



**6TH ROUND TABLE ON MICRO/NANO
TECHNOLOGIES FOR SPACE, ESTEC,
8-12, 2007**



Introduction of RF-MEMs in Space Hardware : A Long Road Needing a Good Map

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Your Experts in Microtechnology & Electronics.

The logo for WTC (Wicht Technologie Consulting), consisting of the lowercase letters 'w', 't', and 'c' in a bold, black, sans-serif font.

Outline

- **Introduction**
- **Position of Europe in the global supply chain**
- **Public funding of RF MEMS worldwide**
- **Strengths and weaknesses of Europe**
- **Outlook for satellites**
- **Recommendations to Agencies**

Introduction

A good deal of this presentation has been based on the results of



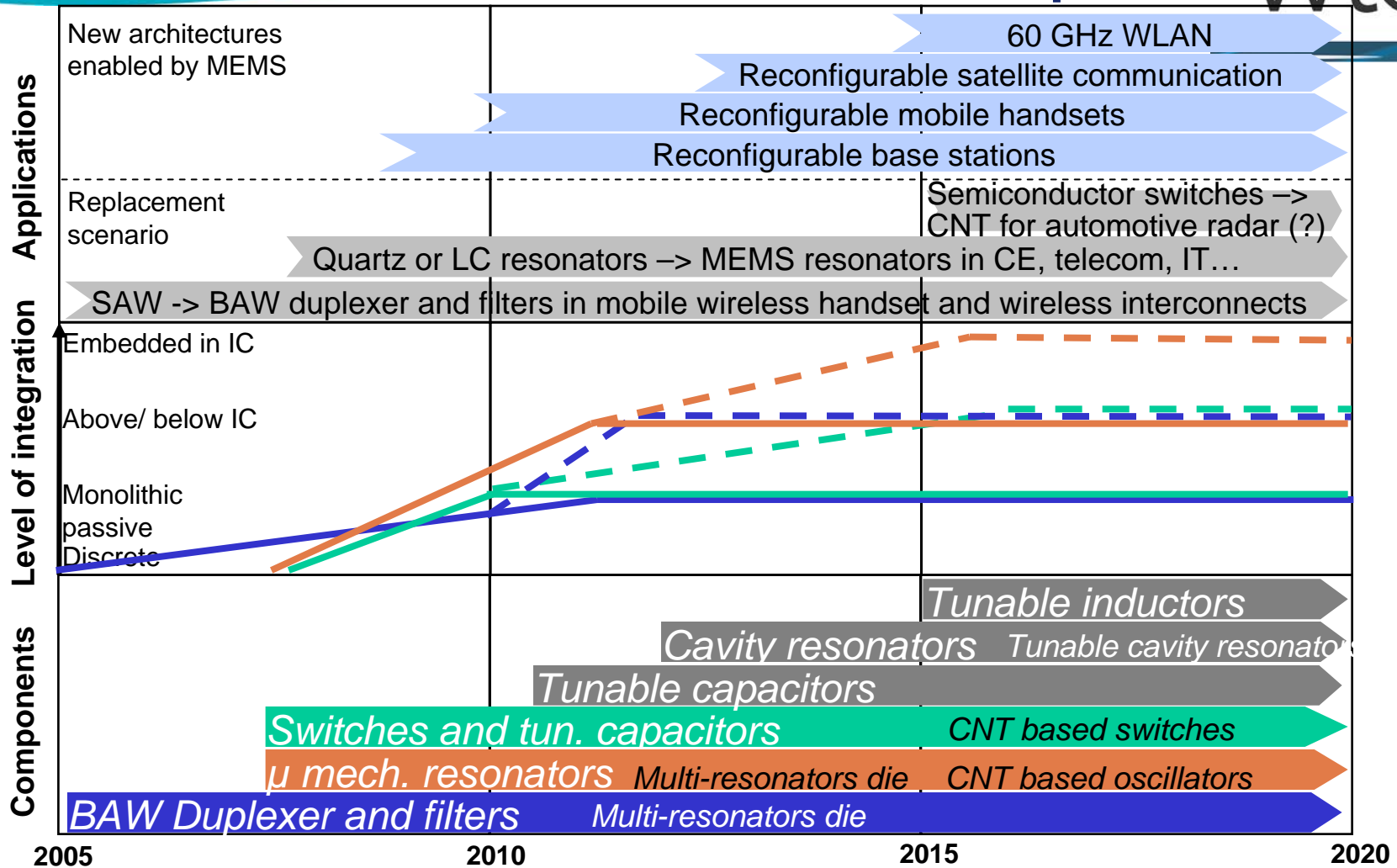
Applied Research Roadmap for RF micro/nano systems

