



9th esa round table on micro and nano technologies Lausanne, Switzerland, 10 - 13 June 2014



European Space Agency



CMOS-INTEGRATED MEMS AND PHOTONIC SENSORS FOR APPLICATION IN PICO-SATELLITES

X. ROTTENBERG, V. ROCHUS, R. JANSEN, A. RAY CHAUDHURI, P. HELIN, S. SEVERI, B. DUBOIS, G. BRONDANI TORRI, T. CLAES, P. NEUTENS, P.VAN DORPE, A. LAMBRECHTS, P. SOUSSAN, P. DESHPANDE, S. DONNAY, P. DE MOOR, H.A.C. TILMANS



9th esa round table on micro and nano technologies Lausanne, Switzerland, 10 - 13 June 2014



European Space Agency

OUTLINE

Context

- Monolithic CMOS-MEMS platform
 - Integrated measurement unit
- SiN Photonic platform
 - On-chip light manipulation
- Imager platform
 - Hyperspectral data aquisition

Conclusions

imec

SCALING FUELS THE NEED FOR SENSING TECHNOLOGY INTEGRATION MOORE'S LAW FOR SPACE?

- Size, weight and costs are under pressure.
- Typically, compactness and performance are in trade-off.





- Enabling technologies for a scaling roadmap
- MEMS
- Integrated photonics
- Imager technologies

imec

OUTLINE

Context

- Monolithic CMOS-MEMS platform
 - Integrated measurement unit
- SiN Photonic platform
 - On-chip light manipulation
- Imager platform
 - Hyperspectral data aquisition

Conclusions

imec

IMEC developed various MEMS sensors and actuators in a multi-puspose high-end above-CMOS SiGeMEMS platform

Generic poly-SiGe technology for MEMS:

"stand-alone" MEMS, or, "MEMS above IC" (CMOS-MEMS)

Two structural SiGe layers:

- MEMS structural layer (4µm standard)
- Thin film capping/packaging layer (4μm up to 10μm thick)

Gap SiGe structural layer of 0.5µm (optional: 0.2µm)

Low-T processing (< 460°C)

Hermetic package seal (I-100 Pa)

• Optional modules: • Optical (reflective) • Electrical (metal trace)

Piezo-resistive layer



IMEC developed various MEMS sensors and actuators in a multi-purpose high-end above-CMOS SiGeMEMS platform









with **ASML**





Thin film encapsulation



Opportunity in Imec's above-CMOS poly-SiGe MEMS technology platform: IMU+(+)



9th esa round table on micro and nano technologies Lausanne, Switzerland, 10 - 13 June 2014



European Space Agency

STANDARD DESIGNS: CAPACITIVE P-SENSOR

- Sealed cavity with fixed electrode and conductive deformable membrane
- Integration with simple capacitive readout
- Integration with unsealed reference cap.
- Dual set for dual range









© IMEC 2014



STANDARD DESIGNS: ELECTROSTATIC GYROSCOPES

- I-axis dual spring-mass-damper
- Electrostatic comb-drive ~4kHz
- Capacitive interdigitated sense ~5kHz



STANDARD DESIGNS: XYLOPHONE BAR MAGNETOMETER (XBM)

100% yield

98kHz +/- 2kHz

0

Magnetic Field [mT]

50

100

- I-axis free-free beam
- Lorentz-force / electrostatic drive
- Electrostatic / magnetoinductive sense

S12 V_b=12V

S12 V_b=20V

S21 V_h=20V

• S21 V_b=12V

-100

-50

No ASIC implemented

1.4^{×10⁻⁵}

1.2

0.2

-150



imec

Opportunity in Imec's Poly SiGe Platform Technology: IMU++ (+)

Ultra Low Power CMOS Readout Circuit

10 DOF motion tracking:

- 3 axis acceleration sensor
- 3 axis angular rate sensor
- 3 axis magnetometer (electronic compass)
- pressure sensor

Advantages:

- Small & cheap
- Zero-level packaged
- Low-power consumption
- Generic (other transducers can be easily integrated)
- Allows further integration (thinning, stacking, ...)

2mm

_2mm

MONOLITHIC CMOS-MEMS MULTI DOF IMU

Multiple

P-sensors



Multiple magnetometers



imec



5x5mm²

gyroscopes

Multiple

Multiple

accelerometers



14

© IMEC 2014

OUTLINE

Context

- Monolithic CMOS-MEMS platform
 - Integrated measurement unit
- SiN Photonic platform
 - On-chip light manipulation
- Imager platform
 - Hyperspectral data aquisition

Conclusions

imec

single-mode waveguides

I dB/cm propagation loss 0.036 dB/90° bend loss for 20µm radius



3dB-splitters only 0.04dB total insertion loss



HIGH QUALITY SIN PHOTONICS COMPONENTS FOR APPLICATION IN

THEVISIBLE

directional couplers



Linear grating couplers -4dB fiber-to-chip coupling 60% shorter non-linear tapers

Focusing grating couplers

-2dB fiber-to-chip coupling

16

COSA Sthess round table on micro and nano technologies University (10, 111) 213

imec

© IMEC 2014

IMEC ports its developments of Si-photonics platform for telecom applications (1300nm&1550nm) to a SiN-photonics platform targeting applications in the visible and NIR

- Light coupling to a chip and manipulation on this chip
- Light output to a sensor set (photodiodes) or to underlying CMOS sensor
- Very good overall system compactness
- Applications: Spectroscopy, NDT, bio-sensing, telecom,





INTRODUCTION TO SIN PHOTONICS

Silicon photonic components are the standard at 1300nm and 1550nm wavelength

\rightarrow Why PECVD SiN?

