensing of fluorescence in functionalised layer
  - absorption in VIS-(N)IR
  - refractive index sensing (interferometry, selective layer)



Absorption  
(VIS - (N)IR)



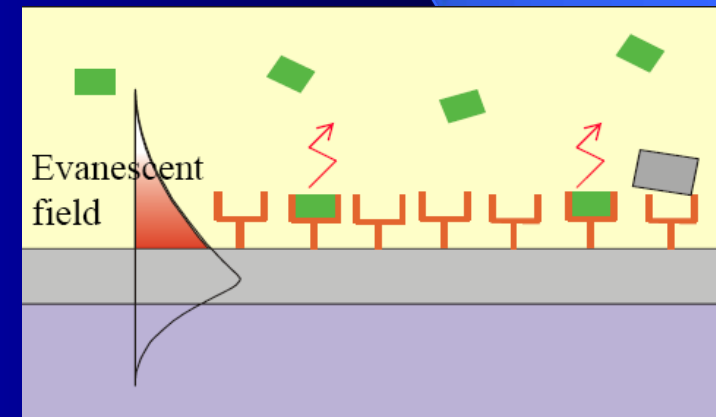
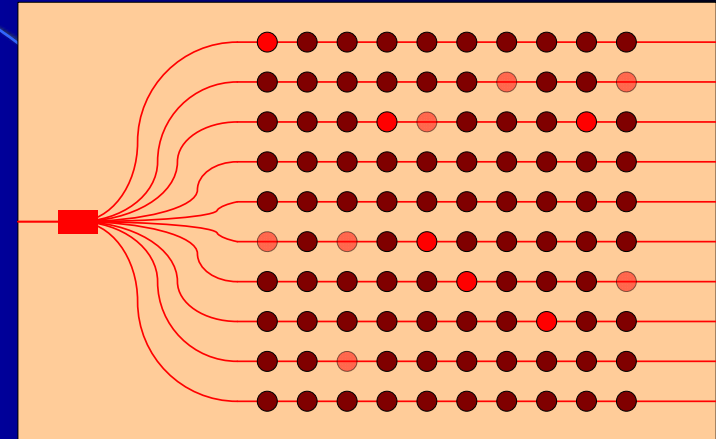
Excitation  
(Fluorescence)



Refractive index  
(interferometry)

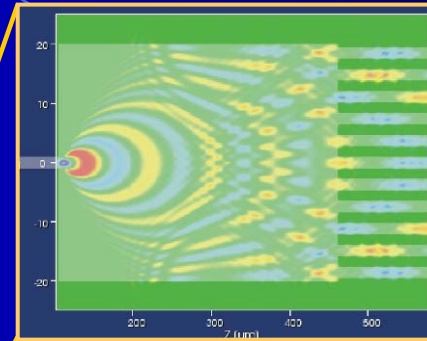
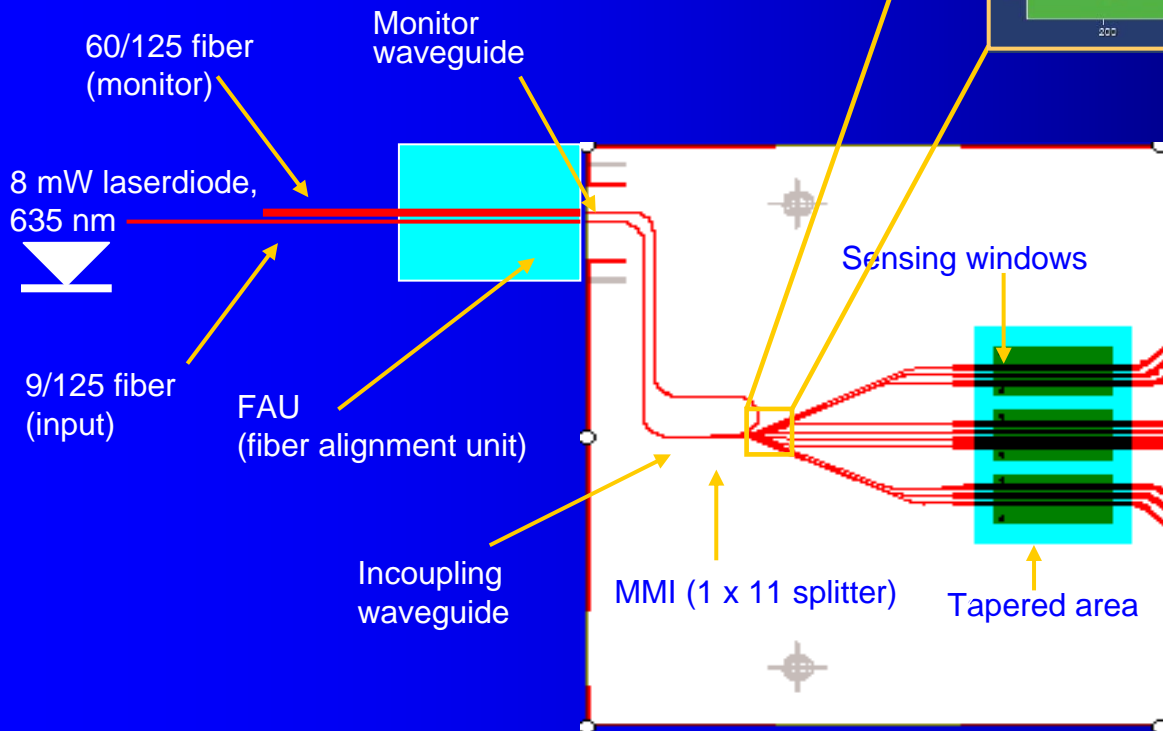
# Detection in LMC