Project type: Specific Support Action – FP6, call 4

Duration: February 2006 – April 2007

Overall RF MEMS roadmap

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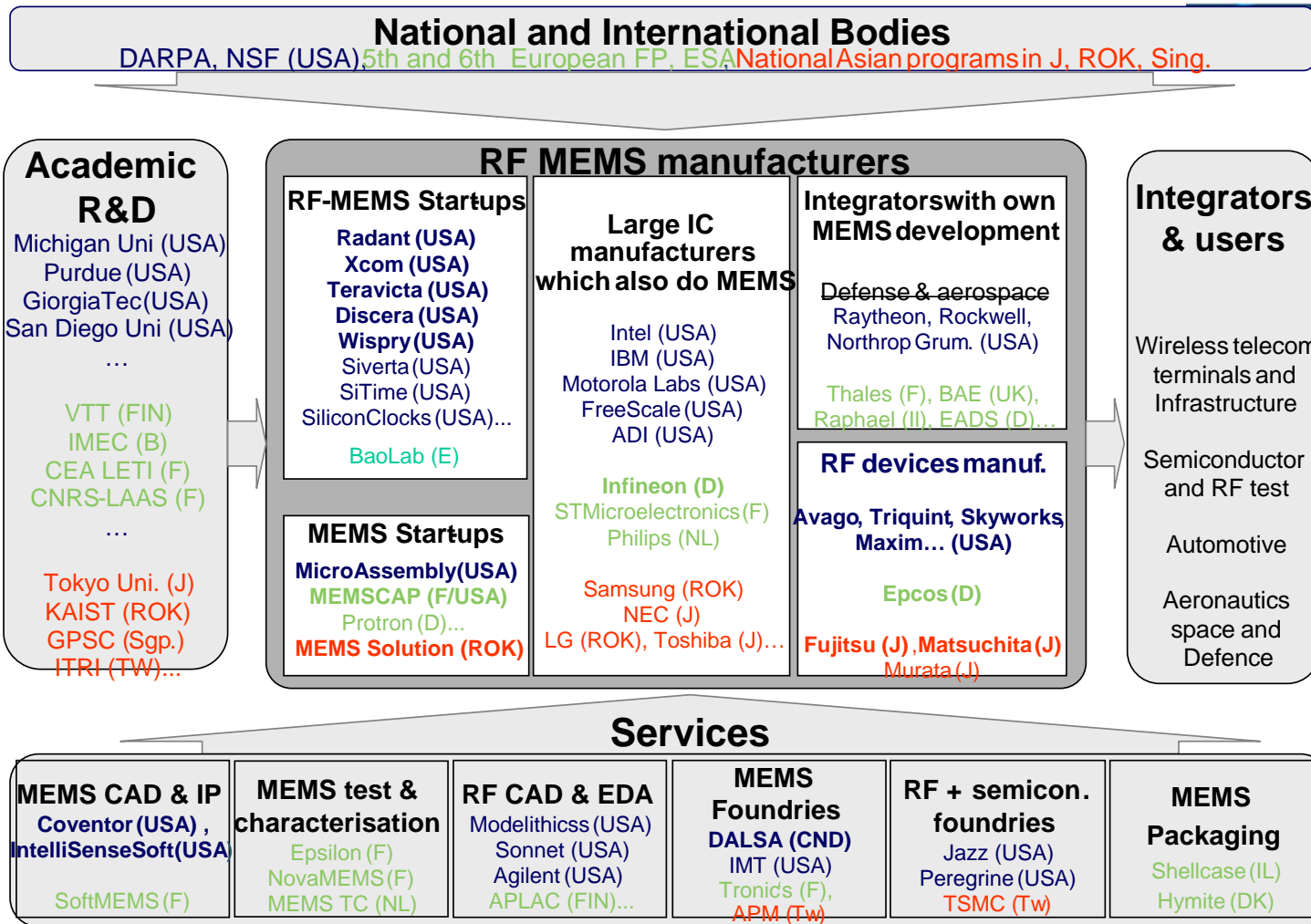
Introduction of RF-MEMs in Space Hardware : A long Road needing a Good Map

Legend

North American players

European players

Asian players



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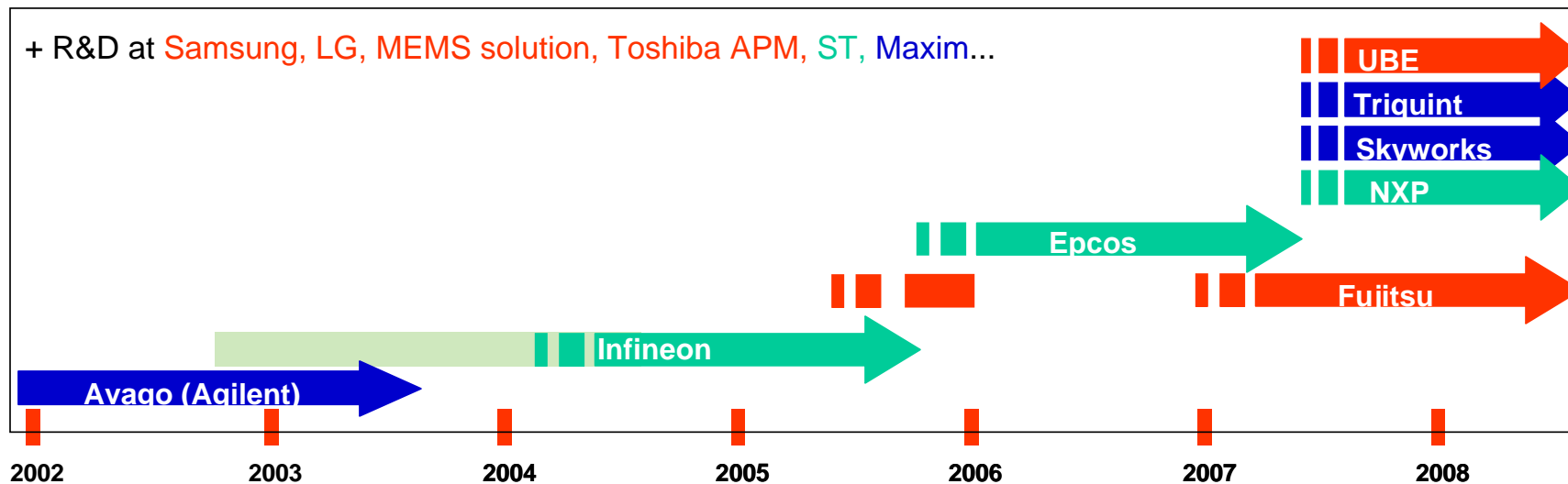
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RF MEMS supply: EU good for high volume markets (1)

- E.g. FBARs duplexers and filters for cell phones

Status of commercialisation of FBAR

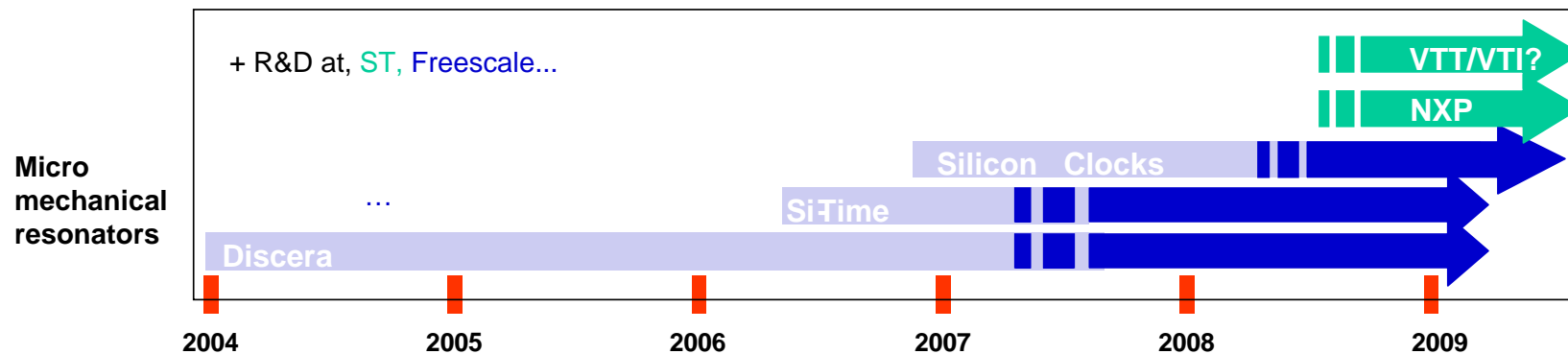


Introduction of RF-MEMs in Space Hardware : A long Road needing a Good Map

RF MEMS supply: EU good for high volume markets (2)

