





# Non-standard Test Setups for Optoelectronic COTS

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# Non-standard Test Setups for Optoelectronic COTS

- What do I mean by Non-Standard?.
- Test Setups
  - Image Sensor Radiation Test
  - Thermal Vacuum
  - Temperature characterization with fiber bundles
  - Combined Temperature Radiation Tests
  - Monitoring Optical data
  - Optical Switches
  - Q-Carrier Laser Screening

# Summary



http://www.taringa.net/posts/imagenes/14127661/Las-mejoresilusiones-opticas--Increibles.html.



Rutan's SpaceShipOne http://www.sott.net/image/s5/114181/full/Rutan\_Image\_2.jpg





- Design and development of custom cameras
  - Support for CMOS and CCD image sensors
- Characterization of pixel performance
  - According to EMVA1288 standard and ESA standards
- On-line monitoring of electrical parameters and acquisition of images in different working conditions
  - Radiation
  - Temperature
  - Vacuum









# **Radiation tests**





## 2- Thermal Vacuum Test Setup



### Thermal Vacuum

Thermal Vac System (Our own design)

- Temperature range: -184°C to +200°C
- Vacuum range: ambient to 10E-7 mbar
- Temperature rate: <2°C/min
- Multiple optical feed-through







Thermal Vacuum

### THERMAL VACUUM TEST TO OPTICAL ISOLATORS MONITORING OPTICAL LOSSES



### SN VB13-50339R Insertion Losses



## **3 – Fiber Bundles for parallel Testing**



#### **Fiber Bundles**





- Photodiode characterization in Temp
  - One branch for Optical power monitored in parallel with PD measuremnts
  - Variations of the light source have no impact on responsivity measurements
- LED parallel characterization
- Used for UV Photodiodes in REMS (Curiosity Rover)





# 4 – Combined Temperature - Radiation



**Combined Testing** 

# Radiation at Low Temperature

High Voltage Optocoupler

- Small temp chamber with window.







## 4 – Combined Temperature - Radiation



**Combined Testing** 

# Main Results

- Higher degradation with Protons at Low Temp (-40°C) than at RT.
- The low Temp degradation is maintained when going back to RT.
- Higher degradation when radiated at actual operational conditions







# 5 – Monitoring data during long test



#### Life Test Setups

- Multiple Peltier controllers
- Parallel monitoring with PD out of high Temp area





## 5 – Monitoring data during long test



Test SETUP

**Triple Photodiode Characterization Setup** 

- Integrating Sphere for uniform illumination
- Direct Exposition for Linearity with higher Optical Power Input
- Cascade Peltiers for better cooling







# 5 – Monitoring data during long test Tri-PD Main Results: Rad Test



### **Radiation Test**

### **Gamma and Proton Rad**

• Dark current monitoring







# **Tri-PD Main Results: Proton Radiation**

**Radiation Test** 

- Proton Rad
  - Reverse Current Monitored









#### EDFAs Radiation Test

- Actual Setup at Rad Facility
- Variable Dose Rate







#### EDFAs Radiation Test

- Tunable wavelength
- Selectable Laser Input power and Pump
- Variable Dose Rate





### 7- Pump Laser Evaluation for Raman



#### Raman Project

- Pump lasers at 808nm for RAMAN on Mars
- Screening of Q-Carrier Lasers with need to transport for test.
- Minimize the number of contacts











- Many times Non-Standard Test Solutions are needed
- Combined testing can give light to hidden problems
- Monitoring data during long test provides a lot of information
  - No variations of the setups during monitoring
  - Real evolution during tests.
- INNOVATION... also for TESTING







