



ACCEDE | ESCCON

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ALTER



Radiation Testing of Several COTS Parts to be Used as Protection Devices

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Outline

- Introduction and study objectives
- Presentation of the pre-selected devices
- Qualification sequence and test results
- Rate prediction with OMERE
- Conclusion

Introduction and study objectives

- COTS are pre-dominant in New Space equipment' Bill Of Materials
 - In TRAD BOM analyses: from less than 10% of COTS in 2014 to more than 50% in 2024
- Time and budget constraints = those COTS can't be all qualified to radiation
- In a « better-than-nothing » approach, protection devices integrated on the boards should at least be immune to destructive SEEs
- Objectives of the study:
 - Select several Overcurrent protection, Overvoltage protection and Watchdog devices
 - Evaluate their susceptibility to SEEs under heavy ions
 - Identify SEL/DSEE immune devices



Presentation of the pre-selected devices

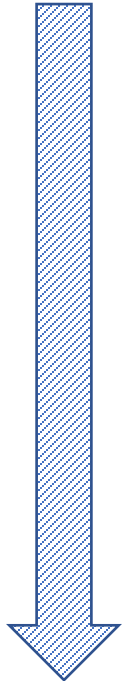
- 12 devices selected with ESA to undergo radiation testing:
 - Several Overvoltage (OV)/Overcurrent (OC)/Watchdog protection devices:

MPN	Mfr.	Function	Process	MPN	Mfr.	Function	Process
MAX890LESA+	Analog Devices	OC	PMOS	MAX823TEUK+	Analog Devices	Watchdog	BiCMOS
MAX4840AEXT+	Analog Devices	OV	BiCMOS	ADM1270ARQZ	Analog Devices	OV/OC	DMOS
LTC4361CTS8	Analog Devices	OV/OC	CMOS	MAX17523ATE+	Analog Devices	OV/OC	BiCMOS
TPS25940ARVCR	Texas Instruments	OV/OC	BiCMOS	LT6108IMS8	Analog Devices	OV	Bipolar
LTC4222CG	Analog Devices	OV/OC	BiCMOS	TPS3820-33DBVR	Texas Instruments	Watchdog	BiCMOS
INA226AIDGSR	Texas Instruments	Current/power monitor	CMOS	MAX14572	Analog Devices	OV/OC	BiCMOS



Qualification sequence and test results

- Qualification sequence:

- 
- Procurement of the samples (with as much traceability information as possible)
 - X-ray screening (for delidding strategy)
 - Development of test setups and test boards
 - Redaction of Irradiation Test Plan, validated with ESA
 - Delidding and functional tests, with biasing conditions defined with ESA
 - Parts are ready for the qualification



Qualification sequence and test results

- SEE test sequence:

- First assessment with Cf-252:

- Ion with LET~43
MeV.cm²/mg (& short range)
- Ideal to reject the most sensitive parts



VASCO facility at TRAD



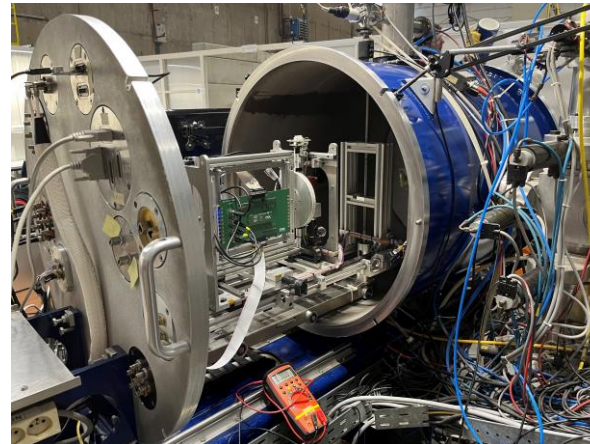
Qualification sequence and test results

- SEE test sequence:

- First assessment with Cf-252:
 - Ion with LET~43 MeV.cm²/mg (& short range)
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- Qualification with Heavy-ions:
 - Tests according to ESCC 25100
 - 2 campaigns at UCL & RADEF



VASCO facility at TRAD



UCL Heavy ion facility

Qualification sequence and test results

- SEE test sequence:

- First assessment with Cf-252:

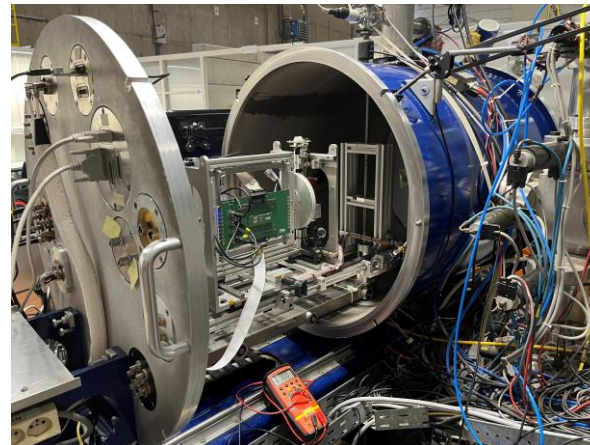
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VASCO facility at TRAD

- Qualification with Heavy-ions:

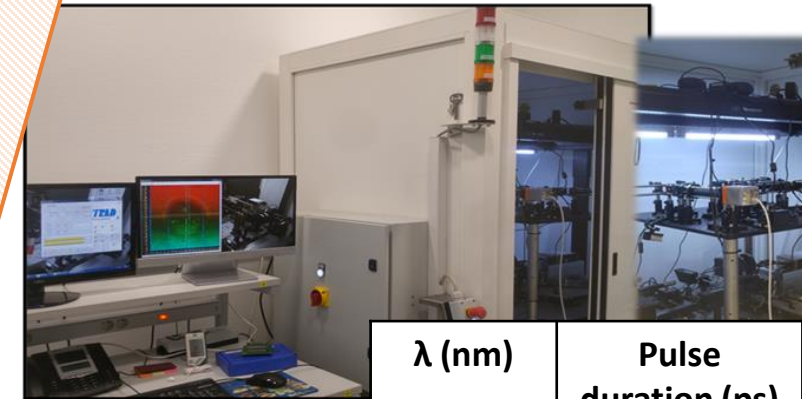
- Tests according to ESCC 25100
- 2 campaigns at UCL & RADEF



UCL Heavy ion facility

- Final assessment with Laser:

- Only on SEL immune part
- Objective: Have a reference point for future lots



LISA facility at TRAD

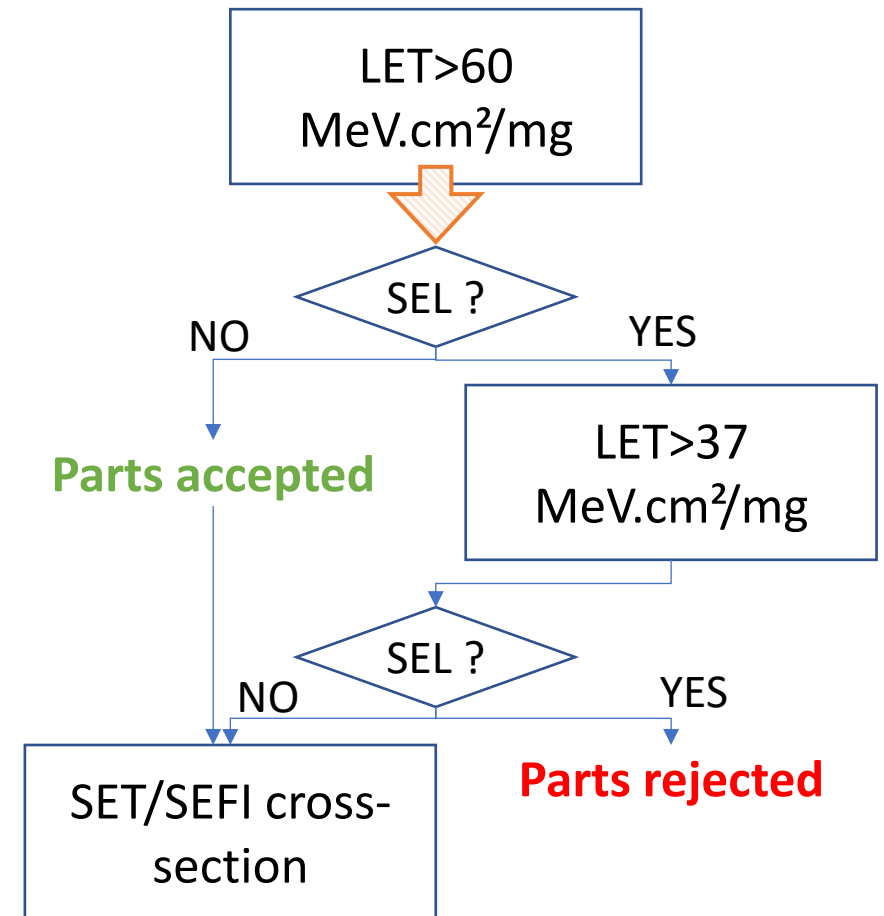
λ (nm)	Pulse duration (ps)
1064	400



Qualification sequence and test results

- Strategy for biasing/testing conditions:
 - Biasing:
 - Max. rating
 - Or
 - Tailored rating
 - Every part at high temperature
 - Under heavy ions:
 - Mainly focused on SEL/Destructive SEEs
 - One or two outputs per references monitored for SET acquisitions and SEFI

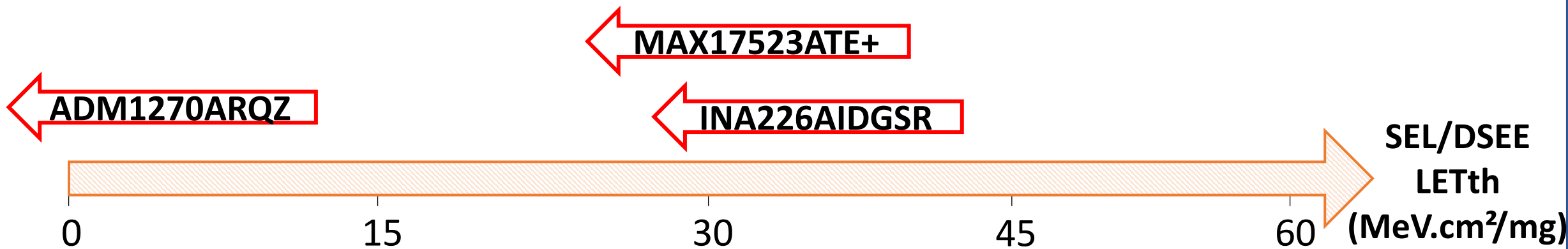
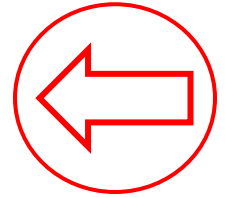
Heavy-ion sequence