- E.g. Micro-mechanical resonators for consumer electronics and cell phones.
 - Europe well positioned for key market TCXO for cell phones

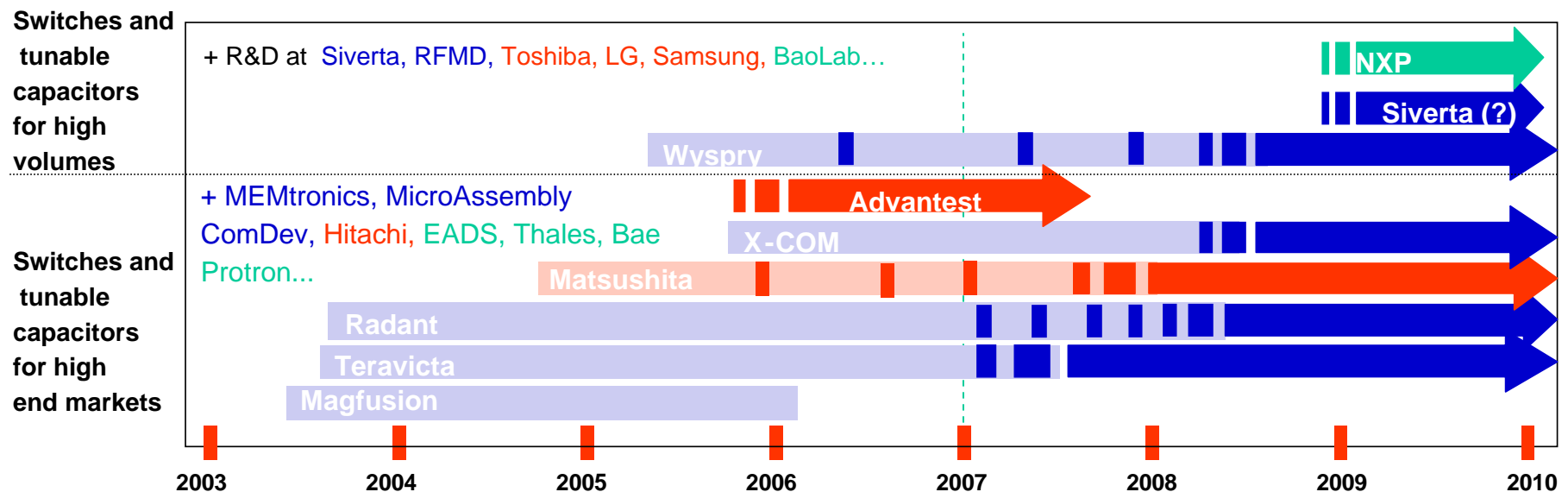
Status of commercialisation of micro mechanical resonators



RF MEMS supply: EU weak for high end applications

- RF MEMS switches and tunable capacitors for demanding applications in aerospace, automotive and defence

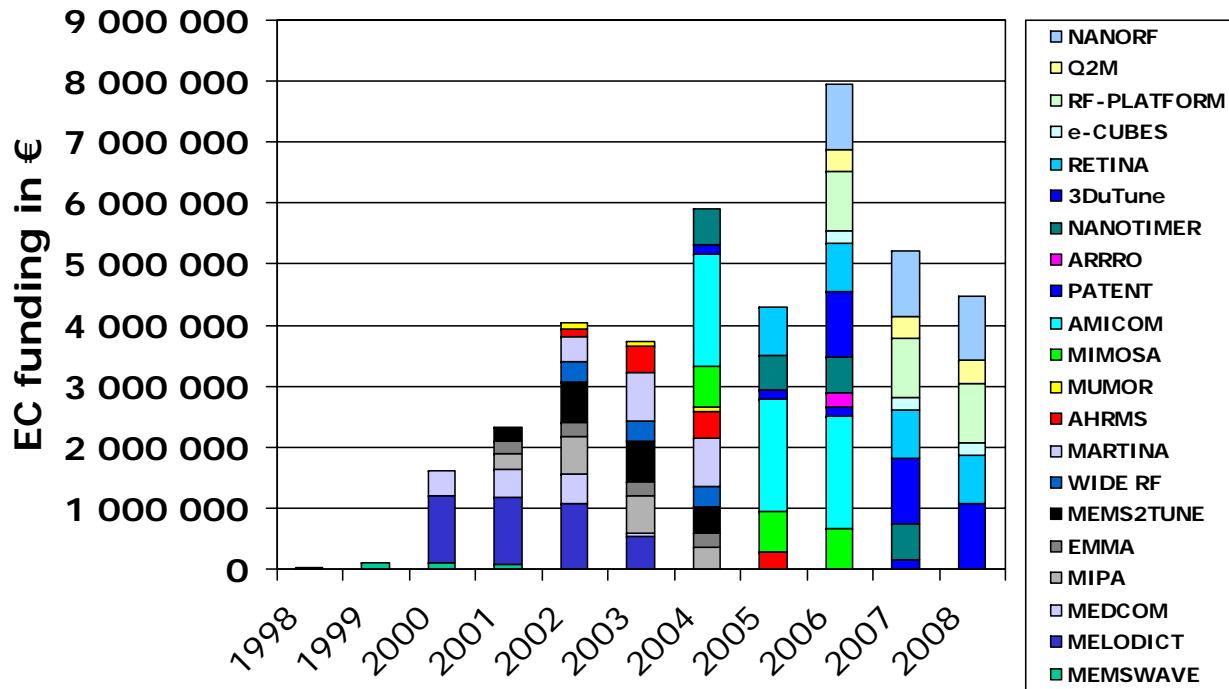
Status of commercialisation of RF MEMS switches and tunable capacitors



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Public funding of RF MEMS in Europe



