

DEFENCE AND SPACE

TEIR department March 13th 2019



- 1. The FIDES method reminder of what it is and why it is considered for Space applications
- 2. Evolutions since 2016, current situation and perspectives for FIDES
- 3. Updates on ADS and the European space community wrt FIDES
- 4. Ongoing actions and way forward



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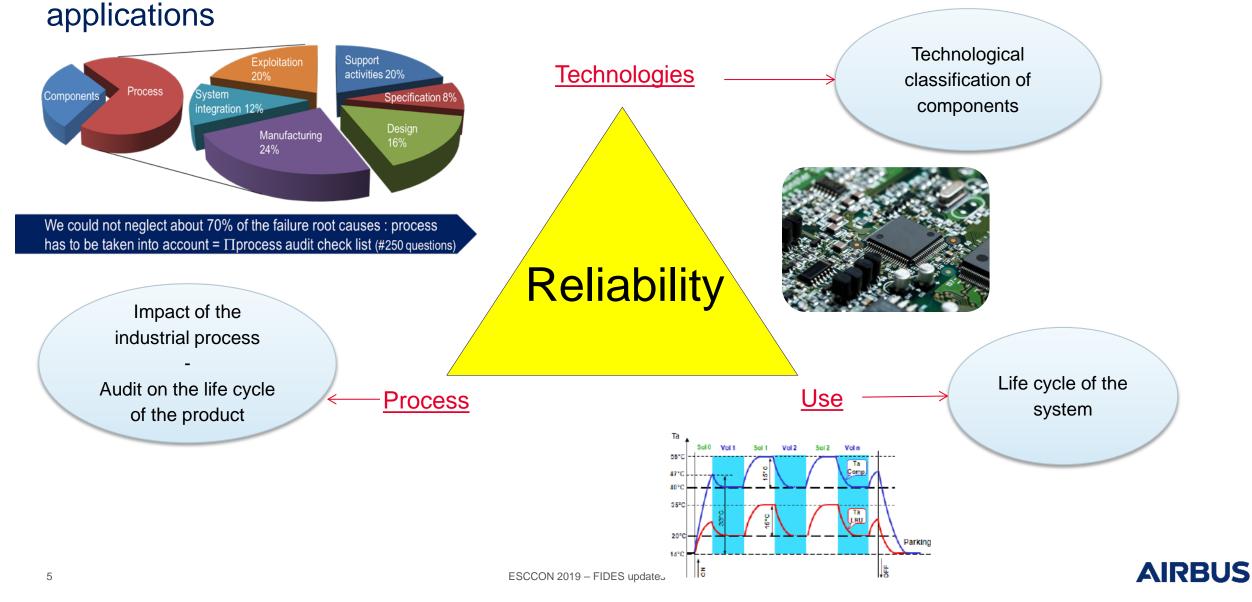


1. The FIDES method – reminder of what it is and why it is considered for Space applications

- FIDES is the most recently developed reliability prediction calculation method for electronic systems based on physics of failures (PoF), field return (mainly military & aeronautics) & tests.
- It has been introduced in 2004 by a consortium of French industrials (led by DGA & MBDA, including Thales, Eurocopter, Airbus, Nexter), with an update in 2009
- Support structure = FIDES working group meeting 4 times each year
- Also known as the UTE C80811 standard
- The standard is free of use, and a free tool (FIDES ExperTool) is available downloadable at www.fides-reliability.org



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- The MIL HDBK, for a long time considered as the main EEE reliability rieth or used in Space becomes obsolete (last update is 1995):
 - > new components not modelled,
 - > new generations of existing components not modelled by her
 - > field return used to es from 1980-1990s
- MIL HDBK com uta icos do not take into accept to NOFF and thermal cyclings.
- Quality exists modelled through the MIL+DBK-217 give pessimistic results for commercial parts in particular
- Data calculated through in orbit return (when possible) present much lower reliability values than with MIL, but results are in the same range when calculated with FIDES

	FR FIT MIL	FR FIT FIDES	FR In Orbit Return	Ratio MIL/IOR	Ratio FIDES/IOR
SCU (minus MRE)	1293.63	317	201.7	6.41	1.57



