

# Radiation Evaluation of the CS5508 (20-BIT ADC from Crystal Sem.)



*Amira Omerbegoviæ*



Space Research Institute SRI in Graz  
*in co-operation with the*  
European Space Agency ESA and TU Graz

*November, 1999*

(1/15)

## Outline

- ① Introduction**
- ② Measurements and Testing**
  - Total Ionising Dose Test
  - Single Event Effect Test
- ③ Summary**

(2/15)

## **① Introduction**

---

### **International ROSETTA Mission**

#### *Flux Gate Magnetometer / RPC MAG*

- Purpose of the ROSETTA mission: Rendezvous with Comet 46P/ Wirtanen
- Launch: January 2003, Ariane-5, from Kourou, French Guiana
- Requirements:
  - small dimension
  - low power consumption (600mW)
  - maximum bit rate 1027 bits/sec
  - in flight calibration
  - total ionising dose rate 10krad

---

(3/15)

## **① Introduction**

---

### **CS5508 A/D Converter Characteristics**

- High Resolution: 20 Bits
- Very Low Power Consumption:
  - Single Supply + 5V operation: 1,7 mW*
  - Dual Supply ±5V operation: 3,2 mW*
- Output Update rates up to 100 Hz
- On chip self Calibration Circuitry
- Extended Temperature Range (-55 to +125°C)
- Radiationhardness unknown

---

(4/15)

## ② Measurements and Testing

---

### Measuring and Quantifying Performance

#### ➤ Histograms for static performances

1. Offset Errors                   $\mu$  = Offset Error
2. RMS Noise                       $\sigma$  = RMS Noise
3. Peak to Peak Noise             $6,6 \cdot \sigma$

#### ➤ Fast Fourier Transforms (FFTs) for dynamic performances

1. Signal-to-Noise Ratio (SNR)
2. Signal-to-Noise and Distortion (SINAD)
3. Signal-to-Distortion (SDR)
4. Signal-to-Peak Noise

---

(5/15)

## ② Measurements and Testing - TID

---

### Total Ionising Dose (TID) Test

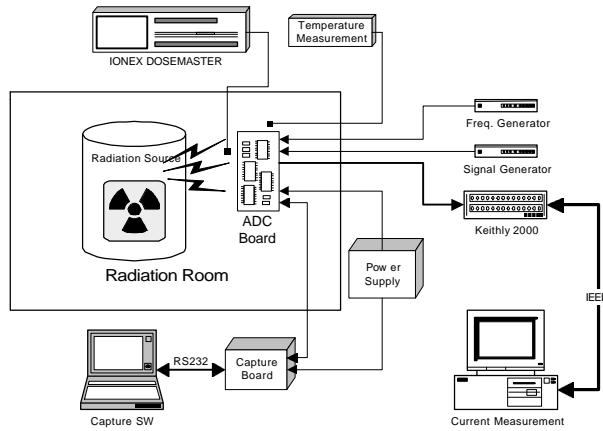
- Purpose: to Determine the Total Tolerant Dose
- Gamma Radiation Test Facility ( $\text{Co}^{60}$ ) at ESTEC was used
- 5 A/D Converters were tested under radiation
- Electrical Parameters Monitored:
  1. Supply Currents
  2. Standard Deviation
  3. Signal-to-Noise and Distortion Ratio

---

(6/15)

## ② Measurements and Testing -TID

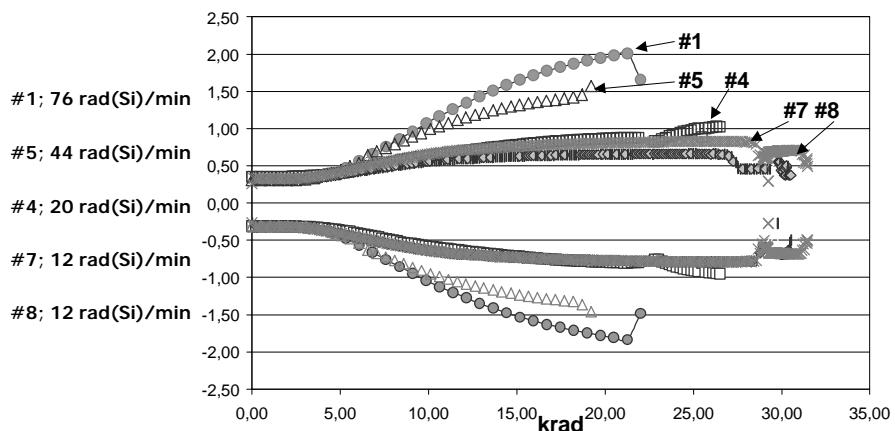
### Test Set-Up Equipment for TID test



(7/15)

## ② Measurements and Testing - TID

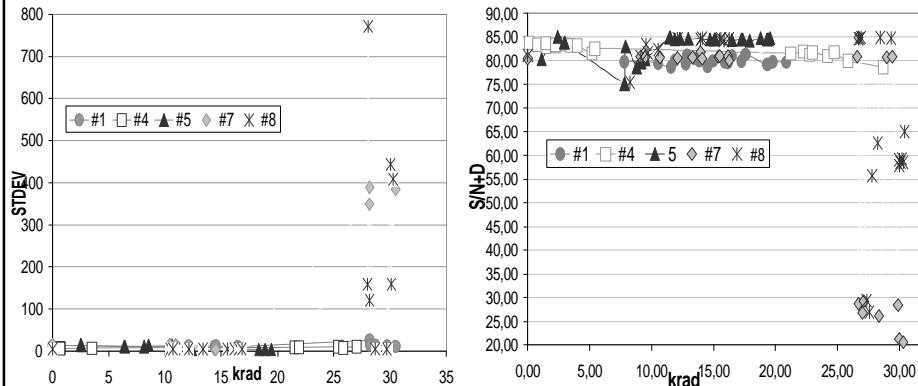
### Supply Currents Measurements for TID test