EC is the major contributor in Europe

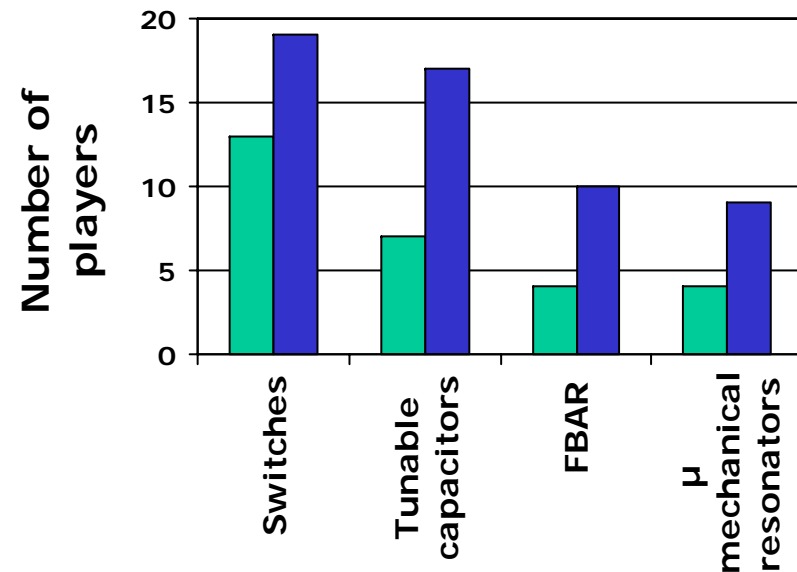
- 22 RF MEMS related projects referenced since 1998
- €30 M in total between 1998 and end 2006

- **ESA: RF MEMS is MEMS subject number 1: €11.5 M since 2000**
- **National projects: limited effort, scattered among number of countries: € 1,5M to 2,5 M p.a. Cumulated estimated €13-14M**

European research: Main conclusions

- Started 5-10 years after the US
- Caught-up when R&D highly focused and concentrated in the hand of a limited number of players
 - E.g. FBAR
 - E.g. μ mechanical resonators
- Lack of critical mass on key issues such as reliability. Effort scattered among too many EC and national project.

European R&D effort by type of components

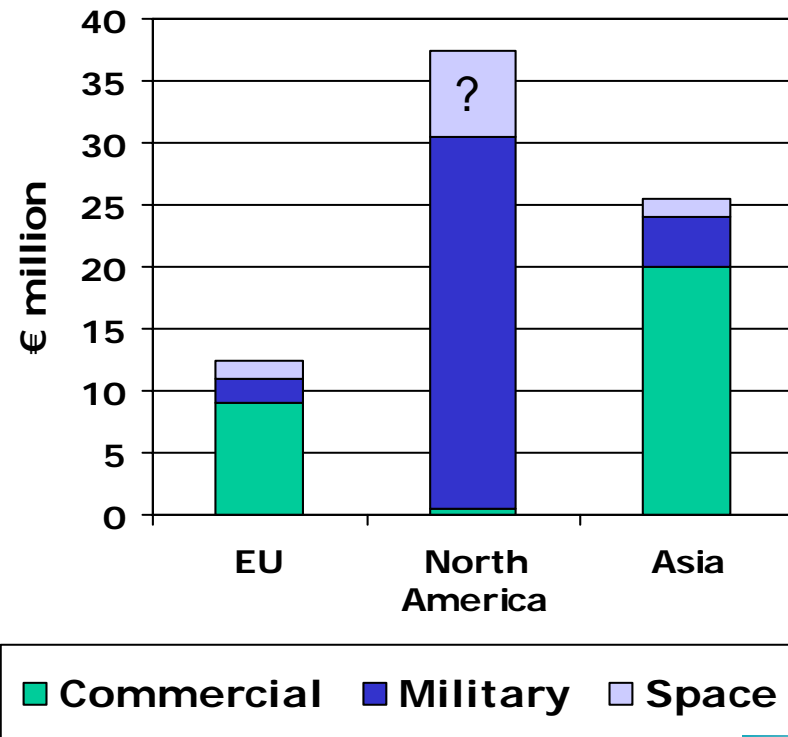


■ EU industrial players (14 surveyed)
■ EU research players (25 surveyed)