Qualification sequence and test results

- Overview of tests results:

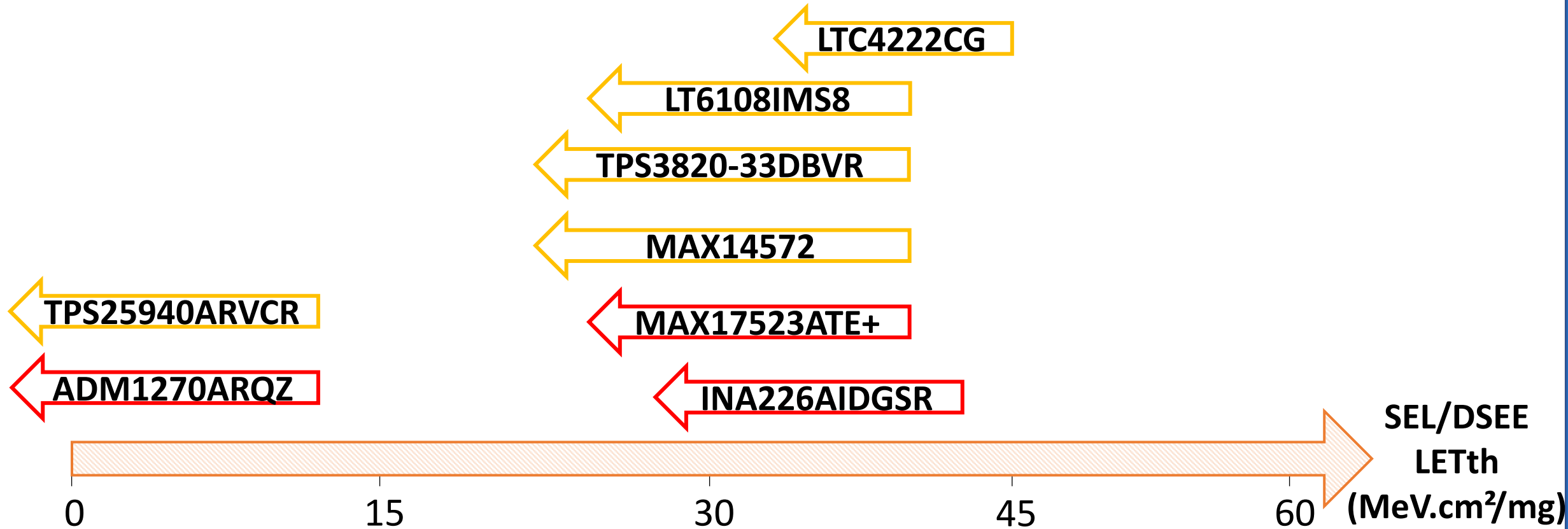
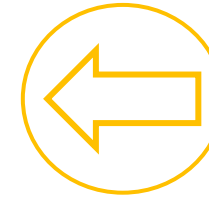
- Some destructive SEE (DSEE) already observed under Cf-252
- ¼ of devices fail with the Cf-252: two were still tested at RADEF and results are consistent, as they fail at low LET values



Qualification sequence and test results

- Overview of tests results:

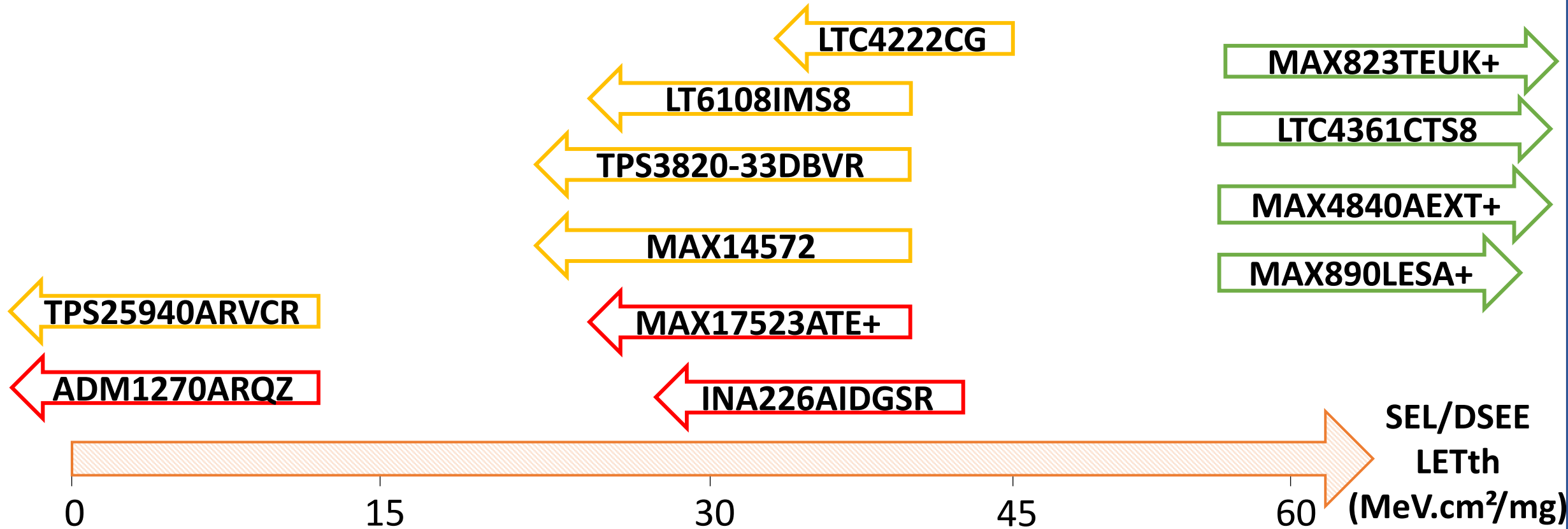
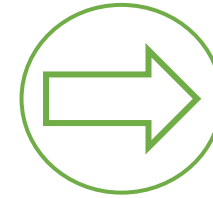
- Some failures only observed at UCL or RADEF:



Qualification sequence and test results

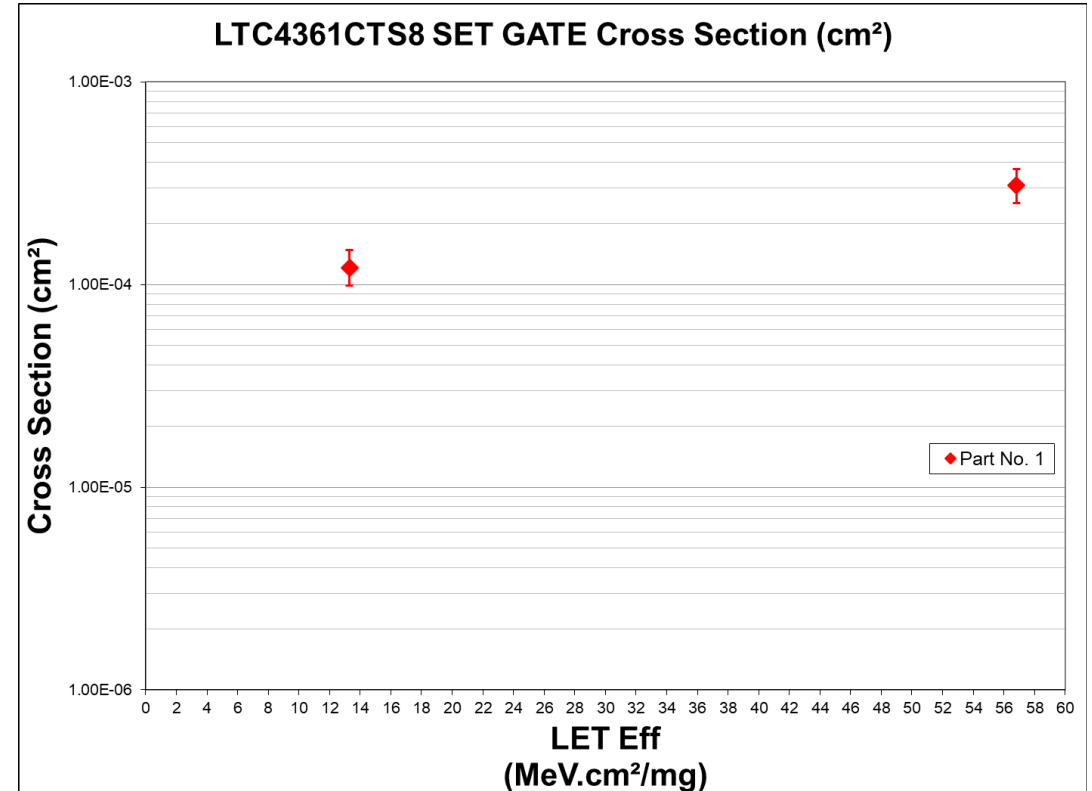
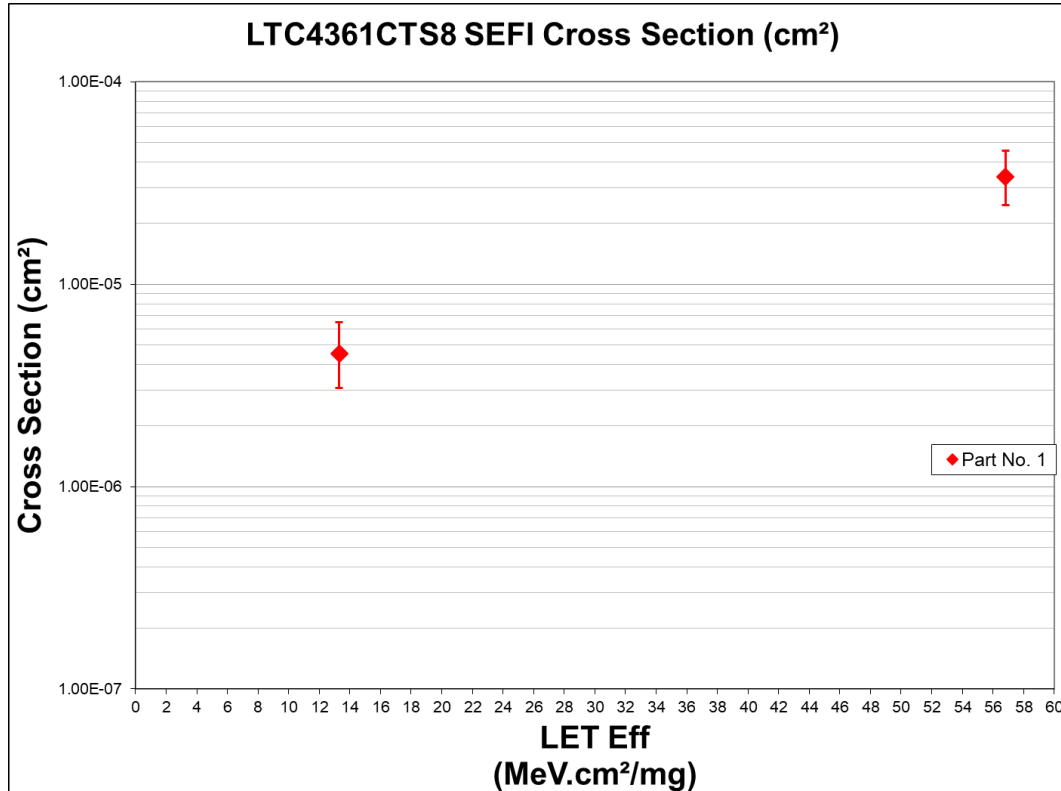
- Overview of tests results:

- Four devices do not exhibit SEL/DSEE: 3 OV/OC & 1 watchdog



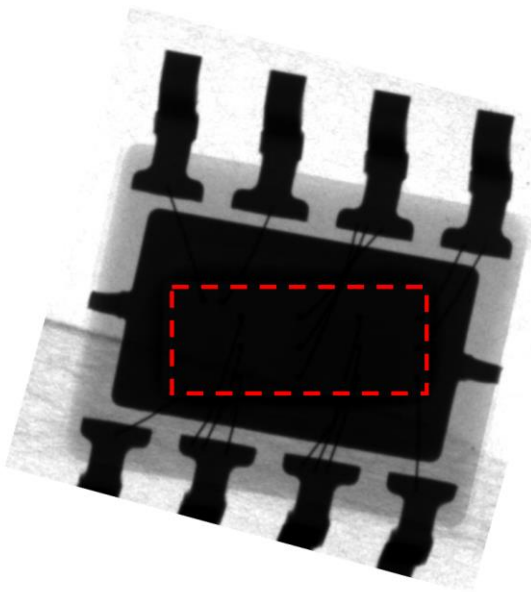
Qualification sequence and test results

- The robust parts were tested for SET/SEFIs:
 - Example with the LTC4361:
 - Cross-sections available for both SEFI & SET (Gate output)