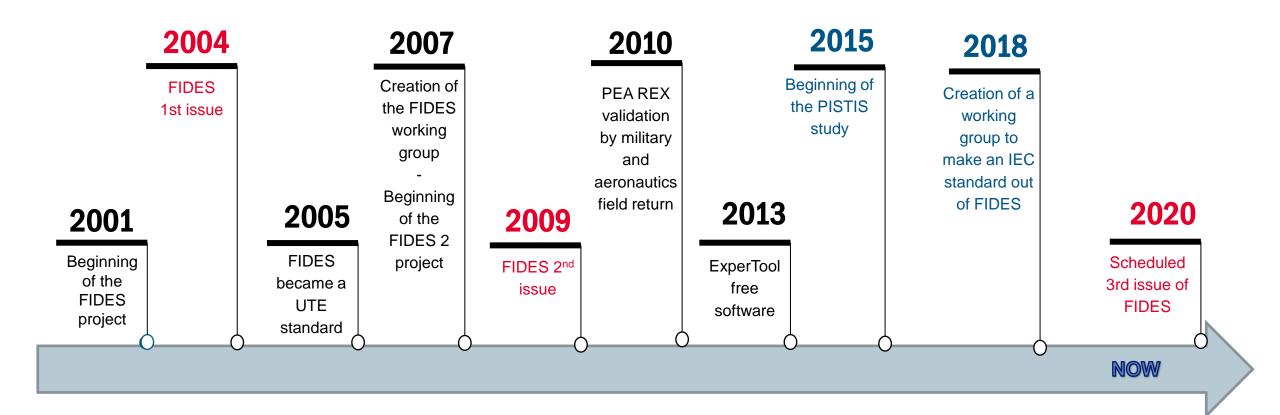
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- FIDES makes it possible "to quantify":
 - ✓ Impact of Life Profile on equipment reliability (Ambient Temperature, Thermal cyclings, Vibrations,....):
 - → Life Profile
 - ✓ Reliability impact of a component policy → Quality and level of qualification of the part:
 - → Pi_Part_Manufacturing factor
 - ✓ Impact of the company strategy in term of processes (development, manufacturing, support activities etc...):
 - → Pi_Process factor
 - ✓ Design sensitivity to external factors (overstress, conditions of use, etc...):
 - → Pi Induced factor



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The PISTIS project (2015-2019)

- Collaborative study between 15 companies and academics with the DGA (French MoD)
- Several major updates ongoing to answer the following questions:
 - Reliability of DSM, RF-HF (GaN) and power (IGBT, MOSFET) components
 - FIDES existing models: are they adapted to these new technologies?
 - What about lifetime (wearout) of these technologies?
- With also FIDES models or parameters revision :
 - Base Lambdas die and case
 - ➤ Pi process Audit
 - ➤ Pi induced (EOS, MOS, TOS)



The PISTIS project (2015-2019)

• WP1, 2 and 3: reliability tests

WP1 – DSM:

❖ NAND, NOR => tests started in Sept. 2017, 1st failures analyzed

❖ FPGA: tests started in Jan. 2018

DDR3: tests started in Oct. 2018

WP2 - MOSFET & IGBT:

❖ Thermal cycling: started in Oct. 2018

❖ Power Cycling, started in July 2018, 1st failures analyzed

WP3 – GaN (+GaAs):

❖ Tests (DC & CW Comp.) on GaN, started in Q1 2017.

First results, slight trend to be confirmed.

WP1 – Component families	Technology node		
FPGA Xilinx	28nm		
Flash Micron	NAND MLC 20nm		
Flash Spansion-Cypress	NOR 65nm		
DDR3 Micron	25nm		
DDR3 Micron	20nm		
WP2 - Component families	Characteristics		
IGBT, Microsemi	600V field stop		
IGBT, Microsemi	600V field stop		
IGBT, Microsemi MOSFET, Infineon	600V field stop N Chan., V _{(BR)DSS} 200V		
IGBT, Microsemi MOSFET, Infineon	600V field stop N Chan., V _{(BR)DSS} 200V		
IGBT, Microsemi MOSFET, Infineon MOSFET, STM	600V field stop N Chan., V _{(BR)DSS} 200V N Chan., V _{(BR)DSS} 650V		

20W, V_{DS}=43.5V

GaN-HEMT GL2D, SEDI



The PISTIS project (2015-2019)

WP4.1, Screening methods (ESS)

Done:

- State of the art and Capitalization of screening methodologies, from industrial partners.
- Guideline about screening methodologies, final validation by DGA
- •WP4.2, Aggravated tests (HALT)

Done:

- State of the art and Capitalization of HALT methodologies, from industrial partners.
- Guideline about HALT methodology, final validation by DGA



FIDES at IEC « A global methodology for reliability data prediction of electronic components »