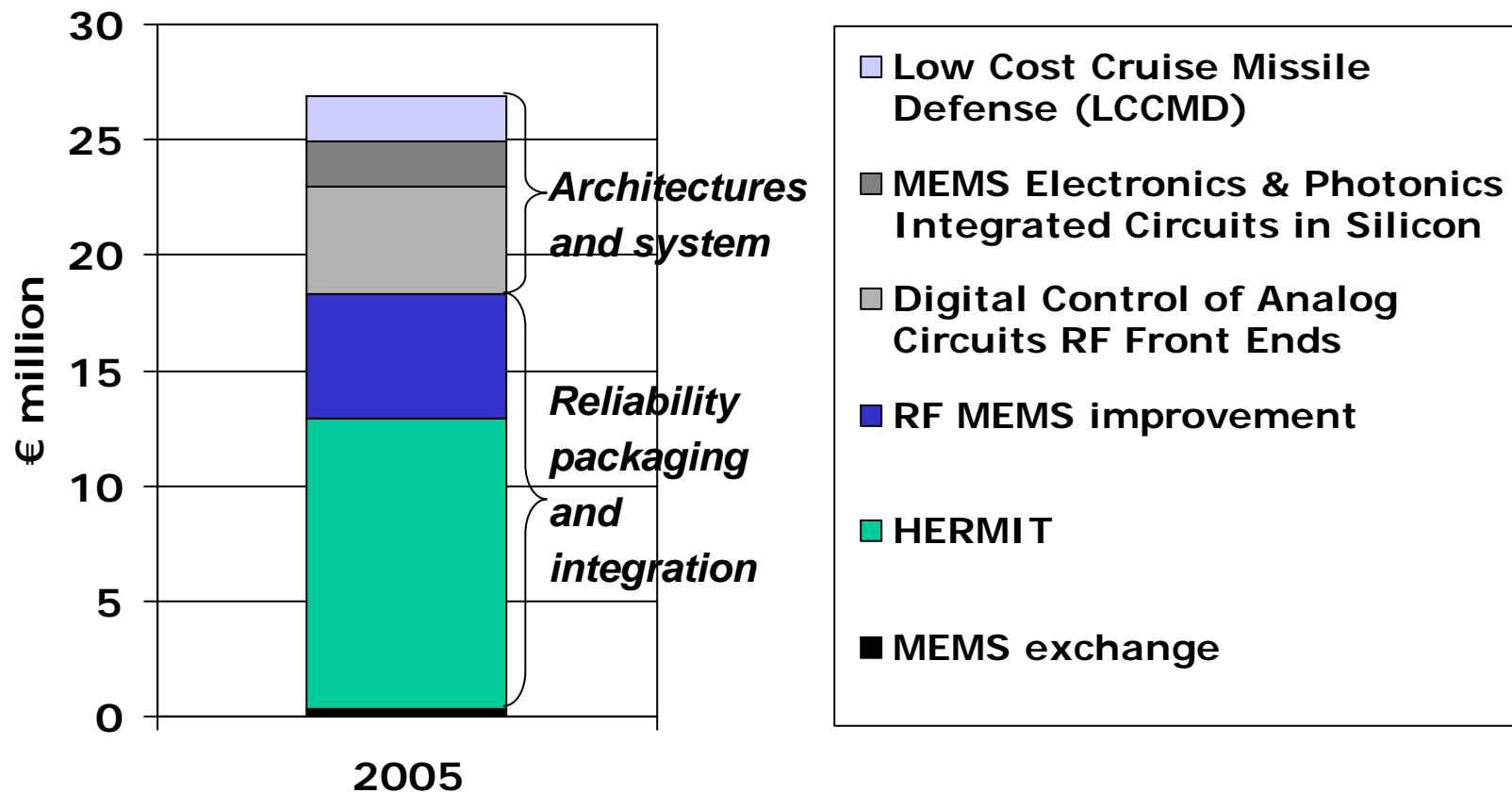
Funding of RF MEMS R&D worldwide

- **Public funding of RF MEMS is much higher in North America**
 - Driven by military applications
 - Private Venture Capital finances R&D for commercial applications
- **Public funding is also more efficient in the US**
 - Fewer project with high critical mass focusing on key issues
 - E.g. “RF MEMS improvement” project: \$ 21 M in 2003- 2005 for reliability, packaging and performance of RF MEMS switches

Public funding for RF MEMS in 2006



RF MEMS funding at DARPA in 2005



Currency exchange used: 1 € = 1.29 US\$ (January 16th 2007)

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😊 Strengths of Europe

- Good for present and future supply of volume RF MEMS in cell phones
- Strong user-based industry
- Very good Research Institutions and teams

☹ Weaknesses of Europe

- Dilution of effort in large (many partners) trans-national projects in Europe vs. fewer project with high critical mass focusing on key issues in the USA
- Many funding bodies (EU, ESA, National Governments) with different priorities and schedules (leading to considerable duplication) in Europe vs. basically one funding body (DARPA), with clear, well defined priorities in the US
- Often not critical mass for key research issues
- No strong VC/start-ups system. Lack of entrepreneurial spirit.
- Incomplete manufacturer base in Europe. Non-existent for high value niche applications

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RF MEMS = Commercial/ military end users

TELECOMMUNICATION SATELLITES

- Standard transparent telecom repeater
- RF routing in commercial payloads
- Reconfiguration Matrix on Regenerative Payloads
- Reconfigurable / Flexible equipments
- Redundancy switch in reflector antennas
- Reconfigurable reflect array

OBSERVATION SATELLITES

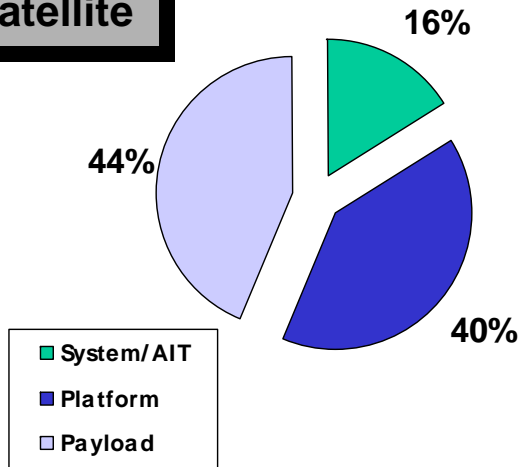
- Phased-Array Antennas
- Reconfigurable front-end for radar applications

It is very important to differentiate the replacement scenarios from new architectures enabled by MEMS:
The Roadmap is not necessarily the same.

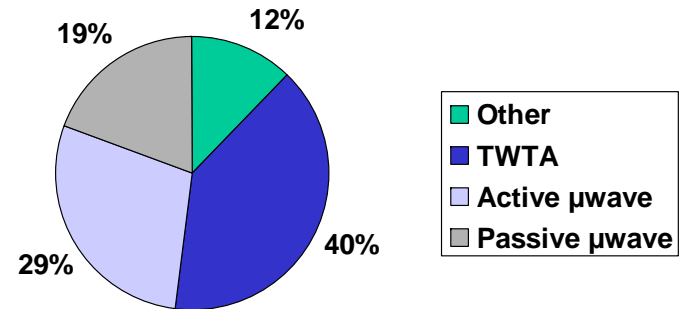
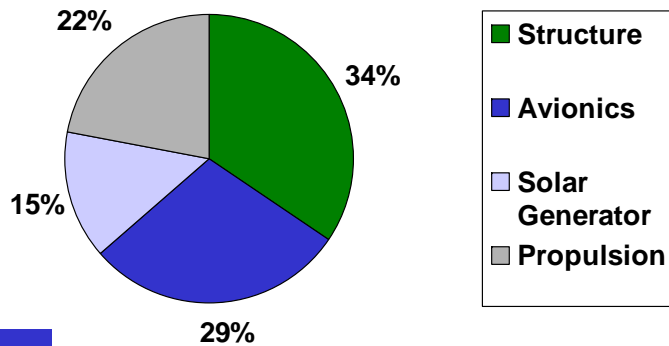
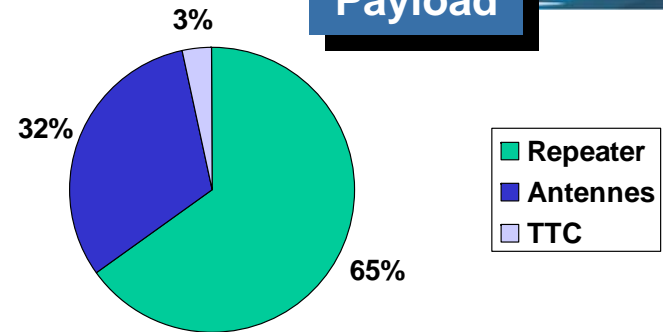
RF MEMs for Replacement