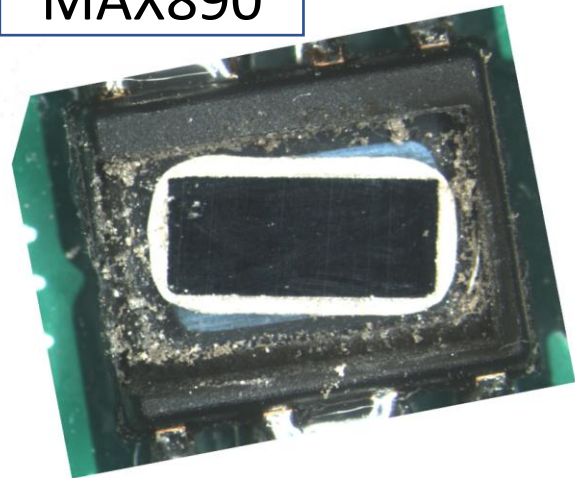


Qualification sequence and test results

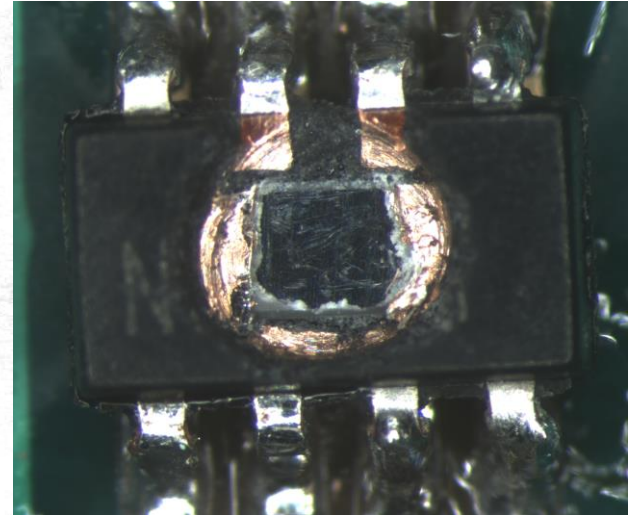
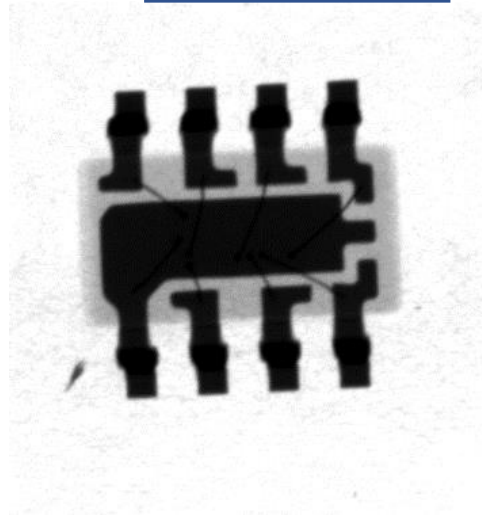
- Laser testing performed on the robust parts to have a reference point for future procurement
 - Backside preparation for Single Photon Absorption (SPA)
 - Ex. with the MAX890 and with the LTC4361



MAX890



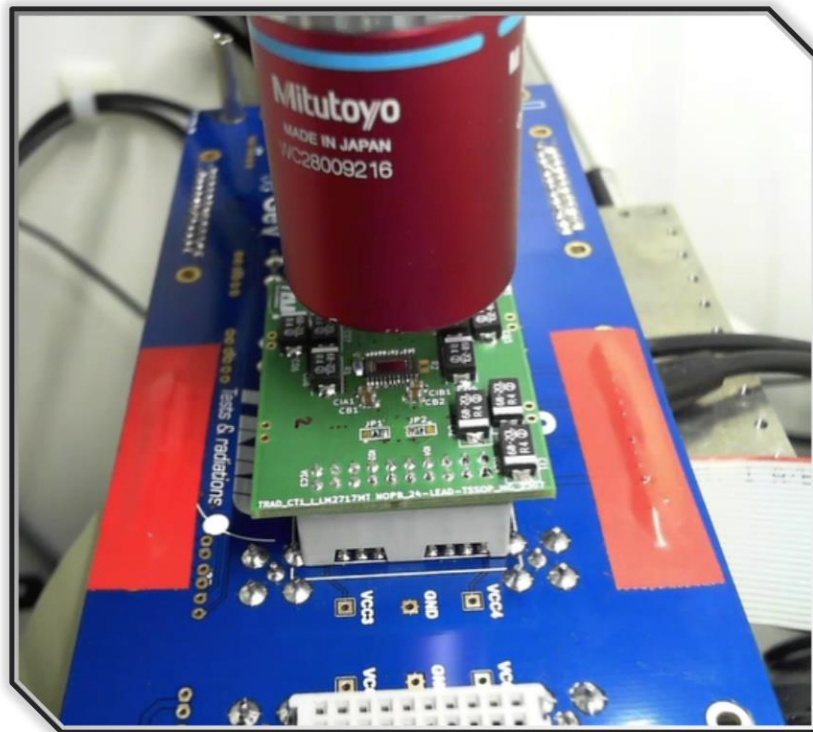
LTC4361



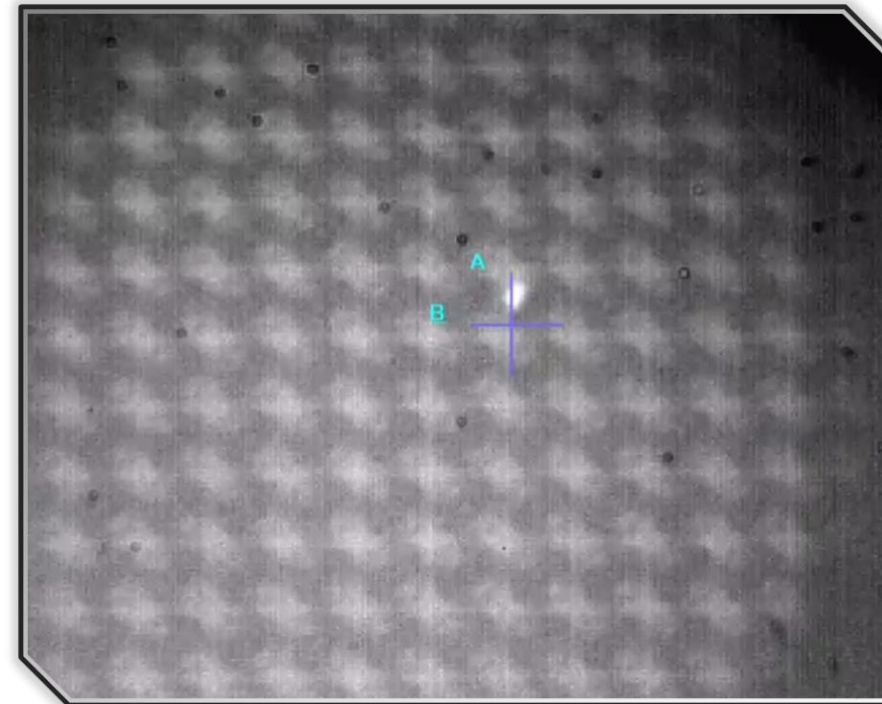
Qualification sequence and test results

- Testing approach with Laser:
 - Backside screening of the die:

Inside the laser cabin:

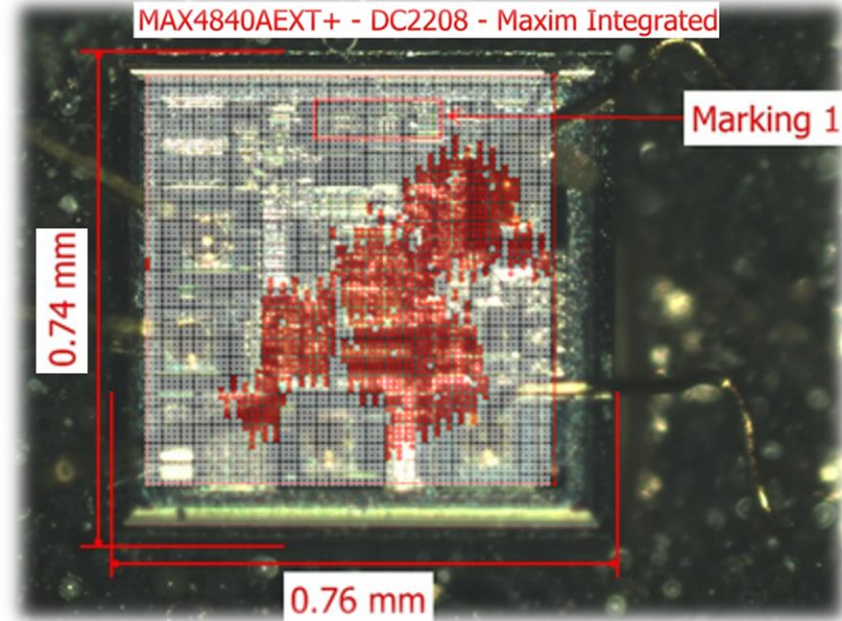
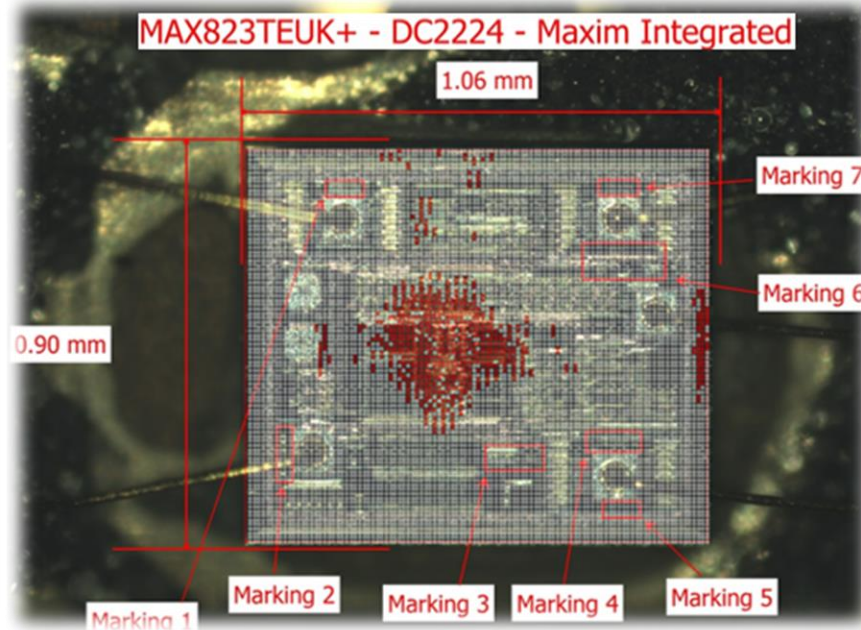


On the IR camera:



Qualification sequence and test results

- Results are consistent with Heavy-ion:
 - No SEL/DSEE at high Laser pulse energy (~ 3 nJ/pulse in the active region)
- Mapping of sensitive areas can be performed:
 - Red dots indicate SET sensitive areas



Rate prediction with OMERE



- Rate performed on the four robust devices, for SET/SEFI:
 - For a steady LEO (600km, i=98°) and GEO environment

Device	SEE type	LEO steady (/device/day)	GEO steady (/device/day)
MAX890LESA+	SET OUT	8.6E-5	4.1E-5
	SET FAULT	4E-6	1.4E-5
MAX4840AEXT+	SET GATE	1.3E-3	6.6E-4
	SET FLAG	3.1E-5	2.7E-5
LTC4361CTS8	SET GATE	2.9E-3	1.5E-3
	SEFI	8.5E-5	5E-5
MAX823TEUK+	SET RESET	3.1E-3	2E-3