- Low loss in visible to IR wavelength
 - Use in studying biological samples (fluorescence)
 - Applications in Raman spectroscopy (visible and NIR)
- Compatible with CMOS BEOL (low temperature process)
- Moderately high refractive index (1.8-2.1)
- No 2-φ absorption
- Lower temperature-sensitivity than silicon

 \rightarrow **Goal:** Compose a library of PECVD SiN photonic elements to be used as building blocks for complex circuits in bio, industrial, mobile, space ... applications



Low loss strip waveguides and bends

- Propagation losses measured via cutback method.
- Bend losses measured via meandering waveguides with 120 bends of 90 degrees for different bend radii.



- \rightarrow With oxide cladding: < I dB/cm propagation loss for both wavelengths for SM operation.
- \rightarrow With air cladding: < I dB/cm for 900 nm, > 2 dB/cm for 532 nm.
- \rightarrow Bend loss at 532nm: 0.055 dB/ 90 degree bend with radius of 10 μ m.

Excellent loss performance for MMI splitters

 \rightarrow Use of cascaded test structures to accurately measure the excess splitter loss.





* Today, we have designs with a loss of 0.018 dB/splitter level.



Case study: Optical power distribution for nano phased arrays

Distribution of optical power from a single input port among many photonic components.

- \rightarrow Fluorescence sensor arrays.
- \rightarrow Integrated Raman detection array.
- \rightarrow LIDAR phased arrays.



J. Sun et al, Nature 493, 195-199 (2013)



Case study: Optical power distribution for nano phased arrays

Fractal feeding



OUTLINE

Context

- Monolithic CMOS-MEMS platform
 - Integrated measurement unit
- SiN Photonic platform
 - On-chip light manipulation
- Imager platform
 - Hyperspectral data aquisition

Conclusions

HIGH-END IMAGERS: APPLICATIONS & FEATURES



GG GSA Sthe esa round table on micro and nano technologies

© IMEC 2014

Key features

IMAGINE A HYPER-COLOR IMAGER

- spatial domain:
- a full image
- in many wavelengths





• 'image cube'

imec

IMAGINE A HYPER-COLOR IMAGER



HYPERSPECTRAL IMAGERS: PRINCIPLE

Advantage:

Extreme miniaturization

State-of-the-art:

Imager + grating/prism



- Imec solution:
- Wafer level filter integration





imec

© IMEC 2014

HYPERSPECTRAL IMAGERS: DESIGN FREEDOM



Linescan

- Requires scanning
- Highest spatial & spectral resolution



- No scanning allows video applications
- Optical duplicator required



'per-pixel' design



 No scanning allows video applications

imec

HYPERSPECTRAL IMAGING: LINESCAN HSI CAMERA SYSTEM

- HSI linescan evaluation system:
- Camera with HSI imager, translation stage, lighting, software



HYPERSPECTRAL IMAGING: HSI VIDEO CAPTURE USING SNAPSHOT TILED

duplicator lens



	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	1	A.	2	in an
λ1	λ2	λз	λ4	λ5	λ6
λ9	λ10	λ11	λ12	λ13	λ14
λ17	λ18	λ19	λ20	λ21	λ22
λ25	λ26	λ27	λ28	λ29	λ30

tiled sensor with 32 bands

esa Sthiesa round table on mitro and nano technologies backware, Satzerses 30 - 1 Law 72-5

imec

© IMEC 2014

HYPERSPECTRAL IMAGING: HSI VIDEO CAPTURE USING SNAPSHOT TILED



HYPERSPECTRAL IMAGERS: STATUS

- technology established for
 600 -900 nm
- technology development ongoing:
- 470 900 nm
- combination with panchromatic
- post-processed on top of CMOSIS's CMV2000 & CMV4000 sensors
- 4 different camera implementations
- evaluation kits available





© IMEC 2014

APPLICATIONS OF HYPERSPECTRAL IMAGING





Fig. 6. Spectral signature of normal tissue and malignant tumor. The fluorescence intensity is measured with a laser excitation at wavelength 337 nm.



Precision agriculture





Optical sorting









CONTRACTOR Sthess round table on micro and nana technologies

Remote sensing







33

© IMEC 2014

OUTLINE

Context

- Monolithic CMOS-MEMS platform
 - Integrated measurement unit
- SiN Photonic platform
 - On-chip light manipulation
- Imager platform
 - Hyperspectral data aquisition

Conclusions

CONCLUSIONS

 Convergence of integration capabilities towards compact sensing systems wih higher functionality.

- Demonstration of monolithically integrated CMOS-MEM multi DOF IMUs, i.e., accelerometer, gyroscope, magnetometer,Psensor
- Presentation of a technology development for on-chip integrated photonics in the visible and NIR
- Demonstration of an imager platform with hyperspectral capabilities

imec





9th esa round table on micro and nano technologies Lausanne, Switzerland, 10 - 13 June 2014



European Space Agency