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Satellite



Payload



Platform

Repeater

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RF MEMs for Replacement

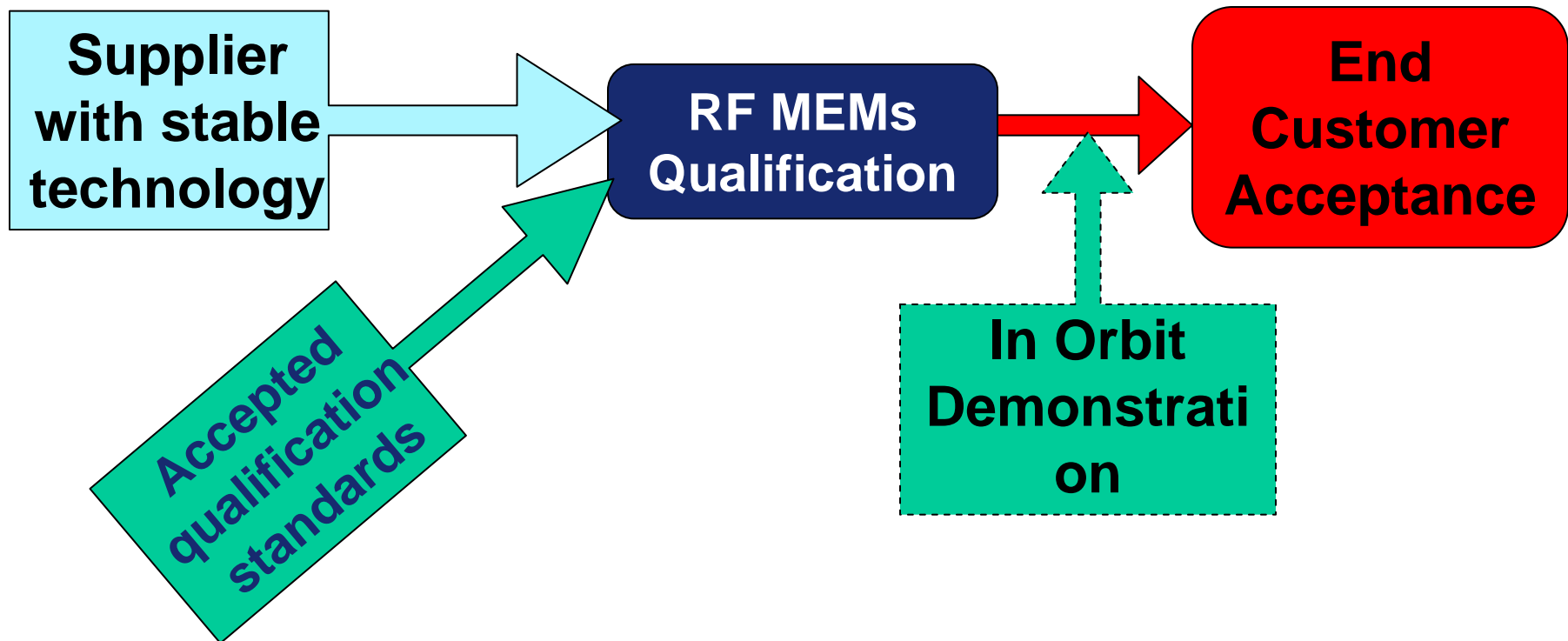
- If a 'miracle' technology brings 10% cost reduction to all active μ wave equipment in the payload → The satellite cost is reduced by 0.8% (800 K€ for a satellite costing 100 M€)
- Typical insurance costs for our customer, the operator, is 15% for launch and first year in orbit + 2-3% for each additional year.
- If the 'miracle' technology is new and without flight heritage, it may result in increased insurance rates that will wipe out any price reduction proposed by the satellite manufacturer.

→ The customer will, most of the times, not take the risk if the technology is not mandatory for the mission
→ RF MEMs will be more easily introduced when enablers of new architectures.

Some well known truths worth recalling

- New technologies with little or no space heritage pose unacceptable risk to costly spacecraft and tend not to be flown. This is still the case for most devices coming from micro/nano-technologies.
- For the use of MEMS components in space equipments it is fundamental to have detailed test and qualification procedures.
- Because of the complexity of MEMS components it is not easy to write them. Studies have to be pursued to enable this work.
- New activities should address quality standards for design, selection, procurement, and qualification of MEMS devices for future use in new generation satellites.
- It is also recommended that requirements relating to product manufacturing, evaluation, qualification, performance, QML approach, and capability approval are developed under the ESCC System

The Road as we see it

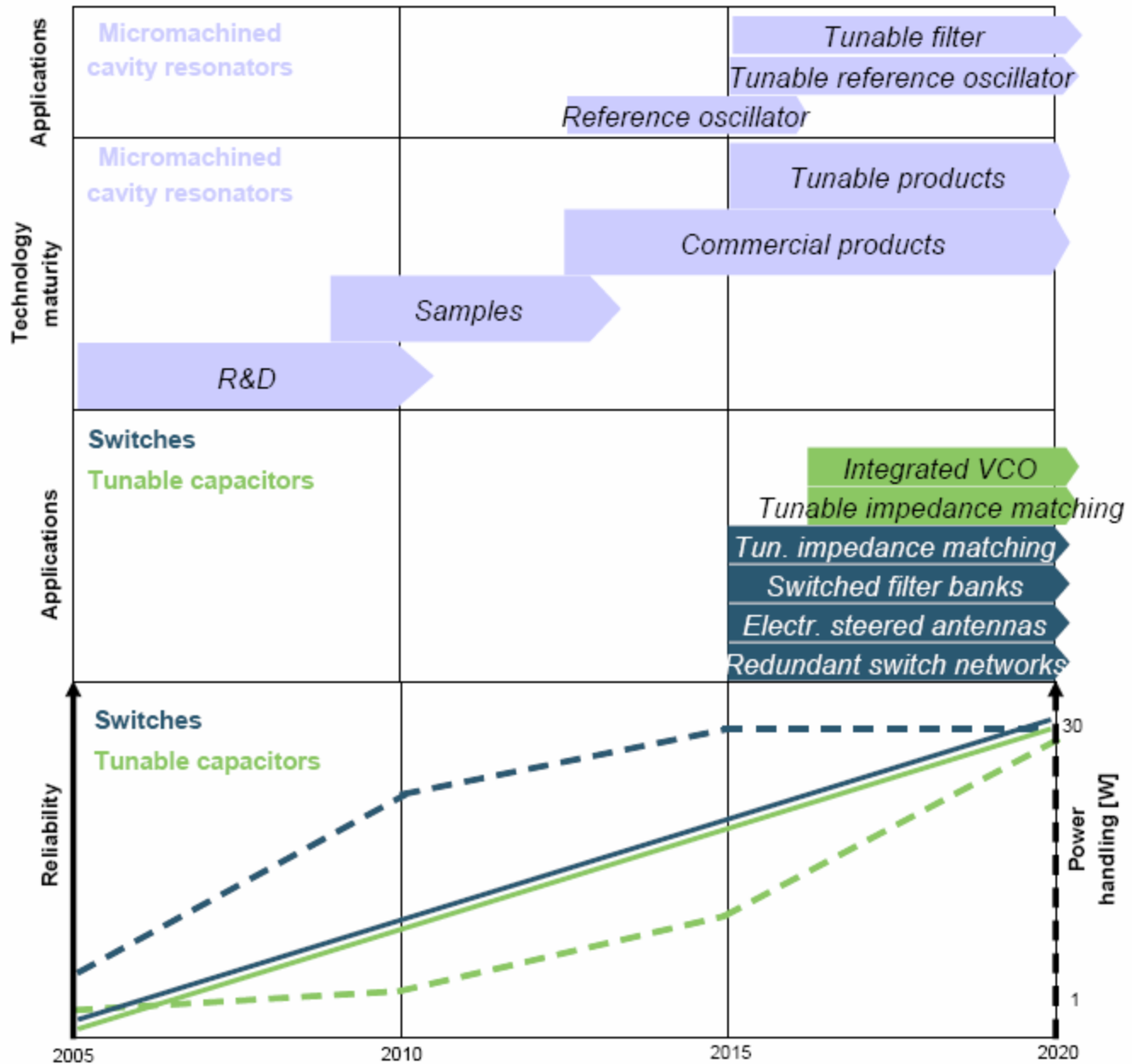


Where is the map?

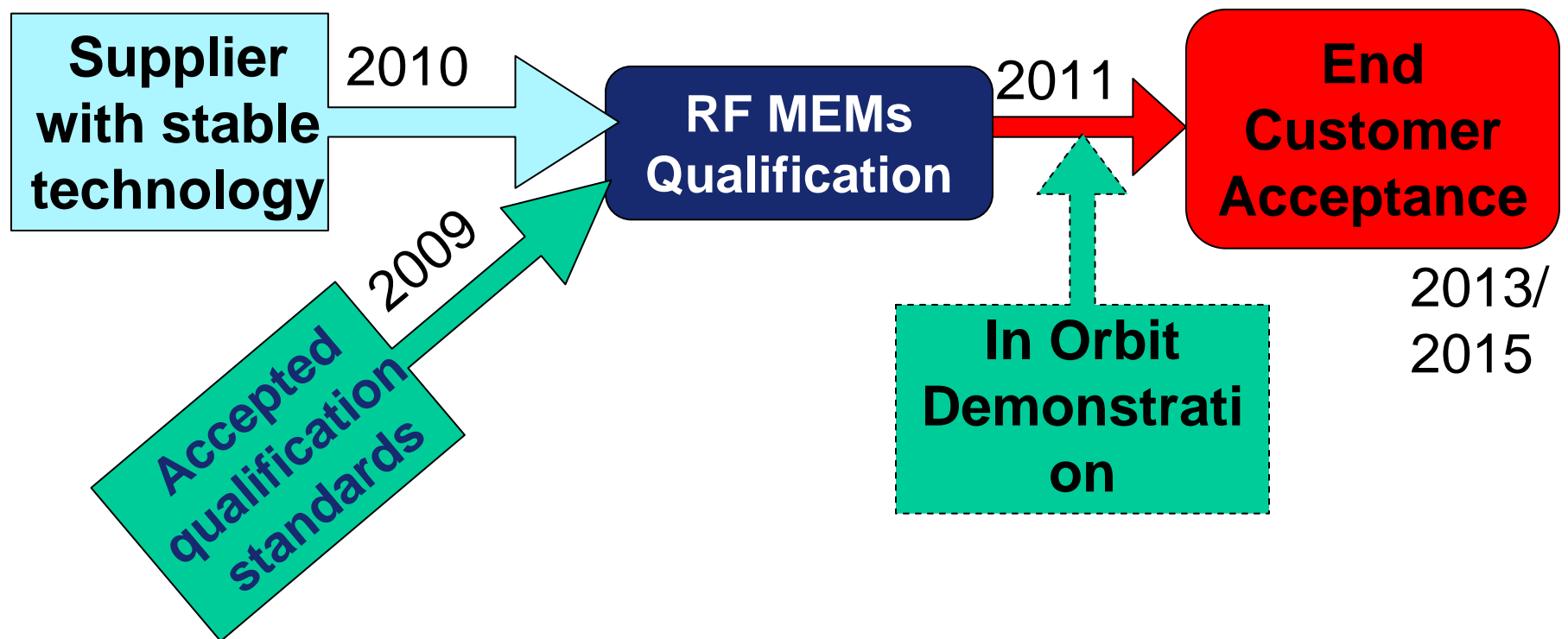
| RF MEMS Roadmap | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|---|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Action Line | Technology & related action items | Dossier Ref. | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 |
| RF 1 | RF MEMS switch for reconfigurable microwave application | § 5.6.3 § 5.6.4 | TRL3 | TRL4 | TRL4 | TRL6 | TRL6 | TRL6 | TRL8 |
| 1 | I | High reliability MEMS redundancy switch | | | | | | | |
| 2 | I | Very large order switch matrices using MEMS technology | | | | | | | |
| 3 | P1 | Transfer / Industrialisation of small signal RF MEMS technology | | | | | | | |
| 4 | P2 | Redundancy, low signal, RF MEMS switch: space qualification | | | | | | | |
| 5 | P2 | Redundancy, low signal, RF MEMS switch: commercial flight | | | | | | | |
| RF 2 | RF MEMS switch for antenna application | § 5.7 | TRL3 | TRL3 | TRL3 | TRL4 | TRL4 | TRL6 | TRL6 |
| 1 | P1 | RF MEMS switch for antennas application: design, validation | | | | | | | |
| 2 | P2 | RF MEMS switch for antennas application: Technology qualification | | | | | | | |

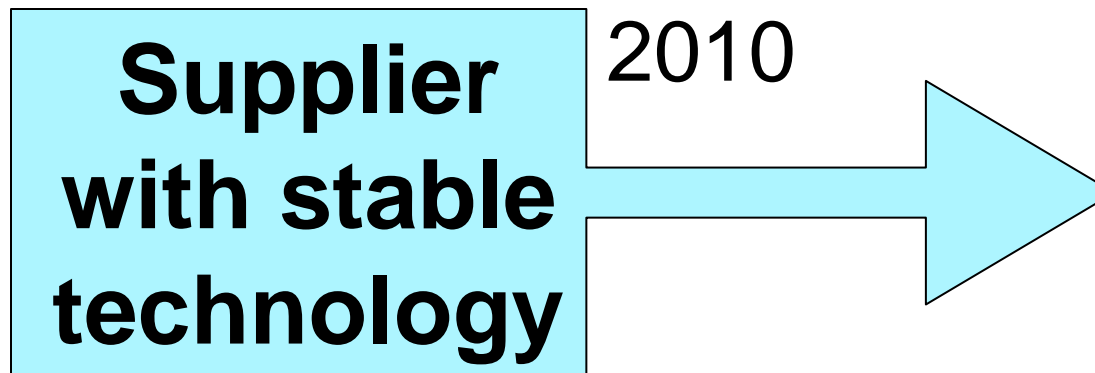
| Transversal activities Roadmap | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|--------------------|------|------|------|------|------|--|--|
| Action Line | Technology & related action items | Dossier Reference | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | | |
| QUAL 1 | Reliability assessment, qualification methodology and standardisation of MEMS | § 12.2 § 12.4 | TRL not applicable | | | | | | | |
| 1 | P2 | MEMS physics of failure in Space applications | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | P1 | Methodology for the reliability assessment of MEMS devices | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | P3 | Standardisation of MEMS | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | P3 | Elaboration of a properties database for the materials used in MNT | | | | | | | | |

ARRO's Map



The Road and the Map





F=Foundry, P=Packaging

| | RF MEMS Switches | Tunable capacitor | BAW | Micro-mechanical resonator | μ-machined cavity resonator | Micro-machined inductor | Tunable inductor |
|--|------------------|-------------------|-----|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| Atmel | X | | | | | | |
| BAE SYSTEMS Advanced Technology Centre | X | | | | | | |
| Baolab Microsystems | X | | | | | | |
| EADS Deutschland GmbH | X | | | X | | | |
| Epcos AG | | | X | | | X | |
| FBK (F) | X | | | | | | |
| Hymite A/S (P) | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| ImegoAB | X | X | | | | X | X |
| Infineon Technologies AG | | | X | | | | |
| Intel Electronics, Ltd. | X | X | X | X | | | |
| MEMSCAP | X | | | | | X | |
| microFAB Bremen GmbH (F) | | | | | | | |
| Microsaic Systems, Ltd | X | | | | | X | |
| Nokia Research Center | | | | | | | |
| NXP (Next eXPerience) Semiconductors | X | X | X | X | X | | |
| Protron Mikrotechnik GmbH | X | | | | | | |
| QinetiQ | X | | | X | | X | |
| Reinhardt Microtech | | | | | X | | |
| Selex Si | X | | | | | | |
| ShellCase, Inc. (P) | | | | | | | |
| Silex Microsystems AB (F) | | | | | | | |
| SoftMEMS (SW) | | | | | | | |
| STMicroelectronics | | | X | X | | | |
| Thales Alenia Space | X | | | | | | |
| TRONIC'S Microsystems SA | X | X | | | | X | X |

Introduction of RF-MEMS in Space Hardware: A long Road needing a Good Map

F=Foundry, P=Packaging

| | Mobile handsets, Consumer electronics | Base stations | Road transport | Satellites | Aeronautics & Defence | Test equipment |
|--|---------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| Atmel | X | | | | | |
| BAE SYSTEMS Advanced Technology Centre | | | X | | X | |
| Baolab Microsystems | X | | | | | X |
| EADS Deutschland GmbH | | | | X | X | |
| Epcos AG | X | X | | | | |
| FBK (F) | | | | X | X | |
| Hymite A/S (P) | | | | | | |
| ImegoAB | | | | | | |
| Infineon Technologies AG | X | | | | | |
| Intel Electronics, Ltd. | X | | | | | |
| MEMSCAP | X | | | | X | |
| microFAB Bremen GmbH (F) | | | | | | |
| Microsaic Systems, Ltd | | | | | | |
| Nokia Research Center | X | | | | | |
| NXP (Next eXPerience) Semiconductors | X | | | | | |
| Protron Mikrotechnik GmbH | | X | | X | X | |
| QinetiQ | | | | X | X | |
| Reinhardt Microtech | | | | | X | |
| Selex Si | | | X | X | X | |
| ShellCase, Inc. (P) | | | | | | |
| Silex Microsystems AB (F) | | | | | | |
| SoftMEMS (SW) | | | | | | |
| STMicroelectronics | X | | | | | |
| Thales Alenia Space | | | | X | X | |
| TRONIC'S Microsystems SA | | X | X | | X | |

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| Transversal activities Roadmap | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|--------------------|------|------|------|------|------|--|
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Where are the actions and budgets?

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1. Secure the commercialisation supply chain for RF MEMS for Space

- Identify as soon as possible a small set of MEMs suppliers and foundries with experience and expertise in RF MEMS and motivated to supply to the Space Industry
- Prescribe the inclusion of one of those within all of funded R&D projects

2. Enhanced focus of R&D for RF MEMS in Europe

- Dedicated major R&D projects for the key challenges: reliability, qualification tests and packaging.
- Reduce the effort being placed on demonstrators.
- Narrowing down the number of applications and components
- R&D resource and funding effort should also be focused on a limited number of industrial and academic partners

Thank you for your attention and....

wtc

Have a nice
and safe trip