- Each reaction chamber contains an array of 10x10 spots; each spot is functionalised to sense a specific target; spots for self-test included
- Integrated waveguides on silicon substrates using TriPleX™
- Excitation of the (*hopefully!*) bound fluorophores by the evanescent field of the waveguide
- Detection by a camera imaging system

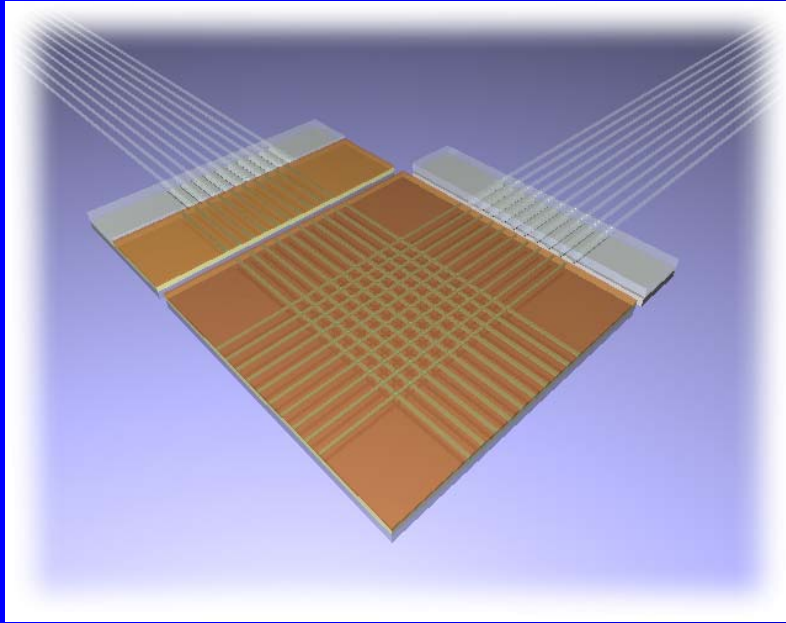


# Optical chip and fiber connections

## Multimode Interferometer



# Planar waveguides in microarrays



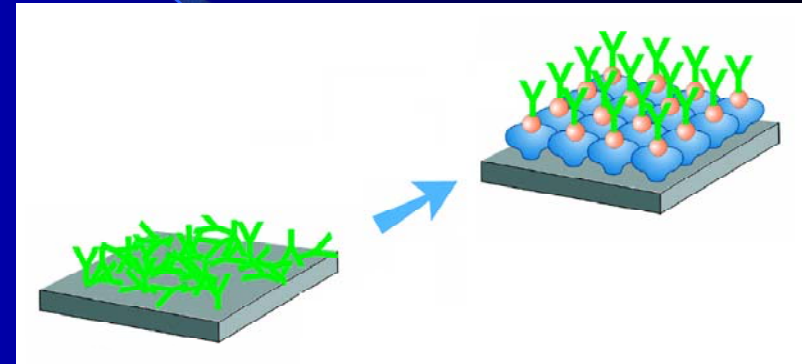
- functionalised spots of:
  - oligo strands for DNA array
  - antibody/protein array
- planar waveguides for:
  - excitation fluorescent dyes
  - sensing of fluorescence

# Spin-out applications

- LMC: *based on bulky R&D/lab equipment*
  - high-throughput screening
  - genomics (DNA) and proteomics (proteins)
  - micro-arrays, capillary electrophoresis, sequencers
  - Commercial: Affymetrix, Agilent, Illumina, Roche, ...
- LMC: *complete miniaturized system*
  - including sample pre-processing!
  - 'flow through', 'closed' systems
  - dedicated applications
  - compact and user-friendly
- LMC: *enabling technologies for 'field' analysis*
  - analysis in space (micro-gravity, life support systems)
  - medical (point-of-care)
  - food quality and safety
  - industrial process control
  - environmental and water
  - safety & security

# Innovative surface functionalisation

- State-of-the-art technology
  - transfer of 3D/titer plate assays to 2D/surface in microfluidics/LoaC
  - 'Trial-and-error' / 'fingerspitzengefühl'
  - Low stability, reproducibility
  - Low homogeneity, efficiency
  - Qualitative detection
  - *Single-use*
- Future technology
  - 'rational design' by convergence of:
    - surface and supramolecular (nano) chemistry
    - biochemistry
    - multiscale modelling & simulation tools
  - better performance
    - stability, reproducibility
    - higher sensitivity  $\longrightarrow$  smaller spots  $\longrightarrow$  higher density
    - quantitative detection and analysis
  - ***regenerable arrays***
    - ***more applications technically and economically feasible***



# Concluding remarks

- Innovative micro/nano technologies in Life Marker Chip instrument
- LMC as enabler for terrestrial applications
- Future developments in functionalisation of micro-arrays will enable more application opportunities