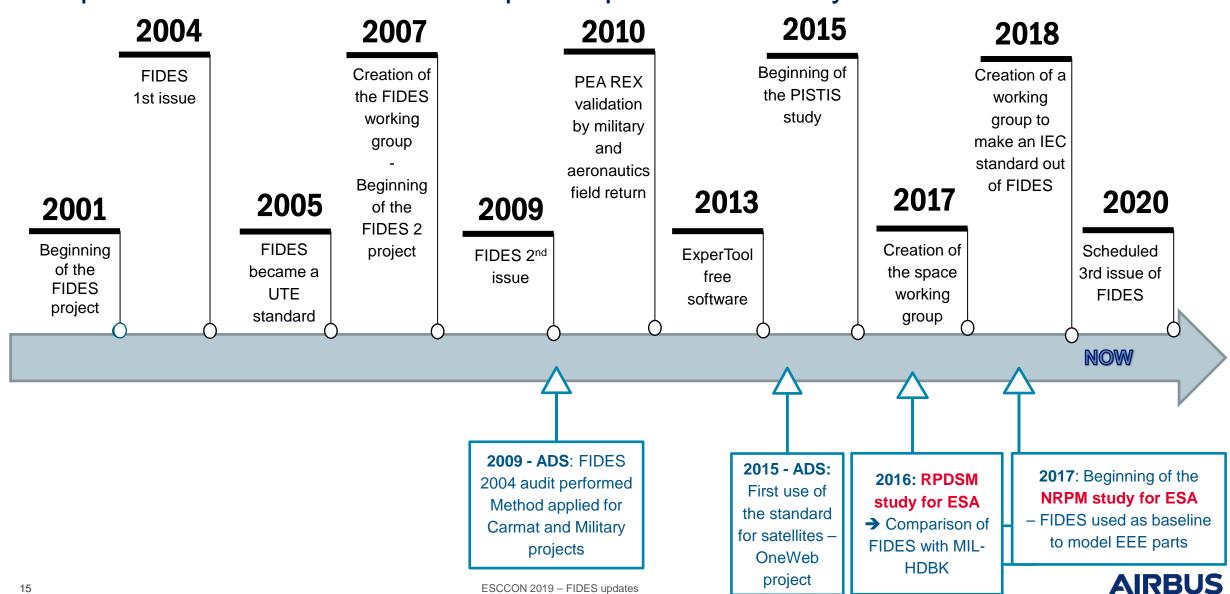
- 2017 : acceptance of this new proposal by IEC
- 81% success on this vote (results table below)
- Normative standard under IEC-63142 reference on the way
- Standard scheduled for 2020

Approval								
P-Members Voting	P-Members Approving	Approval %	Criteria	Result				
16	13	81.3	>= 66.7 %	Approved				
Participation								
Number of P-Members	P-Members ap and particip		Criteria	Result				
23	7		>=5	Approved				



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Airbus Defence and Space and FIDES

- Within Airbus Group, it has been used for years for Civil Aircrafts' processors and is currently being used on the Ariane 6 programme.
- Within Airbus Defence & Space, FIDES had been used for years on Defence programmes and specific projects, in agreement with the customer (ex: CARMAT, Artificial Heart)
- Within Airbus Defence & Space, FIDES has been used on Constellations programmes (ex:
 OneWeb, where it has been applied on almost all electronics units), and is highly recommended
 for all New Space programmes, to begin with.
- All entities (UK, Germany & France) within the RAMS department in Airbus Defence & Space work together in order to have the same approach for the application of FIDES, approach consistent with the upcoming New Reliability Prediction Methodology to be used in the future.



The European space community and FIDES

 In 2015-2016, the Reliability Prediction Datasources for Space Modelling (RPDSM) study, performed by Airbus Defence & Space for ESA, provided both a quantitative and qualitative analysis of both MIL-HDBK-217F and FIDES for EEE predictive reliability calculations.

Its conclusion was the recommendation to switch to FIDES for new projects, with foreseen necessary adaptations for the Space applications.

 Since 2017, ongoing study for ESA called New Reliability Prediction Methodology for Space Applications (NRPM) performed with MATRISK as the prime of a consortium with Airbus Defence and Space, Thales Alenia Space, SERMA technologies and SAREL.

For the EEE components reliability calculations, the main method proposed is FIDES, with some guidance on how to apply it on Space applications.

Conclusion of the study in 2020.



IMdR - French Risk Management Institute - FIDES Working Group

Creation in 2017 of a subgroup for Space Applications

Objectives:

- Raise discussions/propositions on how to adapt FIDES to Space applications
- Propose / Define common approaches for the Space community

Topics already broached:

- Mission profiles and Pi Application
- Pi Part Manufacturing Proposition for updates, validation & simplification
- Pi Process Discussions on if and how the Audit could be simplified
- Components: Discussions around important contributors (ex: capacitors, RF parts...)



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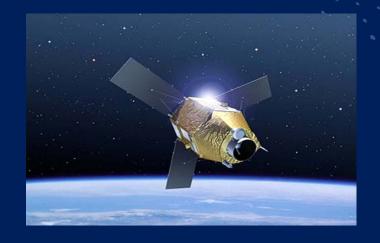
- Conclusions of the PISTIS project expected for 2020, jointly with a new release of the guide
- The FIDES method will become an IEC standard in 2020 as well
- The Space subgroup of IMdR will go on addressing the main topics for the application to Space anybody is welcome to join the discussions
- NRPM study conclusions in 2020
- Within Airbus Defence & Space, the objective is to propose FIDES for all new projects and to discuss
 /share with both our suppliers and customers to make the switch as easy and organic as possible
- Soon, the OneWeb constellation will be operating and will allow Airbus Defence & Space to compare
 reliability predictions for EEE units with In Orbit Return for the related mission profile.











Thank you

<u>Contact</u>: Stéphanie Bourbouse – Airbus Defence & Space stephanie.bourbouse@airbus.com