(8/15)

## ② Measurements and Testing - TID

### Standard Deviation & Signal-to-Noise Ratio



(9/15)

## ② Measurements and Testing - SEE

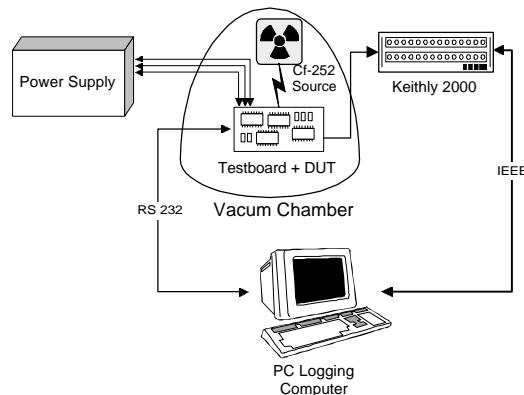
### Single Event Effect (SEE) Test

- Purpose: to Determine the A/D Converter Susceptibility to Heavy Ions Radiation
- Heavy Ions Test facility ( $Cf^{252}$ ) at ESTEC
  - Linear Energy Transfer (LET)  $42 \text{ MeV} \cdot \text{cm}^2/\text{mg}$
  - Particle Flux  $3,4 \cdot 10^3 \text{ particle/cm}^3/\text{min}$
- 3 A/D Converters were tested under radiation
- Measurement:
  1. Supply Currents
  2. Histogram analysis

(10/15)

## ② Measurements and Testing - SEE

### Test Set-Up Equipment for SEE test



(11/15)

## ② Measurements and Testing - SEE

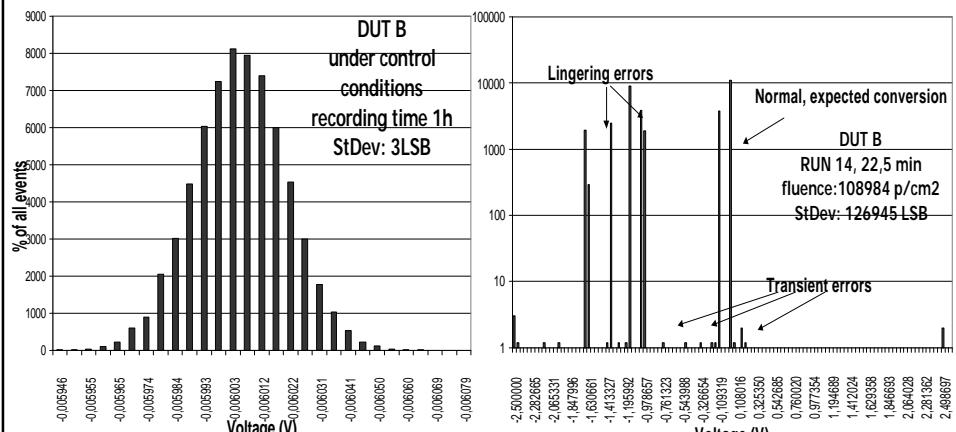
### Results / SEE Test

- Single Event Upsets (SEUs)  
*Transient Upsets*  
*Lingering Errors*
- Single Events Latch-ups (SELs)
- Single Event Functional Interrupts (SEFIIs)

(12/15)

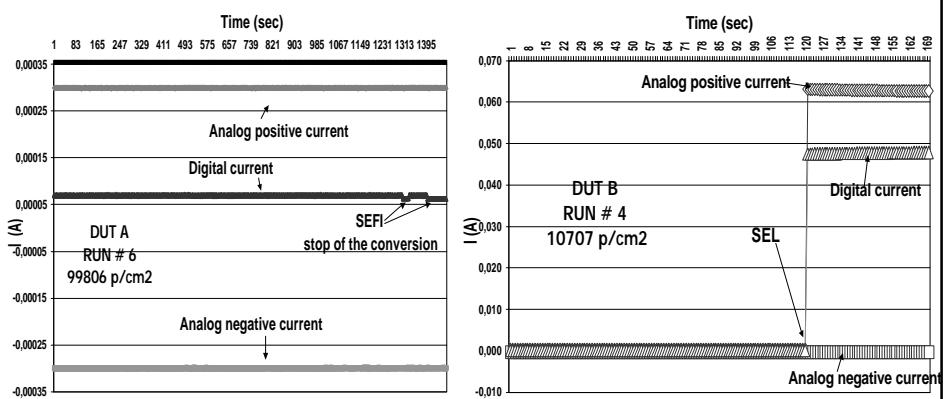
## ② Measurements and Testing - SEE

### Single Event Upset (SEU) Errors



## ② Measurements and Testing - SEE

### Single Event Functional Interrupt (SEFI) Single Event Latch-up (SEL)



(14/15)

### **③ Summary**

---

## **Summary**

- Determined **TID** Tolerance
  - low dose rate:* - 27 krad(Si)
  - high dose rate:* - 20 krad(Si)
    - *strong current consumption*
- **SEE:** High susceptibility to heavy ion radiation
  - further testing recommendable*

---

(15/15)