Conclusion

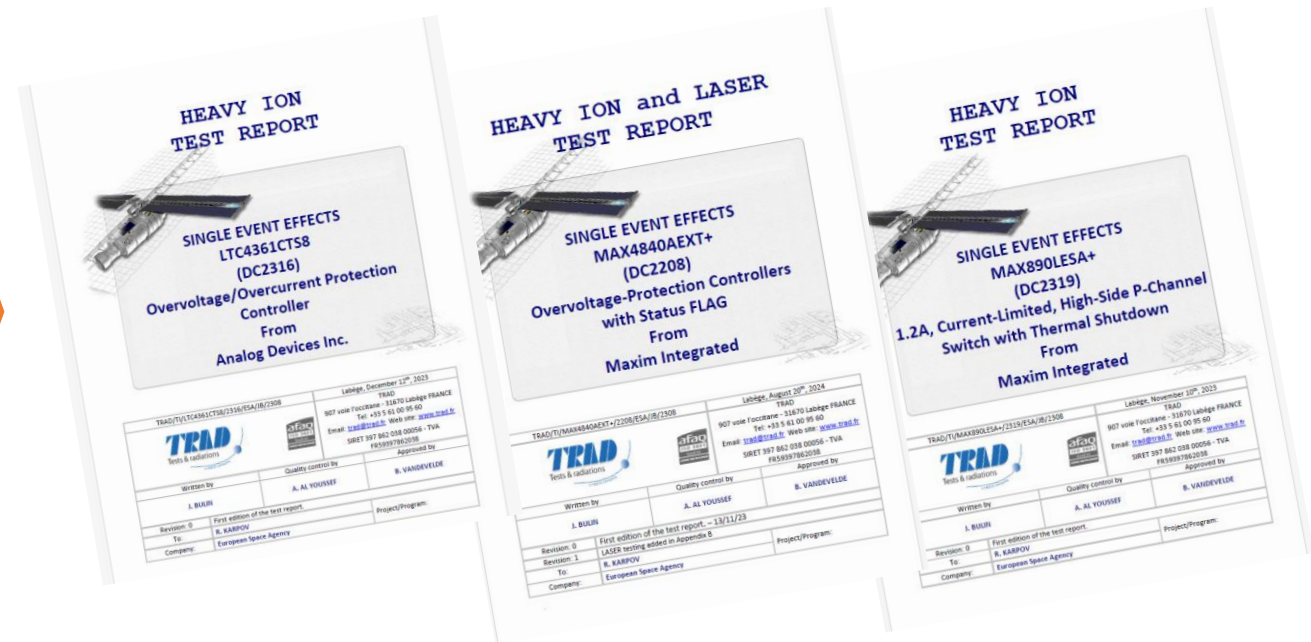
- Among 12 devices, only 4 were identified as immune to SEL/DSEE:
 - Future testing could be considered, by exploring different biasing conditions (& temperature)
 - TID testing could be considered also on robust devices
- SEE qualification remains a hard constraint for identifying robust COTS parts
- Results presented in details in 2024 RADECS paper (to be published)



Conclusion

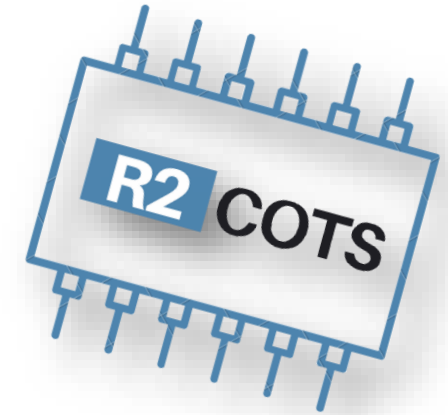
- The complete test reports for these 4 references are available at:

<https://esarad.esa.int/>



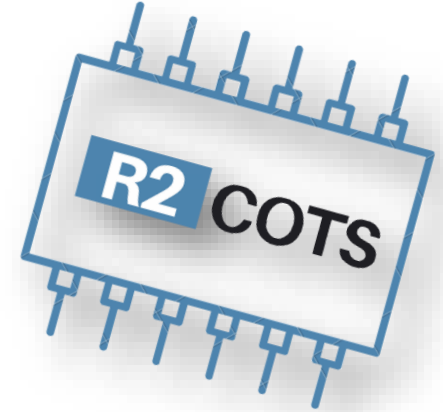
Conclusion

- And for more qualified COTS devices:
 - R2COTS service from TRAD (Radiation & Reliability on Commercial-Off-The-Shelf): www.R2COTS.com
 - Class 3+ Space Ready COTS:
 - Qualification on lots for TID
 - Immune to DSEE/SEL through heavy ion testing
 - Light screening for Non AEC Q or EP product
 - COTS with full traceability reported in JD (die revision, mask set, wafer fab, diffusion lot, assembly lot, screening, radiation data ...)



Conclusion

- And for more qualified COTS devices:
 - An active catalogue of more than **100 COTS** devices, from BJT to ADC/DAC, memories, POL etc.
 - A quick availability
 - An ongoing CNES/TRAD study started in 2025 to expand this catalogue with more than **50 devices** per year (with the plan to have **500-800 ref.** in the future)



Thank you for your attention

For further information on:

